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- (21) Application number : **93304500.7**
- (22) Date of filing : **10.06.93**

- ⑤¹ Int. Cl.⁵: **C07K 15/00**, C12N 15/12,
C12N 5/08, C12P 21/02,
C12P 21/08, G01N 33/48

- (30) Priority : 10.06.92 US 896611
10.06.92 US 896612
10.06.92 US 896437
- (43) Date of publication of application :
15.12.93 Bulletin 93/50
- (84) Designated Contracting States :
AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC
NL PT SE
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- (54) **Amino-hydroxy-methyl-isoxazole-propionate binding human glutamate receptors.**
- (57) Described herein are isolated polynucleotides which code for a family of AMPA-type human CNS receptors. The receptors are characterized structurally and the construction and use of cell lines expressing these receptors are disclosed.

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FUG ID

EP 0 574 257 A2

FIG. 11

FIG. 1K

[illegible]

710. 1A

2760
 CAGTATCTCCGACATCTGATCGATCGTTCTCTCTGATCTTCTATCTATCTGATGATCTGCT
 GGTACTAGAGGCTTCAGCTACGCTGCTTAGCGAGGCTATCTGGTCTAGCTGCTCTTCTATG
 H D P A S N Q S I P C H S S G H P -
 CTCTGGACACGCGGATATCTATGCGATCGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGAC
 2820
 GACGCTGGTGGCTGACATCTAGCTCTGCTACTCTCTGGGAGACATCTCTATACAGGCT
 L G A T G L -
 TTCTTCTGACGATCTCAATAGAGCTCTGATCTGCAAGACAGACAGACAGACAGACAGACAG
 2880
 TTTGGGATGCTGCTGCTTCTGGGATGATGCTGTTTCTTTTCTTTCTTTCTTTCTTTCTTT
 GACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGACGATCTTATGACAGCTCTCTGACGATTTA
 2940
 TATCTGCTTGTGACGAGCTGCTGCTCTCTCTCTGCTACTGATCTGTCAGACAGACTCTTACT
 AATGACCTCTGGCTTCTTCTCTTTCTATGCTCTTCTATGCTCTTCTGCTCTGCTGCTA
 3000
 TTTTGTAAAGACAGGACAGACAGACAGATCTAAGACGCTGGGACAGACAGACAT
 AATGATGATGACAAATATAGACTCTATCTGCTACCTGATGAGGACGATGATGATCTCTCTATGA
 3060
 CTCTGATGATCTTTATCTGATGACGATGATCTTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCTCT

Background of the InventionField of the Invention

5 This invention is concerned with applications of recombinant DNA technology in the field of neurobiology. More particularly, the invention relates to the cloning and expression of DNA coding for excitatory amino acid (EAA) receptors, especially human EAA receptors.

Background of the Invention

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In the mammalian central nervous system (CNS), the transmission of nerve impulses is controlled by the interaction between a neurotransmitter substance released by the "sending" neuron which then binds to a surface receptor on the "receiving" neuron to cause excitation thereof. L-glutamate is the most abundant neurotransmitter in the CNS, and mediates the major excitatory pathway in vertebrates. Glutamate is therefore referred to as an excitatory amino acid (EAA) and the receptors which respond to it are variously referred to as glutamate receptors, or more commonly as EAA receptors.

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Using tissues isolated from mammalian brain, and various synthetic EAA receptor agonists, knowledge of EAA receptor pharmacology has been refined somewhat. Members of the EAA receptor family are now grouped into three main types based on differential binding to such agonists. One type of EAA receptor, which in addition to glutamate also binds the agonist NMDA (N-methyl-D-aspartate), is referred to as the NMDA type of EAA receptor. Two other glutamate-binding types of EAA receptor, which do not bind NMDA, are named according to their preference for binding with two other EAA receptor agonists, namely AMPA (α -amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-isoxazole-4-propionate), and kainate. Particularly, receptors which bind glutamate but not NMDA, and which bind with greater affinity to kainate than to AMPA, are referred to as kainate type EAA receptors. Similarly, those EAA receptors which bind glutamate but not NMDA, and which bind AMPA with greater affinity than kainate are referred to as AMPA type EAA receptors.

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The glutamate-binding EAA receptor family is of great physiological and medical importance. Glutamate is involved in many aspects of long-term potentiation (learning and memory), in the development of synaptic plasticity, in epileptic seizures, in neuronal damage caused by ischemia following stroke or other hypoxic events, as well as in other forms of neurodegenerative processes. However, the development of therapeutics which modulate these processes has been very difficult, due to the lack of any homogeneous source of receptor material with which to discover selectively binding drug molecules, which interact specifically at the interface of the EAA receptor. The brain derived tissues currently used to screen candidate drugs are heterogeneous receptor sources, possessing on their surface many receptor types which interfere with studies of the EAA receptor/ligand interface of interest. The search for human therapeutics is further complicated by the limited availability of brain tissue of human origin. It would therefore be desirable to obtain cells that are genetically engineered to produce only the receptor of interest. With cell lines expressing cloned receptor genes, a substrate which is homogeneous for the desired receptor is provided, for drug screening programs.

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Recently, genes encoding substituent polypeptides of EAA receptors from non-human sources, principally rat, have been discovered. Hollmann et al., *Nature* 342: 643, 1989 described the isolation from rat of a gene referred to originally as GluR-K1 (but now called simply GluR1). This gene encodes a member of the rat EAA receptor family, and was originally suspected as being of the kainate type. Subsequent studies by Keinänen et al., *Science* 249: 556, 1990, showed, again in rat, that a gene called GluR-A, which was identical to the previously isolated GluR1, in fact encodes a receptor not of the kainate type, but rather of the AMPA type. These two groups of researchers have since reported as many as five related genes isolated from rat sources. Boulter et al., *Science* 249: 1033, 1990, revealed that, in addition to GluR1, the rat contains 3 other related genes, which they called GluR2, GluR3, and GluR4, and Bettler et al., *Neuron* 5: 583, 1990 described GluR5. Keinänen et al., *supra*, described genes called GluR-A, GluR-B, GluR-C and GluR-D which correspond precisely to GluR1, GluR2, GluR3 and GluR4 respectively. Sommer et al., *Science* 249: 1580, 1990 also showed, for GluR-A, GluR-B, GluR-C and GluR-D two alternatively spliced forms for each gene. These authors, as well as Monyer et al., *Neuron* 6: 799, 1991 were able to show that the differently spliced versions of these genes are differentially expressed in the rat brain.

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There has emerged from these molecular cloning advances a better understanding of the structural features of EAA receptors and their subunits, as they exist in the rat brain. According to the current model of EAA receptor structure, each is heteromeric in structure, consisting of individual membrane-anchored subunits, each having four transmembrane regions, and extracellular domains that dictate ligand binding properties to some extent and contribute to the ion-gating function served by the receptor complex. Keinänen et al, *supra*, have shown for example that each subunit of the rat GluR receptor, including those designated GluR-A, GluR-

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B, GluR-C and GluR-D, display cation channel activity gated by glutamate, by AMPA and by kainate, in their unitary state. When expressed in combination however, for example GluR-A in combination with GluR-B, gated ion channels with notably larger currents are produced by the host mammalian cells.

In the search for therapeutics useful to treat CNS disorders in humans, it is highly desirable of course to provide a screen for candidate compounds that is more representative of the human situation than is possible with the rat receptors isolated to date. It is particularly desirable to provide cloned genes coding for human receptors, and cell lines expressing those genes, in order to generate a proper screen for human therapeutic compounds. These, accordingly, are objects of the present invention.

Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides isolated polynucleotides that code for a family of AMPA-binding human EAA receptors, herein referred to as "GluR receptors". By providing polynucleotides that code specifically for CNS receptors native to humans, the present invention provides means for evaluating the human nervous system, and particularly for assessing potentially therapeutic interactions between the AMPA-binding human EAA receptors and selected natural and synthetic ligands.

In one of its aspects, the present invention provides an isolated polynucleotide that codes for an EAA receptor belonging to the human GluR family. Alternatively, the polynucleotide may code for an AMPA-binding fragment of a human GluR receptor, or for an AMPA-binding variant of a human GluR receptor. According to specific embodiments of the present invention, the isolated polynucleotide encodes the human GluR1B receptor, the amino acid sequence of which is identified in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 2), the human GluR2B receptor, the amino acid sequence of which is identified in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO: 4), and the human GluR3A receptor, the amino acid sequence of which is identified in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NO: 6). According to another embodiment of the invention, the polynucleotide encodes an AMPA-binding variant of the human GluR receptor. One such variant is identified herein as the human GluR3B receptor, the amino acid sequence of which is identified in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NO: 8). In various specific embodiments of the present invention, the polynucleotide consists of DNA e.g. cDNA, or of RNA e.g. messenger RNA. In other embodiments of the present invention, the polynucleotide may be coupled to a reporter molecule, such as a radioactive label, for use in autoradiographic studies of human GluR receptor tissue distribution. In further embodiments of the present invention, fragments of the polynucleotides of the invention, including radiolabelled versions thereof, may be employed either as probes for detection of glutamate receptor-encoding polynucleotides, as primers appropriate for amplifying such polynucleotides present in a biological specimen, or as templates for expression of a GluR receptor or AMPA-binding fragments or variants thereof.

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a cellular host that produces an AMPA-type human glutamate receptor, and is characterized by the incorporation therein of a polynucleotide of the present invention. In embodiments of the present invention, the polynucleotide is a DNA molecule and is incorporated for expression and secretion in the cellular host, to yield, upon culturing, a functional, membrane-bound human GluR receptor. In other embodiments of the present invention, the polynucleotide is an RNA molecule which is introduced into the cellular host to yield a human GluR receptor as a functional, membrane-bound product of translation.

According to another aspect of the invention, there is provided a process for obtaining a substantially homogeneous source of a human EAA receptor useful for performing ligand binding assays, which comprises the steps of culturing a genetically engineered cellular host of the invention, and then recovering the cultured cells. Optionally, the cultured cells may be treated to obtain membrane preparations thereof, for use in the ligand binding assays.

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method for assaying interaction between a test ligand and a human EAA receptor, comprising the steps of incubating the test ligand under appropriate conditions with a human GluR receptor source, i.e., a cellular host of the invention or a membrane-preparation derived therefrom, and then determining the extent or result of binding between the substance and the receptor source.

These and other aspects of the invention are now described in greater detail with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 provides a DNA sequence coding for the human GluR1B receptor, and the amino acid sequence thereof (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2);

Figure 2 provides a DNA sequence coding for the human GluR2B receptor, and the amino acid sequence

thereof (SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 4);

Figure 3 provides a DNA sequence coding for the human GluR3A receptor, and the amino acid sequence thereof (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6);

5 Figure 4 provides a DNA sequence coding for the human GluR3B receptor, and the amino acid sequence thereof (SEQ ID NOS: 7 and 8);

Figure 5 provides the amino acid sequence of the human GluR3A receptor (SEQ ID NO: 9) and the human GluR3B receptor (SEQ ID NO: 10) in a region of dissimilarity;

10 Figure 6 depicts the strategy employed in cloning the human GluR3A receptor-encoding DNA illustrated in Figure 3;

Figure 7 depicts the strategy employed in cloning the human GluR3B receptor-encoding DNA illustrated in Figure 4;

Figure 8 depicts the strategy employed in generating recombinant DNA expression constructs incorporating the GluR3A receptor-encoding DNA;

15 Figure 9 depicts the strategy employed in generating recombinant DNA expression constructs incorporating the GluR1B receptor-encoding DNA (SEQ ID NOS: 11 and 12 are also shown in this figure);

Figure 10 depicts the strategy employed in cloning the human GluR2B receptor-encoding DNA illustrated in Figure 2;

20 Figure 11 depicts the strategy employed in generating recombinant DNA expression constructs incorporating the GluR2B receptor-encoding DNA;

Figure 12 illustrates the AMPA-binding property of the human GluR1B receptor;

Figure 13 illustrates the AMPA-binding property of the human GluR2B receptor;

Figure 14 illustrates the AMPA-binding property of the human GluR3A receptor;

Figures 15 & 16 illustrate a Scatchard analysis of human GluR1B and GluR2B receptor AMPA binding; and

25 Figure 17 graphically shows AMPA competition binding data for the GluR2B receptor.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

30 The invention relates to human CNS receptors of the AMPA-binding type, and is directed more particularly to novel receptors belonging to a family herein referred to as "GluR receptors", and provides isolated polynucleotides that code for such receptors. The term "isolated" is used herein with reference to intact polynucleotides that are generally less than about 4,000 nucleotides in length and which are otherwise isolated from DNA coding for other human proteins.

35 As used herein, the term "GluR receptors" is intended to embrace the human GluR1B, GluR2B and GluR3A receptors, AMPA-binding variants related thereto, as well as AMPA-binding fragments of the GluR1B, GluR2B and GluR3A receptors. Receptor variants within the scope of the present invention are functional variants of a parent receptor, i.e., one of GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B, which include conservative amino acid substitutions.

40 The term "AMPA-binding", as used herein with respect to receptors, and variants and fragments thereof, refers to a ligand binding profile which reveals glutamate binding and relative greater binding affinity for AMPA than for either glutamate, kainate or NMDA, as determined using assays of conventional design, such as the assays herein described.

45 In the present specification, an AMPA-binding receptor is said to be "functional" if a cellular host producing it exhibits *de novo* channel activity when exposed appropriately to AMPA, as determined by the established electrophysiological assays described for example by Hollmann et al., *supra*, or by any other assay appropriate for detecting conductance across a cell membrane.

Members of the human GluR family of the invention possess structural features characteristic of the EAA receptors in general, including extracellular N- and C-terminal regions, as well as four internal hydrophobic domains which serve to anchor the receptor within the cell surface membrane.

50 More specifically, the GluR1B receptor is a protein characterized structurally as a single polypeptide chain that is produced initially in precursor form bearing an 18 amino acid residue N-terminal signal peptide, and is transported to the cell surface in mature form, lacking the signal peptide and consisting of 888 amino acids arranged in the sequence illustrated, by single letter code, in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2). Unless otherwise stated, the term human GluR receptor, either generally or with reference to a particular member of the receptor family, refers to the mature form of the receptor. Thus, the amino acid residues of these receptors are numbered in Figures 1-4 with reference to the mature protein sequence. With respect to structural domains of the GluR1B receptor, hydropathy analysis reveals four putative transmembrane domains, one spanning residues 521-540 inclusive (TM-1), another spanning residues 567-585 (TM-2), a third spanning residues 596-614 (TM-3) and the fourth spanning residues 788-808 (TM-4). Based on this assignment, it is likely that the human

GluR1B receptor structure, in its natural membrane-bound form, consists of a 520 amino acid N-terminal extracellular domain, followed by a hydrophobic region containing four transmembrane domains and an extracellular, 80 amino acid C-terminal domain.

5 The GluR2B receptor, in precursor form bears a 21 amino acid residue N-terminal signal peptide, and in mature form, consists of 862 amino acids arranged in the sequence illustrated, by single letter code, in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 4). With respect to structural domains of the receptor, hydropathy analysis reveals four putative transmembrane domains, one spanning residues 525-544 inclusive (TM-1), another spanning residues 571-589 (TM-2), a third spanning residues 600-618 (TM-3) and the fourth spanning residues 792-812 (TM-4). Based on this assignment, it is likely that the human GluR2B receptor structure, in its natural membrane-bound form, consists of a 524 amino acid N-terminal extracellular domain, followed by a hydrophobic region containing four transmembrane domains and an extracellular, 50 amino acid C-terminal domain.

10 The GluR3A member of the human GluR family bears a 22 amino acid residue N-terminal signal peptide in precursor form, and is transported to the cell surface in mature form, lacking the signal peptide and consisting of 866 amino acids arranged in the sequence illustrated, by single letter code, in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6). The four putative transmembrane domains of the GluR3A receptor are as follows: one spans residues 527-546 inclusive (TM-1), another spans residues 575-593 (TM-2), a third spans residues 604-622 (TM-3) and the fourth spans residues 796-816 (TM-4). Based on this assignment, it is likely that the human GluR3A receptor structure, in its natural membrane-bound form, consists of a 526 amino acid N-terminal extracellular domain, followed by a hydrophobic region containing four transmembrane domains and an extracellular, 50 amino acid C-terminal domain.

15 Structurally related variants of the GluR parent receptors identified above also exist. Specifically, a structurally related variant of the human GluR3A receptor, namely the GluR3B receptor, has also been identified. This variant occurs naturally in human brain tissue, and like GluR3A, the GluR3B receptor is 866 amino acids in length, as shown in Figure 4 (SEQ ID NOS: 7 and 8), in its mature, membrane-bound form. The GluR3B receptor initially bears a signal peptide identical to that borne on the GluR3A receptor. Four transmembrane domains are also apparent from the GluR3B sequence, and indicate that these domains lie in the same amino acid regions identified in connection with the GluR3A receptor.

20 With respect to primary structure, the human GluR3B receptor differs from the GluR3A receptor in a 36 amino acid region separating transmembrane domains TM-3 and TM-4, i.e. residues 748-783. For comparison, the sequences of GluR3A and GluR3B in this region are compared in Figure 5 (SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 10).

25 Binding assays performed with various ligands, and with membrane preparations derived from mammalian cells engineered genetically to produce the human GluR receptors in membrane-bound form indicate that the human GluR receptors bind selectively to AMPA, relative particularly to kainate and NMDA. This feature, coupled with the medically significant connection between AMPA-type receptors and neurological disorders and disease indicate that the present receptors, as well as AMPA-binding fragments and variants thereof, will serve as valuable tools in the screening and discovery of ligands useful to modulate *in vivo* interactions between such receptors and their natural ligand, glutamate. Thus, a key aspect of the present invention resides in the construction of cells that are engineered genetically to produce a human GluR receptor, to serve as a ready and homogeneous source of receptor for use in *in vitro* ligand binding and/or channel activation assays.

30 For use in the ligand binding assays, it is desirable to construct by application of genetic engineering techniques a host cell, either prokaryotic or eukaryotic, that produces a human GluR receptor as a heterologous and membrane-bound product. According to one embodiment of the invention, the construction of such engineered cells is achieved by introducing into a selected host cell a recombinant DNA construct in which DNA coding for a secretable form of the desired human GluR receptor, i.e., a form bearing its native signal peptide or a functional, heterologous equivalent thereof, is linked operably with expression controlling elements that are functional in the selected host to drive expression of the receptor-encoding DNA, and thus elaborate the desired human GluR receptor protein. Such cells are herein characterized as having the receptor-encoding DNA incorporated "expressibly" therein. The receptor-encoding DNA is referred to as "heterologous" with respect to the particular cellular host if such DNA is not naturally found in the particular host. The particular cell type selected to serve as host for production of the human GluR receptor can be any of several cell types currently available in the art, including both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, but should not of course be a cell type that in its natural state elaborates a surface receptor that can bind excitatory amino acids, and so confuse the assay results sought from the engineered cell line. Generally, such problems are avoided by selecting as host a non-neuronal cell type, and can further be avoided using non-human cell lines, as is conventional. It will be appreciated that neuronal- and human-type cells may nevertheless serve as expression hosts, provided that "background" binding to the test ligand is accounted for in the assay results.

35 According to one embodiment of the present invention, the cell line selected to serve as host for human GluR receptor production is a mammalian cell. Several types of such cell lines are currently available for ge-

netic-engineering work, and these include the chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells for example of K1 lineage (ATCC CCL 61) including the Pro5 variant (ATCC CRL 1281); the fibroblast-like cells derived from SV40-transformed African Green monkey kidney of the CV-1 lineage (ATCC CCL 70), of the COS-1 lineage (ATCC CRL 1650) and of the COS-7 lineage (ATCC CRL 1651); murine L-cells, murine 3T3 cells (ATCC CRL 1658), murine C127 cells, human embryonic kidney cells of the 293 lineage (ATCC CRL 1573), human carcinoma cells including those of the HeLa lineage (ATCC CCL 2), and neuroblastoma cells of the lines IMR-32 (ATCC CCL 127), SK-N-MC (ATCC HTB 10) and SK-N-SH (ATCC HTB 11).

A variety of gene expression systems have been adapted for use with these hosts and are now commercially available, and any one of these systems can be selected to drive expression of human GluR receptor-encoding DNA. These systems, available typically in the form of plasmidic vectors, incorporate expression cassettes the functional components of which include DNA constituting expression controlling sequences, which are host-recognized and enable expression of the receptor-encoding DNA when linked 5' thereof. The systems further incorporate DNA sequences which terminate expression when linked 3' of the receptor-encoding region. Thus, for expression in the selected mammalian cell host, there is generated a recombinant DNA expression construct in which DNA coding for a secretable form of the receptor is linked with expression controlling DNA sequences recognized by the host, and which include a region 5' of the receptor-encoding DNA to drive expression, and a 3' region to terminate expression. The plasmidic vector harboring the recombinant DNA expression construct typically incorporates such other functional components as an origin of replication, usually virally-derived, to permit replication of the plasmid in the expression host and desirably also for plasmid amplification in a bacterial host, such as E.coli. To provide a marker-enabling selection of stably transformed recombinant cells, the vector will also incorporate a gene conferring some survival advantage on the transformants, such as a gene coding for neomycin resistance in which case the transformants are plated in medium supplemented with neomycin.

Included among the various recombinant DNA expression systems that can be used to achieve mammalian cell expression of the receptor-encoding DNA are those that exploit promoters of viruses that infect mammalian cells, such as the promoter from the cytomegalovirus (CMV), the Rous sarcoma virus (RSV), simian virus (SV40), murine mammary tumor virus (MMTV) and others. Also useful to drive expression are promoters such as the LTR of retroviruses, insect cell promoters such as those regulated by temperature, and isolated from Drosophila, as well as mammalian gene promoters such as those regulated by heavy metals i.e. the metallothionein gene promoter, and other steroid-inducible promoters.

For incorporation into the recombinant DNA expression vector, DNA coding for a selected human GluR receptor, e.g. one of the human GluR1B, GluR2B or GluR3A receptors, or an AMPA-binding fragment or variant thereof, e.g. GluR3B, can be obtained by applying selected techniques of gene isolation or gene synthesis. As described in more detail in the examples herein, human GluR receptors are encoded within the genome of human brain tissue, and can therefore be obtained from human DNA libraries by careful application of conventional gene isolation and cloning techniques. This typically will entail extraction of total messenger RNA from a fresh source of human brain tissue, preferably cerebellum or hippocampus tissue, followed by conversion of message to cDNA and formation of a library in for example a bacterial plasmid, more typically a bacteriophage. Such bacteriophage harboring fragments of the human DNA are typically grown by plating on a lawn of susceptible E. coli bacteria, such that individual phage plaques or colonies can be isolated. The DNA carried by the phage colony is then typically immobilized on a nitrocellulose or nylon-based hybridization membrane, and then hybridized, under carefully controlled conditions, to a radioactively (or otherwise) labelled oligonucleotide probe of appropriate sequence to identify the particular phage colony carrying receptor-encoding DNA or fragment thereof. It will be understood, for example, that selective hybridization, i.e. hybridization of a DNA sequence that is completely complementary to the probe, will be conducted under stringent hybridization conditions. Typically, the gene or a portion thereof so identified is subcloned into a plasmidic vector for nucleic acid sequence analysis.

In specific embodiments of the invention, the GluR1B receptor is encoded by the DNA sequence illustrated in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NO: 1), the GluR2B receptor is encoded by the DNA sequence illustrated in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NO: 3) and the GluR3A and GluR3B receptors are encoded by the DNA sequences illustrated respectively in Figures 3 (SEQ ID NO: 5) and 4 (SEQ ID NO: 7). Alternatively, codons within the illustrated DNA sequences coding for the GluR receptors may be replaced by synonymous codon equivalents, such synonymous codon replacements being well-known in the art.

The illustrated DNA sequences constitute cDNA sequences identified in human brain cDNA libraries in the manner exemplified herein. Having herein provided the nucleotide sequence of various members of the human GluR receptor family, however, it will be appreciated that polynucleotides encoding the receptors can be obtained by other routes. Automated techniques of gene synthesis and/or amplification can be performed to generate DNA coding therefor. Because of the length of the human GluR receptor-encoding DNA, application of

automated synthesis may require staged gene construction, in which regions of the gene up to about 300 nucleotides in length are synthesized individually and then ligated in correct succession by overhang complementarity for final assembly. Individually synthesized gene regions can be amplified prior to assembly, using established polymerase chain reaction (PCR) technology.

By the application of automated gene synthesis techniques, there is provided a means to generate polynucleotides that encode variants of naturally occurring human GluR receptors, i.e. GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B. It will be appreciated, for example, that polynucleotides coding for the human GluR receptors herein described can be generated by substituting synonymous codons for those represented in the naturally occurring polynucleotide sequences herein identified. In addition, polynucleotides coding for human GluR receptor variants can be generated which for example incorporate one or more e.g. 1-10, single amino acid substitutions, deletions or additions. Since it will for the most part be desirable to retain the natural ligand binding profile of the receptor for screening purposes, it is desirable to limit amino acid substitutions, for example to the so-called conservative replacements in which amino acids of like charge are substituted, and to limit substitutions to those sites less critical for receptor activity e.g. within about the first 20 N-terminal residues of the mature receptor, and such other regions as are elucidated upon receptor domain mapping.

With appropriate template DNA in hand, the technique of PCR amplification may also be used to directly generate all or part of the final gene. In this case, primers are synthesized which will prime the PCR amplification of the final product, either in one piece, or in several pieces that may be ligated together. This may be via step-wise ligation of blunt ended, amplified DNA fragments, or preferentially via step-wise ligation of fragments containing naturally occurring restriction endonuclease sites. In this application, it is possible to use either cDNA or genomic DNA as the template for the PCR amplification. In the former case, the cDNA template can be obtained from commercially available or self-constructed cDNA libraries of various human brain tissues, including hippocampus and cerebellum.

Once obtained, the receptor-encoding DNA is incorporated for expression into any suitable expression vector, and host cells are transfected therewith using conventional procedures, such as DNA-mediated transformation, electroporation, or particle gun transformation. Expression vectors may be selected to provide transformed cell lines that express the receptor-encoding DNA either transiently or in a stable manner. For transient expression, host cells are typically transformed with an expression vector harboring an origin of replication functional in a mammalian cell. For stable expression, such replication origins are unnecessary, but the vectors will typically harbour a gene coding for a product that confers on the transformants a survival advantage, to enable their selection. Genes coding for such selectable markers include the *E. coli* *gpt* gene which confers resistance to mycophenolic acid, the *neo* gene from transposon Tn5 which confers resistance to the antibiotic G418 and to neomycin, the *dhfr* sequence from murine cells or *E. coli* which changes the phenotype of DHFR-cells into DHFR+ cells, and the *tk* gene of herpes simplex virus, which makes TK- cells phenotypically TK+ cells. Both transient expression and stable expression can provide transformed cell lines, and membrane preparations derived therefrom, for use in ligand screening assays.

For use in screening assays, cells transiently expressing the receptor-encoding DNA can be stored frozen for later use, but because the rapid rate of plasmid replication will lead ultimately to cell death, usually in a few days, the transformed cells should be used as soon as possible. Such assays may be performed either with intact cells, or with membrane preparations derived from such cells. The membrane preparations typically provide a more convenient substrate for the ligand binding experiments, and are therefore preferred as binding substrates. To prepare membrane preparations for screening purposes, i.e., ligand binding experiments, frozen intact cells are homogenized while in cold water suspension and a membrane pellet is collected after centrifugation. The pellet is then washed in cold water, and dialyzed to remove endogenous EAA ligands such as glutamate, that would otherwise compete for binding in the assays. The dialyzed membranes may then be used as such, or after storage in lyophilized form, in the ligand binding assays. Alternatively, intact, fresh cells harvested about two days after transient transfection or after about the same period following fresh plating of stably transfected cells, can be used for ligand binding assays by the same methods as used for membrane preparations. When cells are used, the cells must be harvested by more gentle centrifugation so as not to damage them, and all washing must be done in a buffered medium, for example in phosphate-buffered saline, to avoid osmotic shock and rupture of the cells.

The binding of a substance, i.e., a candidate ligand, to a human GluR receptor of the invention is evaluated typically using a predetermined amount of cell-derived membrane (measured for example by protein determination), generally from about 25µg to 100µg. Generally, competitive binding assays will be useful to evaluate the affinity of a test compound relative to AMPA. This competitive binding assay can be performed by incubating the membrane preparation with radiolabelled AMPA, for example [³H]-AMPA, in the presence of unlabelled test compound added at varying concentrations. Following incubation, either displaced or bound radiolabelled AMPA can be recovered and measured, to determine the relative binding affinities of the test compound

and AMPA for the particular receptor used as substrate. In this way, the affinities of various compounds for the AMPA-binding human EAA receptors can be measured. Alternatively, a radiolabelled analogue of glutamate may be employed in place of radiolabelled AMPA, as competing ligand.

As an alternative to using cells that express receptor-encoding DNA, ligand characterization may also be performed using cells for example *Xenopus* oocytes, that yield functional membrane-bound receptor following introduction by injection either of receptor-encoding messenger RNA into the oocyte cytoplasm, or of receptor-encoding DNA into the oocyte nucleus. To generate the messenger RNA of cytoplasmic delivery, the receptor-encoding DNA is typically subcloned first into a plasmidic vector adjacent a suitable promoter region, such as the T3 or T7 bacteriophage promoters, to enable transcription into RNA message. RNA is then transcribed from the inserted gene *in vitro*, collected and then injected into *Xenopus* oocytes. Following the injection of nL volumes of an RNA solution, the oocytes are left to incubate for up to several days, and are then tested for the ability to respond to a particular ligand molecule supplied in a bathing solution. Since functional EAA receptors act in part by operating a membrane channel through which ions may selectively pass, the functioning of the receptor in response to a particular ligand molecule in the bathing solution may typically be measured as an electrical current utilizing microelectrodes inserted into the cell, in the established manner.

In addition to using the receptor-encoding DNA to construct cell lines useful for ligand screening, expression of the DNA can, according to another aspect of the invention, be performed to produce AMPA-binding fragments of the receptor in soluble form, for structure investigation, to raise antibodies and for other experimental uses. It is expected that the portion of the human GluR receptor responsible for AMPA-binding resides on the outside of the cell, i.e., is extracellular. It is therefore desirable in the first instance to facilitate the characterization of the receptor-ligand interaction by providing this extracellular ligand-binding domain in quantity and in isolated form, i.e., free from the remainder of the receptor. To accomplish this, the full-length human GluR receptor-encoding DNA may be modified by site-directed mutagenesis, so as to introduce a translational stop codon into the extracellular N-terminal region, immediately before the sequence encoding the first transmembrane domain (TM1), i.e., before residue 521 of GluR1B, before residue 525 in GluR2B, or before residue 527 of GluR3A and GluR3B. Since there will no longer be produced any transmembrane domain(s) to "anchor" the receptor into the membrane, expression of the modified gene will result in the secretion, in soluble form, of only the extracellular ligand-binding domain. Standard ligand-binding assays may then be performed to ascertain the degree of binding of a candidate compound to the extracellular domain so produced. It may of course be necessary, using site-directed mutagenesis, to produce several different versions of the extracellular regions, in order to optimize the degree of ligand binding to the isolated domains.

For use in ligand binding assays according to the present invention, AMPA-binding fragments of the receptor will first be anchored to a solid support using any one of various techniques. In one method, the C-terminal end of the receptor peptide fragment may be coupled to a derivatized, insoluble polymeric support; for example, cross-linked polystyrene or polyamide resin. Once anchored to the solid support, the fragment is useful to screen candidate ligands for receptor binding affinity. For this purpose, competition-type ligand-binding assays, as described above using full-length receptor, are commonly used. Fragments secured to a solid support are bound with a natural ligand, i.e. AMPA, in the presence of a candidate ligand. One of AMPA or candidate ligand is labelled, for example radioactively, and following a suitable incubation period, the degree of AMPA displacement is determined by measuring the amount of bound or unbound label.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to produce an extracellular domain of the receptor which is not derived from the amino-terminus of the mature protein, but rather from the carboxy-terminus instead, for example domains immediately following the fourth transmembrane domain (TM4), i.e., residing between amino acid residues 809-888 of GluR1B, residues 813-862 of GluR2B, or residues 817-866 of GluR3A or GluR3B. In this case, site-directed mutagenesis and/or PCR-based amplification techniques may readily be used to provide a defined fragment of the gene encoding the receptor domain of interest. Such a DNA sequence may be used to direct the expression of the desired receptor fragment, either intracellularly, or in secreted fashion, provided that the DNA encoding the gene fragment is inserted adjacent to a translation start codon provided by the expression vector, and that the required translation reading frame is carefully conserved.

It will be appreciated that the production of such AMPA-binding fragments of a GluR receptor may be accomplished in a variety of host cells. Mammalian cells such as CHO cells may be used for this purpose, the expression typically being driven by an expression promoter capable of high-level expression, for example the CMV (cytomegalovirus) promoter. Alternately, non-mammalian cells, such as insect Sf9 (*Spodoptera frugiperda*) cells may be used, with the expression typically being driven by expression promoters of the baculovirus, for example the strong, late polyhedrin protein promoter. Filamentous fungal expression systems may also be used to secrete large quantities of such extracellular domains of the EAA receptor. *Aspergillus nidulans*, for example, with the expression being driven by the *alcA* promoter, would constitute such an acceptable system. In addition to such expression hosts, it will be further appreciated that any prokaryotic or other eukaryotic ex-

pression system capable of expressing heterologous genes or gene fragments, whether intracellularly or extracellularly would be similarly acceptable.

For use particularly in detecting the presence and/or location of a human GluR receptor, for example in brain tissue, the present invention also provides, in another of its aspects, labelled antibody to a human GluR receptor. To raise such antibodies, there may be used as immunogen either the intact, soluble receptor or an immunogenic fragment thereof i.e. a fragment capable of eliciting an immune response, produced in a microbial or mammalian cell host as described above or by standard peptide synthesis techniques. Regions of human GluR receptor particularly suitable for use as immunogenic fragments include those corresponding in sequence to an extracellular region of the receptor, or a portion of the extracellular region. For example, peptides consisting of residues 1-526 of the GluR3A receptor or a fragment thereof comprising at least about 10 residues, including particularly fragments containing residues 178-193 or 479-522; and peptides corresponding to the region between transmembrane domains TM-2 and TM-3 of the GluR3A receptor, such as a peptide consisting of residues 594-603. Peptides consisting of the C-terminal domain (residues 817-866 of the GluR3A receptor), or fragment thereof, may also be used for the raising of antibodies.

The raising of antibodies to the selected human GluR receptor or immunogenic fragment can be achieved, for polyclonal antibody production, using immunization protocols of conventional design, and any of a variety of mammalian hosts, such as sheep, goats and rabbits. Alternatively, for monoclonal antibody production, immunocytes such as splenocytes can be recovered from the immunized animal and fused, using hybridoma technology, to a myeloma cells. The fusion products are then screened by culturing in a selection medium, and cells producing antibody are recovered for continuous growth, and antibody recovery. Recovered antibody can then be coupled covalently to a detectable label, such as a radiolabel, enzyme label, luminescent label or the like, using linker technology established for this purpose.

In detectably labelled form, e.g. radiolabelled form, DNA or RNA coding for a human GluR receptor, and selected regions thereof, may also be used, in accordance with another aspect of the present invention, as hybridization probes for example to identify sequence-related genes resident in the human or other mammalian genomes (or cDNA libraries) or to locate the human GluR-encoding DNA in a specimen, such as brain tissue. This can be done using either the intact coding region, or a fragment thereof having radiolabelled e.g. ^{32}P , nucleotides incorporated therein. To identify the human GluR-encoding DNA in a specimen, it is desirable to use either the full length cDNA coding therefor, or a fragment which is unique thereto. With reference to Figures 1-4 (SEQ ID NOS: 1-8), such nucleotide fragments include those comprising at least about 17 nucleic acids, and otherwise corresponding in sequence to a region coding for an extracellular N-terminal or C-terminal region of the receptor, or representing a 5'-untranslated or 3'-untranslated region thereof. Such oligonucleotide sequences, and the intact gene itself, may also be used of course to clone human GluR-related human genes, particularly cDNA equivalents thereof, by standard hybridization techniques.

Embodiments of the present invention are described in detail in the following specific examples which are not to be construed as limiting:

Example 1 - Isolation of DNA coding for the human GluR3A receptor

The particular strategy used to clone the human GluR3A receptor is depicted schematically in Figure 6, and described in greater detail below.

cDNA coding for the human GluR3A receptor was identified by probing human hippocampal cDNA that was obtained as an EcoRI-based lambda phage library (lambda ZAP) from Stratagene Cloning Systems (La Jolla, California, U.S.A.). The cDNA library was probed initially with a 1.1kb EcoRI/EcoRI DNA fragment constituting the 3' region of a kainate-binding human EAA receptor, designated humEAA1a. This particular kainate-binding receptor is described in EP-A-0 529 994 incorporated herein by reference. DNA coding for the human EAA1a receptor, and from which the 1.1kb probe may be recovered, was deposited under terms of the Budapest Treaty, with the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland U.S.A. on August 21, 1991 under accession number ATCC 75063.

Hybridizations using the probe were carried out at 30C overnight, and filters were washed with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 25C for 5 minutes, followed by a 15 minute wash at 50C with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS. The final wash was with 1xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 50C for 15 minutes. Filters were exposed to X-ray film (Kodak) overnight. Of 10^6 clones screened under the following hybridization conditions (6xSSC, 50% formamide, 5% Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS, 100ug/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA), only two hippocampal cDNA library inserts were identified, one about 1.6kb and designated RKCH521 and another about 2.2kb and designated RKCH221 (Fig.6). For sequencing, the '521 and the '221 phages were plaque purified, then excised as phagemids according to the supplier's specifications, to generate insert-carrying Bluescript-SK variants of the phagemid vector. Sequencing of the '221 clone across its entire sequence revealed a putative ATG

initiation codon together with about 78 bases of 5' non-coding region and about 2.1 kb of coding region. Sequencing across the '521 insert revealed a significant region of overlap with the '221 insert, and provided some additional 3' sequence, although no termination codon was located.

There being no termination codon apparent in the '521 sequence, a 3' region of the gene was sought. For this purpose, there was first synthesized an oligonucleotide probe capable of annealing to the 3' region of the rat GluR3 receptor sequence reported by Keinänen et al, supra. The specific sequence of the 32-P-labelled probe is provided below (SEQ ID NO: 13):

5' - ACACTCAGAATTACGCTACATACAGAGAAGGCTACAACGT - 3'

The same hippocampal cDNA library was then re-screened using the rat-based probe and under the following hybridization conditions; 6xSSC, 25% formamide, 5% Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS, 100ug/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA, 42C. This revealed a 1.2kb insert, designated RKCSHG132. Sequencing of the entire insert revealed 5' overlap with the 3' end of the previously isolated '521 insert, and also revealed a termination codon as well as about 15 bases of 3' non-translated sequence.

To provide the entire coding region in an intact clone, the strategy shown in Figure 6 was employed, to generate the phagemid pBS/HumGluR3A which carries the hGluR3A-encoding DNA as a 2.8kb EcoRI/EcoRI insert in a 3.0kb Bluescript-SK phagemid background. The entire sequence of the EcoRI/EcoRI insert is provided in Figure 3 (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6).

The 5.8kb phagemid pBS/humGluR3A was deposited, under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, with the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland USA on March 19, 1992, and has been assigned accession number ATCC 75218.

Example 2 - Isolation of DNA coding for human GluR3B receptor

A human fetal brain cDNA library was also screened in the search for human GluR receptors. This particular library was obtained as an EcoRI-based lambda gt10 library from Strategene Cloning Systems (La Jolla, California, U.S.A.). The library was first screened using as hybridization probe an oligonucleotide capable of hybridizing to a 3' region of the reported rat GluR3 gene sequence. Screening using hybridization conditions as noted above (6xSSC, 25% formamide, 42C, etc.) revealed one insert about 2.3kb in size, designated RKCSFG34. After excision to release Bluescript-SK phagemids carrying the insert, sequencing revealed substantial sequence identity between the '34 insert and the 3' end of the earlier isolated GluR3A clone, and suggested that the 5' end of the gene encoded on partially on the '34 insert was missing. To provide an assembled gene, a 5' region was excised from the GluR3A insert and used to generate the 5' end of the '34 insert, at an internal HindIII site. This was achieved as depicted schematically in Figure 7. The resulting intact clone was designated human GluR3B.

Sequence comparison between the GluR3A clone of Example 1 and the GluR3B clone of this Example revealed only a short region of dissimilarity which is illustrated, in terms of amino acid sequence, in Figure 5 (SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 10).

The 6.1kb phagemid pBS/humGluR3B was deposited, under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, with the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland USA on March 19, 1992, and has been assigned accession number ATCC 75219.

Example 3 - Isolation of DNA coding for the human GluR1B receptor

cDNA coding for the human GluR1B receptor was identified by probing human fetal brain cDNA that was obtained as an EcoRI-based lambda phage library (lambda ZAP) from Strategene Cloning Systems (La Jolla, California, U.S.A.). The cDNA library was screened using an oligonucleotide probe capable of annealing to the 5' region of the rat GluR1 receptor sequence reported by Hollmann et al, supra. The specific sequence of the 32-P-labelled probe is provided below (SEQ ID NO: 14):

5' - CCAGATCGATATTGTGAACATCAGCGACACGTTTGAGATG - 3'

The fetal brain cDNA library was screened under the following hybridization conditions; 6xSSC, 25% formamide, 5% Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS, 100ug/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA, 42C. Filters were washed with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 25C for 5 minutes, followed by a 15 minute wash at 50C with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS. The final wash was with 1xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 50C for 15 minutes. Filters were exposed to X-ray film (Kodak) overnight. Of 10⁶ clones screened, only one cDNA insert, of about 3.2kb, was

identified, and designated RKCSFG91. For sequencing, the '91 phage was plaque purified, then excised as a phagemid according to the supplier's specifications, to generate an insert-carrying Bluescript-SK variant of the phagemid vector. Sequencing of the '91 clone across its entire sequence revealed a putative ATG initiation codon together with about 61 bases of 5' non-coding region and 2,718 bases of coding region. Also revealed was a termination codon, as well as about 438 bases of 3' non-translated sequence. The entire sequence of the EcoRI/EcoRI insert is provided in Figure 1 (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2).

A 6.2kb phagemid designated pBS/humGluR1B, carrying the receptor-encoding DNA as a 3.2kb EcoRI/EcoRI insert in a 3.0kb Bluescript-SK phagemid background, was deposited, under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, with the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland USA on May 28, 1992, and has been assigned accession number ATCC 75246.

Example 4 - Isolation of DNA coding for the human GluR2B receptor

The particular strategy used to clone the human Glu2B receptor is depicted schematically in Figure 10, and described in greater detail below.

cDNA coding for the human GluR2B receptor was identified by probing human hippocampal cDNA that was obtained as an EcoRI-based lambda phage library (lambda ZAP) from Stratagene Cloning Systems (La Jolla, California, U.S.A.). The cDNA library was screened using an oligonucleotide probe capable of annealing to the 3' region of the rat GluR2 receptor sequence reported by Keinänen et al, supra. The specific sequence of the 32-P-labelled probe is provided below (SEQ ID NO: 15):

5' - GTGAATGTGGAGCCAAGGACTCGGGAAGTAAG - 3'

The hippocampal cDNA library was screened under the following hybridization conditions; 6xSSC, 25% formamide, 5% Denhardt's solution, 0.5% SDS, 100ug/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA, 42C. Filters were washed with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 25C for 5 minutes, followed by a 15 minute wash at 50C with 2xSSC containing 0.5% SDS. The final wash was with 1xSSC containing 0.5% SDS at 50C for 15 minutes. Filters were exposed to X-ray film (Kodak) overnight. Of 10⁶ clones screened, only two cDNA inserts were identified, one about 2.7kb and designated RKCSHG84 and another about 2.9kb and designated RKCSHG41 (Fig.10). For sequencing, the '84 and the '41 phages were plaque purified, then excised as phagemids according to the supplier's specifications, to generate insert-carrying Bluescript-SK variants of the phagemid vector. Sequencing of the '84 clone across its entire sequence revealed a putative ATG initiation codon together with about 314 bases of 5' non-coding region and about 2.4 kb of coding region. Sequencing across the '41 insert revealed a significant region of overlap with the '84 insert, and also revealed a termination codon not found in the '84 insert as well as about 441 bases of 3' non-translated sequence.

To provide the entire coding region in an intact clone, the strategy shown in Figure 10 was employed, to generate the phagemid pBS/HumGluR2B which carries the hGluR2B-encoding DNA as a 3.4kb EcoRI/PstI insert in a 3.0kb Bluescript-SK phagemid background. The entire sequence of the EcoRI/PstI insert is provided in Figure 2 (SEQ ID NOS: 3 and 4).

The 6.4kb phagemid pBS/humGluR2B was deposited, under the terms of the Budapest Treaty, with the American Type Culture Collection in Rockville, Maryland USA on March 19, 1992, and has been assigned accession number ATCC 75217.

Example 5 - Construction of genetically engineered cells producing human GluR3A receptors

The strategy depicted in Figure 8 was employed to facilitate incorporation of the GluR3A receptor-encoding cDNA into an expression vector.

For transient expression in mammalian cells, cDNA coding for the human GluR3A receptor was incorporated into the mammalian expression vector pcDNA1, which is available commercially from Invitrogen Corporation (San Diego, California, USA; catalogue number V490-20). This is a multifunctional 4.2kb plasmid vector designed for cDNA expression in eukaryotic systems, and cDNA analysis in prokaryotes. Incorporated on the vector are the CMV promoter and enhancer, splice segment and polyadenylation signal, an SV40 and Polyoma virus origin of replication, and M13 origin to rescue single strand DNA for sequencing and mutagenesis, Sp6 and T7 RNA promoters for the production of sense and anti-sense RNA transcripts and a Col E1-like high copy plasmid origin. A polylinker is located appropriately downstream of the CMV promoter (and 3' of the T7 promoter).

To facilitate incorporation of the GluR3A receptor-encoding cDNA into an expression vector, a NotI site was introduced onto the 5' flank of the Bluescript-SK cDNA insert, and the cDNA insert was then released from

pBS/humGluR3A as a 2.8 kb NotI/NotI fragment, which was then incorporated at the NotI site in the pcDNA1 polylinker. Sequencing across the NotI junction was performed, to confirm proper insert orientation in pcDNA1. The resulting plasmid, designated pcDNA1/humGluR3A, was then introduced for transient expression into a selected mammalian cell host, in this case the monkey-derived, fibroblast like cells of the COS-1 lineage (available from the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland as ATCC CRL 1650).

For transient expression of the GluR3A-encoding DNA, COS-1 cells were transfected with approximately 8ug DNA (as pcDNA1/humGluR3A) per 10^6 COS cells, by DEAE-mediated DNA transfection and treated with chloroquine according to the procedures described by Maniatis et al, supra. Briefly, COS-1 cells were plated at a density of 5×10^6 cells/dish and then grown for 24 hours in FBS-supplemented DMEM/F12 medium. Medium was then removed and cells were washed in PBS and then in medium. There was then applied on the cells 10ml of a transfection solution containing DEAE dextran (0.4mg/ml), 100uM chloroquine, 10% NuSerum, DNA (0.4mg/ml) in DMEM/F12 medium. After incubation for 3 hours at 37C, cells were washed in PBS and medium as just described and then shocked for 1 minute with 10% DMSO in DMEM/F12 medium. Cells were allowed to grow for 2-3 days in 10% FBS-supplemented medium, and at the end of incubation dishes were placed on ice, washed with ice cold PBS and then removed by scraping. Cells were then harvested by centrifugation at 1000 rpm for 10 minutes and the cellular pellet was frozen in liquid nitrogen, for subsequent use in ligand binding assays. Northern blot analysis of a thawed aliquot of frozen cells confirmed expression of receptor-encoding cDNA in cells under storage.

In a like manner, stably transfected cell lines can also prepared using two different cell types as host: CHO K1 and CHO Pro5. To construct these cell lines, cDNA coding for human GluR3A was incorporated into the mammalian expression vector pRC/CMV (Invitrogen), which enables stable expression. Insertion at this site placed the cDNA under the expression control of the cytomegalovirus promoter and upstream of the polyadenylation site and terminator of the bovine growth hormone gene, and into a vector background comprising the neomycin resistance gene (driven by the SV40 early promoter) as selectable marker.

To introduce plasmids constructed as described above, the host CHO cells are first seeded at a density of 5×10^5 in 10% FBS-supplemented MEM medium. After growth for 24 hours, fresh medium are added to the plates and three hours later, the cells are transfected using the calcium phosphate-DNA co-precipitation procedure (Maniatis et al, supra). Briefly, 3ug of DNA is mixed and incubated with buffered calcium solution for 10 minutes at room temperature. An equal volume of buffered phosphate solution is added and the suspension is incubated for 15 minutes at room temperature. Next, the incubated suspension is applied to the cells for 4 hours, removed and cells were shocked with medium containing 15% glycerol. Three minutes later, cells are washed with medium and incubated for 24 hours at normal growth conditions. Cells resistant to neomycin are selected in 10% FBS-supplemented alpha-MEM medium containing G418 (1mg/ml). Individual colonies of G418-resistant cells are isolated about 2-3 weeks later, clonally selected and then propagated for assay purposes.

Example 6 - Construction of genetically engineered cells producing human GluR1B receptors

The strategy depicted in Figure 9 was employed to facilitate incorporation of the GluR1B receptor-encoding cDNA into an expression vector. Particularly, a NotI site was introduced onto the 3' flank of the Bluescript-SK cDNA insert, and the cDNA insert was then released from pBS/humGluR1B as a 3.2kb NotI/NotI fragment, which was then incorporated at the NotI site in the pcDNA1 polylinker. Sequencing across the junctions was performed, to confirm proper insert orientation in pcDNA1. The resulting plasmid, designated pcDNA1/humGluR1B, was then introduced for transient expression into monkey-derived, fibroblast like cells of the COS-1 lineage as described above.

For transient expression of the GluR1B-encoding DNA, COS-1 cells were transfected with approximately 8ug DNA (as pcDNA1/humGluR1B) per 10^6 COS cells using the method described in Example 5.

Example 7 - Construction of genetically engineered cells producing human GluR2B receptors

The strategy depicted in Figure 11 was employed to facilitate incorporation of the GluR2B receptor-encoding cDNA into an expression vector. Particularly, a NotI site was introduced onto the 5' flank of the Bluescript-SK cDNA insert, and the cDNA insert was then released from pBS/humGluR2B as a 3.4kb HindIII/NotI fragment, which was then incorporated at the HindIII/NotI sites in the pcDNA1 polylinker. Sequencing across the junctions was performed, to confirm proper insert orientation in pcDNA1. The resulting plasmid, designated pcDNA1/humGluR2B, was then introduced for transient expression into a selected mammalian cell host, in this case the monkey-derived, fibroblast like cells of the COS-1 lineage (available from the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland as ATCC CRL 1650).

For transient expression of the GluR2B-encoding DNA, COS-1 cells were transfected with approximately 8ug DNA (as pcDNA1/humGluR2B) per 10^6 COS cells as set out in Example 5.

Example 8 - Ligand binding assays

Transfected cells in the frozen state were resuspended in ice-cold distilled water using a hand homogenizer, sonicated for 5 seconds, and then centrifuged for 20 minutes at 50,000g. The supernatant was discarded and the membrane pellet stored frozen at -70C.

COS cell membrane pellets were suspended in ice cold 50mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.55, 5C) and centrifuged again at 50,000g for 10 minutes in order to remove endogenous glutamate that would compete for binding. Pellets were resuspended in ice cold 50mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.55) buffer and the resultant membrane preparation was used as tissue source for binding experiments described below. Proteins were determined using the Pierce Reagent with BSA as standard.

Binding assays were then performed, using an amount of COS-derived membrane equivalent to from 25-100ug as judged by protein determination and selected radiolabelled ligand. In particular, for AMPA-binding assays, incubation mixtures consisted of 25-100ug tissue protein and D,L-alpha-[5-methyl- 3 H]amino-3-hydroxy-5-methylisoxazole-4-propionic acid (3 H-AMPA, 27.6Ci/mmol, 10nM final) with 0.1M KSCN and 2.5mM CaCl_2 in the 1ml final volume. Non-specific binding was determined in the presence of 1mM L-glutamate. Samples were incubated on ice for 60 minutes in plastic minivials, and bound and free ligand was separated by centrifugation for 30 minutes at 50,000g. Pellets were washed twice in 6ml of the cold incubation buffer, then 5ml of Beckman Ready-Protein Plus scintillation cocktail was added, for counting.

For kainate-binding assays, incubation mixtures consisted of 25-100ug tissue protein and [vinylidene- 3 H] kainic acid (58Ci/mmol, 5nM final) in the cold incubation buffer, 1ml final volume. Non-specific binding was determined in the presence of 1mM L-glutamate. Samples were incubated as for the AMPA-binding assays, and bound and free ligand were separated by rapid filtration using a Brandel cell harvester and GF/B filters pre-soaked in ice-cold 0.3% polyethyleneimine. Filters were washed twice in 6ml of the cold incubation buffer, then placed in scintillation vials with 5ml of Beckman Ready-Protein Plus scintillation cocktail for counting.

Assays performed in this manner, using membrane preparations derived from the human GluR3A receptor-producing COS cells, revealed specific binding of 25-30 fmole/mg protein at 10nM [3 H]-AMPA (Figure 14); using membrane preparations derived from the human GluR1B receptor-producing COS cells, specific binding of about 100-150 fmole/mg protein at 10nM [3 H]-AMPA was revealed (Figure 12); and using membrane preparations derived from the human GluR2B receptor-producing COS cells, specific binding of 750-850 fmol/mg protein at 10nM [3 H]-AMPA was revealed (Figure 13). Mock transfected cells exhibited no specific binding of any of the ligands tested.

Scatchard analysis indicated that the recombinantly expressed human GluR1B and GluR2B receptors each contain a single class of [3 H]-labelled AMPA binding sites with a dissociation constants (K_d) of 46 nM (Figure 15) and about 36.3 ± 7.4 nM (Figure 16), respectively. Further, the maximum AMPA-binding of the GluR1B and GluR2B receptors has been found to be 847 and 816 ± 302 fmol/mg protein, respectively.

[3 H]-AMPA displacement assays have also been performed for the GluR2B receptors in COS cells to determine the relative binding affinity of selected ligands. These results, as illustrated in Figure 17, indicate the rank order of potency of the ligands in displacing 3 H-AMPA binding to the GluR2B receptor to be as follows:

quisqualate = AMPA > DNQX > CNQX > glutamate > domoate > kainate

These results demonstrate clearly that the human GluR receptors bind AMPA with specificity. This activity, coupled with the fact that there is little or no demonstrable binding of either kainate or NMDA, clearly assigns the human GluR receptors to be of the AMPA type of EAA receptor. Furthermore, this binding profile indicates that the receptor is binding in an authentic manner, and can therefore reliably predict the ligand binding "signature" of its non-recombinant counterpart from the human brain. These features make the recombinant receptor especially useful for selecting and characterizing ligand compounds which bind to the receptor, and/or for selecting and characterizing compounds which may act by displacing other ligands from the receptor. The isolation of the GluR receptor genes in substantially pure form, capable of being expressed as a single, homogeneous receptor species, therefore frees the ligand binding assay from the lack of precision introduced when complex, heterogeneous receptor preparations from human and other mammalian brains are used to attempt such characterizations.

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

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(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: AMPA-BINDING HUMAN GLUTAMATE RECEPTORS

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 15

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

(v) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: Unknown

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/896,437
- (B) FILING DATE: 10-JUN-1992

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/896,611
- (B) FILING DATE: 10-JUN-1992

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: US 07/896,612
- (B) FILING DATE: 10-JUN-1992

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 3220 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
- (B) LOCATION: 62..2782

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 62..115

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 116..2782

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

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	Met Gln His Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Cys Thr Gly Phe Leu Gly Ala	
	-18 -15 -10 -5	
10	GTA GTA GGT GCC AAT TTC CCC AAC AAT ATC CAG ATC GGG GGA TTA TTT	154
	Val Val Gly Ala Asn Phe Pro Asn Asn Ile Gln Ile Gly Gly Leu Phe	
	1 5 10	
	CCA AAC CAG CAG TCA CAG GAA CAT GCT GCT TTT AGA TTT GCT TTG TCG	202
15	Pro Asn Gln Gln Ser Gln Glu His Ala Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala Leu Ser	
	15 20 25	
	CAA CTC ACA GAG CCC CCG AAG CTG CTC CCC CAG ATT GAT ATT GTG AAC	250
	Gln Leu Thr Glu Pro Pro Lys Leu Leu Pro Gln Ile Asp Ile Val Asn	
	30 35 40 45	
20	ATC AGC GAC ACG TTT GAG ATG ACC TAT AGA TTC TGT TCC CAG TTC TCC	298
	Ile Ser Asp Thr Phe Glu Met Thr Tyr Arg Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser	
	50 55 60	
	AAA GGA GTC TAT GCC ATC TTT GGG TTT TAT GAA CGT AGG ACT GTC AAC	346
25	Lys Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe Gly Phe Tyr Glu Arg Arg Thr Val Asn	
	65 70 75	
	ATG CTG ACC TCC TTT TGT GGG GCC CTC CAC GTC TGC TTC ATT ACG CCG	394
	Met Leu Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly Ala Leu His Val Cys Phe Ile Thr Pro	
	80 85 90	
30	AGC TTT CCC GTT GAT ACA TCC AAT CAG TTT GTC CTT CAG CTG CGC CCT	442
	Ser Phe Pro Val Asp Thr Ser Asn Gln Phe Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Pro	
	95 100 105	
	GAA CTG CAG GAT GCC CTC ATC AGC ATC ATT GAC CAT TAC AAG TGG CAG	490
	Glu Leu Gln Asp Ala Leu Ile Ser Ile Ile Asp His Tyr Lys Trp Gln	
	110 115 120 125	
35	AAA TTT GTC TAC ATT TAT GAT GCC GAC CGG GGC TTA TCC GTC CTG CAG	538
	Lys Phe Val Tyr Ile Tyr Asp Ala Asp Arg Gly Leu Ser Val Leu Gln	
	130 135 140	
	AAA GTC CTG GAT ACA GCT GCT GAG AAG AAC TGG CAG GTG ACA GCA GTC	586
40	Lys Val Leu Asp Thr Ala Ala Glu Lys Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Val	
	145 150 155	
	AAC ATT TTG ACA ACC ACA GAG GAG GGA TAC CGG ATG CTC TTT CAG GAC	634
	Asn Ile Leu Thr Thr Thr Glu Glu Gly Tyr Arg Met Leu Phe Gln Asp	
	160 165 170	
45	CTG GAG AAG AAA AAG GAG CGG CTG GTG GTG GTG GAC TGT GAA TCA GAA	682
	Leu Glu Lys Lys Lys Glu Arg Leu Val Val Val Asp Cys Glu Ser Glu	
	175 180 185	
	CGC CTC AAT GCT ATC TTG GGC CAG ATT ATA AAG CTA GAG AAG AAT GGC	730
50	Arg Leu Asn Ala Ile Leu Gly Gln Ile Ile Lys Leu Glu Lys Asn Gly	
	190 195 200 205	
	ATC GGC TAC CAC TAC ATT CTT GCA AAT CTG GGC TTC ATG GAC ATT GAC	778
	Ile Gly Tyr His Tyr Ile Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Met Asp Ile Asp	
	210 215 220	
55	TTA AAC AAA TTC AAG GAG AGT GGC GCC AAT GTG ACA GGT TTC CAG CTG	826
	Leu Asn Lys Phe Lys Glu Ser Gly Ala Asn Val Thr Gly Phe Gln Leu	
	225 230 235	

5	GTG AAC TAC ACA GAC ACT ATT CCG GCC AAG ATC ATG CAG CAG TGG AAG Val Asn Tyr Thr Asp Thr Ile Pro Ala Lys Ile Met Gln Gln Trp Lys	874
	240 245 250	
	AAT AGT GAT GCT CGA GAC CAC ACA CGG GTG GAC TGG AAG AGA CCC AAG Asn Ser Asp Ala Arg Asp His Thr Arg Val Asp Trp Lys Arg Pro Lys	922
	255 260 265	
10	TAC ACC TCT GCG CTC ACC TAC GAT GGG GTG AAG GTG ATG GCT GAG GCT Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp Gly Val Lys Val Met Ala Glu Ala	970
	270 275 280 285	
15	TTC CAG AGC CTG CGG AGG CAG AGA ATT GAT ATA TCT CGC CGG GGG AAT Phe Gln Ser Leu Arg Arg Gln Arg Ile Asp Ile Ser Arg Arg Gly Asn	1018
	290 295 300	
	GCT GGG GAT TGT CTG GCT AAC CCA GCT GTT CCC TGG GGC CAA GGG ATC Ala Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ala Val Pro Trp Gly Gln Gly Ile	1066
	305 310 315	
20	GAC ATC CAG AGA GCT CTG CAG CAG GTG CGA TTT GAA GGT TTA ACA CGA Asp Ile Gln Arg Ala Leu Gln Gln Val Arg Phe Glu Gly Leu Thr Gly	1114
	320 325 330	
	AAC GTG CAG TTT AAT GAG AAA GGA CGC CGG ACC AAC TAC ACG CTC CAC Asn Val Gln Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Arg Arg Thr Asn Tyr Thr Leu His	1162
	335 340 345	
25	GTG ATT GAA ATG AAA CAT GAC GGC ATC CGA AAG ATT GGT TAC TGG AAT Val Ile Glu Met Lys Phe His Asp Gly Ile Arg Lys Ile Gly Tyr Trp Asn	1210
	350 355 360 365	
30	GAA GAT GAT AAG TTT GTC CCT GCA GCC ACC GAT GCC CAA GCT GGG GGC Glu Asp Asp Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ala Thr Asp Ala Gln Ala Gly Gly	1258
	370 375 380	
	GAT AAT TCA AGT GTT CAG AAC AGA ACA TAC ATC GTC ACA ACA ATC CTA Asp Asn Ser Ser Val Gln Asn Arg Thr Tyr Ile Val Thr Thr Ile Leu	1306
	385 390 395	
35	GAA GAT CCT TAT GTG ATG CTC AAG AAG AAC GCC AAT CAG TTT GAG GGC Glu Asp Pro Tyr Val Met Leu Lys Lys Asn Ala Asn Gln Phe Glu Gly	1354
	400 405 410	
	AAT GAC CGT TAC GAG GGC TAC TGT GTA GAG CTG GCG GCA GAG ATT GCC Asn Asp Arg Tyr Glu Gly Tyr Cys Val Glu Leu Ala Ala Glu Ile Ala	1402
	415 420 425	
40	AAG CAC GTG GGC TAC TCC TAC CGT CTG GAG ATT GTC AGT GAT GGA AAA Lys His Val Gly Tyr Ser Tyr Arg Leu Glu Ile Val Ser Asp Gly Lys	1450
	430 435 440 445	
45	TAC GGA GCC CGA GAC CCT GAC ACG AAG GCC TGG AAT GGC ATG GTG GGA Tyr Gly Ala Arg Asp Pro Asp Thr Lys Ala Trp Asn Gly Met Val Gly	1498
	450 455 460	
	GAG CTG GTC TAT GGA AGA GCA GAT GTG GCT GTG GCT CCC TTA ACT ATC Glu Leu Val Tyr Gly Arg Ala Asp Val Ala Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Ile	1546
	465 470 475	
50	ACT TTG GTC CGG GAA GAA GTT ATA GAT TTC TCC AAA CCA TTT ATG AGT Thr Leu Val Arg Glu Glu Val Ile Asp Phe Ser Lys Pro Phe Met Ser	1594
	480 485 490	
55	TTG GGG ATC TCC ATC ATG ATT AAA AAA CCA CAG AAA TCC AAG CCG GGT Leu Gly Ile Ser Ile Met Ile Lys Lys Pro Gln Lys Ser Lys Pro Gly	1642
	495 500 505	

5	GTC	TTC	TCC	TTC	CTT	GAT	CCT	TTG	GCT	TAT	GAG	ATT	TGG	ATG	TGC	ATT	1690
	Val	Phe	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Pro	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Trp	Met	Cys	Ile	
	510					515					520					525	
	GTT	TTT	GCC	TAC	ATT	GGA	GTG	AGT	GTT	GTC	CTC	TTC	CTG	GTC	AGC	CGC	1738
	Val	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Ser	Arg	
					530					535					540		
10	TTC	AGT	CCC	TAT	GAA	TGG	CAC	AGT	GAA	GAG	TTT	GAG	GAA	GGA	CGG	GAC	1786
	Phe	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Trp	His	Ser	Glu	Glu	Phe	Glu	Glu	Gly	Arg	Asp	
				545					550					555			
15	CAG	ACA	ACC	AGT	GAC	CAG	TCC	AAT	GAG	TTT	GGG	ATA	TTC	AAC	AGT	TTG	1834
	Gln	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ser	Asn	Glu	Phe	Gly	Ile	Phe	Asn	Ser	Leu	
			560					565					570				
	TGG	TTC	TCC	CTG	GGA	GCC	TTC	ATG	CAG	CAA	GGA	TGT	GAC	ATT	TCT	CCC	1882
	Trp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Phe	Met	Gln	Gln	Gly	Cys	Asp	Ile	Ser	Pro	
			575				580					585					
20	AGG	TCC	CTG	TCT	GGT	CGC	ATC	GTT	GGT	GGC	GTC	TGG	TGG	TTC	TTC	ACC	1930
	Arg	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Trp	Trp	Phe	Phe	Thr	
	590					595					600					605	
	TTA	ATC	ATC	ATC	TCC	TCA	TAT	ACA	GCC	AAT	CTG	GCC	GCC	TTC	CTG	ACC	1978
	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Leu	Thr	
					610					615					620		
25	GTG	GAG	AGG	ATG	GTG	TCT	CCC	ATT	GAG	AGT	GCA	GAG	GAC	CTA	GCG	AAC	2026
	Val	Glu	Arg	Met	Val	Ser	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asn	
				625					630					635			
30	GAG	ACA	GAA	ATT	GCC	TAC	GGG	ACG	CTG	GAA	GCA	GGA	TCT	ACT	AAG	GAG	2074
	Glu	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Leu	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	
			640					645					650				
	TTC	TTC	AGG	AGG	TCT	AAA	ATT	GCT	GTG	TTT	GAG	AAG	ATG	TGG	ACA	TAC	2122
	Phe	Phe	Arg	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ala	Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Met	Trp	Thr	Tyr	
			655				660					665					
35	ATG	AAG	TCA	GCA	GAG	CCA	TCA	GTT	TTT	GTG	CGG	ACC	ACA	GAG	GAG	GGG	2170
	Met	Lys	Ser	Ala	Glu	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gly	
						675					680					685	
	ATG	ATT	CGA	GTG	AGG	AAA	TCC	AAA	GGC	AAA	TAT	GCC	TAC	CTC	CTG	GAG	2218
	Met	Ile	Arg	Val	Arg	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glu	
					690					695					700		
40	TCC	ACC	ATG	AAT	GAG	TAC	ATT	GAG	CAG	CGG	AAA	CCC	TGT	GAC	ACC	ATG	2266
	Ser	Thr	Met	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Arg	Lys	Pro	Cys	Asp	Thr	Met	
				705					710					715			
45	AAG	GTG	GGA	GGT	AAC	TTG	GAT	TCC	AAA	GGC	TAT	GGC	ATT	GCA	ACA	CCC	2314
	Lys	Val	Gly	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Ala	Thr	Pro	
			720					725					730				
	AAG	GGG	TCT	GCC	CTG	AGA	GGT	CCC	GTA	AAC	CTA	GCG	GTT	TTG	AAA	CTC	2362
	Lys	Gly	Ser	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Pro	Val	Asn	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Lys	Leu	
			735				740					745					
50	AGT	GAG	CAA	GGC	GTC	TTA	GAC	AAG	CTG	AAA	AGC	AAA	TGG	TGG	TAC	GAT	2410
	Ser	Glu	Gln	Gly	Val	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Lys	Ser	Lys	Trp	Trp	Tyr	Asp	
					750		755				760					765	
55	AAA	GGG	GAA	TGT	GGA	AGC	AAG	GAC	TCC	GGA	AGT	AAG	GAC	AAG	ACA	AGC	2458
	Lys	Gly	Glu	Cys	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Lys	Asp	Lys	Thr	Ser	
					770					775					780		

5 GCT CTG AGC CTC AGC AAT GTG GCA GGC GTG TTC TAC ATC CTG ATC GGA 2506
Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Ile Gly
785 790 795

GGA CTT GGA CTA GCC ATG CTG GTT GCC TTA ATC GAG TTC TGC TAC AAA 2554
Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Met Leu Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys
800 805 810

10 TCC CGT AGT GAA TCC AAG CGG ATG AAG GGT TTT TGT TTG ATC CCA CAG 2602
Ser Arg Ser Glu Ser Lys Arg Met Lys Gly Phe Cys Leu Ile Pro Gln
815 820 825

15 CAA TCC ATC AAC GAA GCC ATA CGG ACA TCG ACC CTC CCC CGC AAC AGC 2650
Gln Ser Ile Asn Glu Ala Ile Arg Thr Ser Thr Leu Pro Arg Asn Ser
830 835 840 845

GGG GCA GGA GCC AGC AGC GGC GGC AGT GGA GAG AAT GGT CGG GTG GTC 2698
Gly Ala Gly Ala Ser Ser Gly Gly Ser Gly Glu Asn Gly Arg Val Val
850 855 860

20 AGC CAT GAC TTC CCC AAG TCC ATG CAA TCG ATT CCT TGC ATG AGC CAC 2746
Ser His Asp Phe Pro Lys Ser Met Gln Ser Ile Pro Cys Met Ser His
865 870 875

AGT TCA GGG ATG CCC TTG GGA GCC ACG GGA TTG TAACTGGAGC AGATGGAGAC 2799
Ser Ser Gly Met Pro Leu Gly Ala Thr Gly Leu
880 885

25 CCCTTGGGGA GCAGGCTCGG GCTCCCCAGC CCCATCCCAA ACCCTTCAGT GCCAAAAACA 2859

ACAACAAAAT AGAAAGCGCA ACCACCACCA ACCACTGCGA CCACAAGAAG GATGATTCAA 2919

30 CAGGTTTTTC TGAAGAATTG AAAAACCATT TTGCTGTCCC TTTTCCTTTT TTGATGTTCT 2979

TTCACCCTTT TCTGTTTGCT AAGTGAGGAT GAAAAAATAA CACTGTACTG CAATAAGGGG 3039

AGAGTAACCC TGTCTAATGA AACCTGTGTC TCTGAGAGTA GAGTCACTGG AACACTAATG 3099

AGGAAACTGC ACTGTTTTAT TTTAATTCAG TTGTTAGTGT GTCTTAGTGT GTGCAATTTT 3159

35 TTTTCTTACT AATATCCATG GTTTCAGGT TCTGTTAGGC CCTTCCTTC TCCTGGAATT 3219

C 3220

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 906 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Gln His Ile Phe Ala Phe Phe Cys Thr Gly Phe Leu Gly Ala Val
-18 -15 -10 -5

50 Val Gly Ala Asn Phe Pro Asn Asn Ile Gln Ile Gly Gly Leu Phe Pro
1 5 10

Asn Gln Gln Ser Gln Glu His Ala Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala Leu Ser Gln
15 20 25 30

55 Leu Thr Glu Pro Pro Lys L u Leu Pro Gln Ile Asp Ile Val Asn Ile
35 40 45

Ser Asp Thr Phe Glu Met Thr Tyr Arg Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser Lys
 50 55 60
 5 Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe Gly Phe Tyr Glu Arg Arg Thr Val Asn Met
 65 70 75
 Leu Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly Ala Leu His Val Cys Phe Ile Thr Pro Ser
 80 85 90
 10 Phe Pro Val Asp Thr Ser Asn Gln Phe Val Leu Gln Leu Arg Pro Glu
 95 100 105 110
 Leu Gln Asp Ala Leu Ile Ser Ile Ile Asp His Tyr Lys Trp Gln Lys
 115 120 125
 15 Phe Val Tyr Ile Tyr Asp Ala Asp Arg Gly Leu Ser Val Leu Gln Lys
 130 135 140
 Val Leu Asp Thr Ala Ala Glu Lys Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Val Asn
 145 150 155
 20 Ile Leu Thr Thr Thr Glu Glu Gly Tyr Arg Met Leu Phe Gln Asp Leu
 160 165 170
 Glu Lys Lys Lys Glu Arg Leu Val Val Val Asp Cys Glu Ser Glu Arg
 175 180 185 190
 25 Leu Asn Ala Ile Leu Gly Gln Ile Ile Lys Leu Glu Lys Asn Gly Ile
 195 200 205
 Gly Tyr His Tyr Ile Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Met Asp Ile Asp Leu
 210 215 220
 30 Asn Lys Phe Lys Glu Ser Gly Ala Asn Val Thr Gly Phe Gln Leu Val
 225 230 235
 Asn Tyr Thr Asp Thr Ile Pro Ala Lys Ile Met Gln Gln Trp Lys Asn
 240 245 250
 35 Ser Asp Ala Arg Asp His Thr Arg Val Asp Trp Lys Arg Pro Lys Tyr
 255 260 265 270
 Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp Gly Val Lys Val Met Ala Glu Ala Phe
 275 280 285
 40 Gln Ser Leu Arg Arg Gln Arg Ile Asp Ile Ser Arg Arg Gly Asn Ala
 290 295 300
 Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ala Val Pro Trp Gly Gln Gly Ile Asp
 305 310 315
 45 Ile Gln Arg Ala Leu Gln Gln Val Arg Phe Glu Gly Leu Thr Gly Asn
 320 325 330
 Val Gln Phe Asn Glu Lys Gly Arg Arg Thr Asn Tyr Thr Leu His Val
 335 340 345 350
 50 Ile Glu Met Lys His Asp Gly Ile Arg Lys Ile Gly Tyr Trp Asn Glu
 355 360 365
 Asp Asp Lys Phe Val Pro Ala Ala Thr Asp Ala Gln Ala Gly Gly Asp
 370 375 380
 55 Asn Ser Ser Val Gln Asn Arg Thr Tyr Ile Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Glu
 385 390 395

	Asp	Pro	Tyr	Val	Met	Leu	Lys	Lys	Asn	Ala	Asn	Gln	Phe	Glu	Gly	Asn	
	400						405					410					
5	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Val	Glu	Leu	Ala	Ala	Glu	Ile	Ala	Lys	
	415					420					425					430	
	His	Val	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Glu	Ile	Val	Ser	Asp	Gly	Lys	Tyr	
					435					440					445		
10	Gly	Ala	Arg	Asp	Pro	Asp	Thr	Lys	Ala	Trp	Asn	Gly	Met	Val	Gly	Glu	
				450					455					460			
	Leu	Val	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Ala	Asp	Val	Ala	Val	Ala	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	
			465					470					475				
15	Leu	Val	Arg	Glu	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp	Phe	Ser	Lys	Pro	Phe	Met	Ser	Leu	
							485					490					
	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ile	Met	Ile	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Ser	Lys	Pro	Gly	Val	
	495					500					505					510	
20	Phe	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Pro	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Trp	Met	Cys	Ile	Val	
					515					520					525		
	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Ser	Arg	Phe	
					530				535					540			
25	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Trp	His	Ser	Glu	Glu	Phe	Glu	Glu	Gly	Arg	Asp	Gln	
			545					550					555				
	Thr	Thr	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ser	Asn	Glu	Phe	Gly	Ile	Phe	Asn	Ser	Leu	Trp	
		560					565					570					
30	Phe	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Phe	Met	Gln	Gln	Gly	Cys	Asp	Ile	Ser	Pro	Arg	
	575					580					585					590	
	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Trp	Trp	Phe	Phe	Thr	Leu	
					595					600					605		
35	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Leu	Thr	Val	
				610					615					620			
	Glu	Arg	Met	Val	Ser	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Asn	Glu	
			625					630					635				
40	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Leu	Glu	Ala	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	Phe	
		640					645					650					
	Phe	Arg	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ala	Val	Phe	Glu	Lys	Met	Trp	Thr	Tyr	Met	
	655					660					665					670	
45	Lys	Ser	Ala	Glu	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Val	Arg	Thr	Thr	Glu	Glu	Gly	Met	
					675					680					685		
	Ile	Arg	Val	Arg	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Glu	Ser	
				690					695					700			
50	Thr	Met	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Arg	Lys	Pro	Cys	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	
			705					710					715				
	Val	Gly	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Ile	Ala	Thr	Pro	Lys	
		720					725					730					
55	Gly	Ser	Ala	Leu	Arg	Gly	Pro	Val	Asn	Leu	Ala	Val	Leu	Lys	L u	Ser	
	735					740					745					750	

5

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 3407 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 315..2966

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(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
      (B) LOCATION: 375..2966
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GAATTCCTGTG	AGTGCATGGG	AGGGTGCTGA	ATATTCCGAG	ACACTGGGAC	CACAGCGGCA	60								
GCTCCGCTGA	AAACTGCATT	CAGCCAGTCC	TCCGGACTTC	TGGAGCGGGG	ACAGGGCGCA	120								
GGGCATCAGC	AGCCACCAGC	AGGACCTGGG	AAATAGGGAT	TCTTCTGCCT	CCACTTCAGG	180								
TTTTCAGCAGC	TTGGTGCTAA	ATTGCTGTCT	CAAAATGCAG	AGGATCTAAT	TTGCAGAGGA	240								
AAACAGCCAA	AGAAGGAAGA	GGAGGAAAAG	GAAAAA AAAA	GGGGTATATT	GTGGATGCTC	300								
TACTTTTCTT	GGAA	ATG	CAA	AAG	ATT	ATG	CAT	ATT	TCT	GTC	CTC	CTT	TCT	350
		Met	Gln	Lys	Ile	Met	His	Il	Ser	Val	Leu	Leu	Ser	
	-20						-15					-10		

5	CCT	GTT	TTA	TGG	GGA	CTG	ATT	TTT	GGT	GTC	TCT	TCT	AAC	AGC	ATA	CAG	398
	Pro	Val	Leu	Trp	Gly	Leu	Ile	Phe	Gly	Val	Ser	Ser	Asn	Ser	Ile	Gln	
				-5					1				5				
	ATA	GGG	GGG	CTA	TTT	CCT	AGG	GGC	GCC	GAT	CAA	GAA	TAC	AGT	GCA	TTT	446
	Ile	Gly	Gly	Leu	Phe	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Ala	Phe	
10		10					15					20					
	CGA	GTA	GGG	ATG	GTT	CAG	TTT	TCC	ACT	TCG	GAG	TTC	AGA	CTG	ACA	CCC	494
	Arg	Val	Gly	Met	Val	Gln	Phe	Ser	Thr	Ser	Glu	Phe	Arg	Leu	Thr	Pro	
	25					30					35					40	
15	CAC	ATC	GAC	AAT	TTG	GAG	GTG	GCA	AAC	AGC	TTC	GCA	GTC	ACT	AAT	GCT	542
	His	Ile	Asp	Asn	Leu	Glu	Val	Ala	Asn	Ser	Phe	Ala	Val	Thr	Asn	Ala	
				45						50					55		
	TTC	TGC	TCC	CAG	TTT	TCG	AGA	GGA	GTC	TAT	GCT	ATT	TTT	GGA	TTT	TAT	590
	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gln	Phe	Ser	Arg	Gly	Val	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Phe	Gly	Phe	Tyr	
				60					65					70			
20	GAC	AAG	AAG	TCT	GTA	AAT	ACC	ATC	ACA	TCA	TTT	TGC	GGA	ACA	CTC	CAC	638
	Asp	Lys	Lys	Ser	Val	Asn	Thr	Ile	Thr	Ser	Phe	Cys	Gly	Thr	Leu	His	
			75					80					85				
	GTC	TCC	TTT	ATC	ACT	CCC	AGC	TTC	CCA	ACA	GAT	GGC	ACA	CAT	CCA	TTT	686
25	Val	Ser	Phe	Ile	Thr	Pro	Ser	Phe	Pro	Thr	Asp	Gly	Thr	His	Pro	Phe	
		90					95					100					
	GTC	ATT	CAG	ATG	AGA	CCC	GAC	CTC	AAA	GGA	GCT	CTC	CTT	AGC	TTG	ATT	734
	Val	Ile	Gln	Met	Arg	Pro	Asp	Leu	Lys	Gly	Ala	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ile	
	105					110					115					120	
30	GAA	TAC	TAT	CAA	TGG	GAC	AAG	TTT	GCA	TAC	CTC	TAT	GAC	AGT	GAC	AGA	782
	Glu	Tyr	Tyr	Gln	Trp	Asp	Lys	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Ser	Asp	Arg	
				125					130						135		
	GGC	TTA	TCA	ACA	CTG	CAA	GCT	GTG	CTG	GAT	TCT	GCT	GCT	GAA	AAG	AAA	830
35	Gly	Leu	Ser	Thr	Leu	Gln	Ala	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ala	Glu	Lys	Lys	
			140					145						150			
	TGG	CAA	GTG	ACT	GCT	ATC	AAT	GTG	GGA	AAC	ATT	AAC	AAT	GAC	AAG	AAA	878
	Trp	Gln	Val	Thr	Ala	Ile	Asn	Val	Gly	Asn	Ile	Asn	Asp	Lys	Lys		
			155				160						165				
40	GAT	GAG	ATG	TAC	CGA	TCA	CTT	TTT	CAA	GAT	CTG	GAG	TTA	AAA	AAG	GAA	926
	Asp	Glu	Met	Tyr	Arg	Ser	Leu	Phe	Gln	Asp	Leu	Glu	Leu	Lys	Lys	Glu	
		170					175					180					
	CGG	CGT	GTA	ATT	CTG	GAC	TGT	GAA	AGG	GAT	AAA	GTA	AAC	GAC	ATT	GTA	974
	Arg	Arg	Val	Ile	Leu	Asp	Cys	Glu	Arg	Asp	Lys	Val	Asn	Asp	Ile	Val	
	185					190					195					200	
45	GAC	CAG	GTT	ATT	ACC	ATT	GGA	AAA	CAC	GTT	AAA	GGG	TAC	CAC	TAC	ATC	1022
	Asp	Gln	Val	Ile	Thr	Ile	Gly	Lys	His	Val	Lys	Gly	Tyr	His	Tyr	Ile	
				205						210					215		
	ATT	GCA	AAT	CTG	GGA	TTT	ACT	GAT	GGA	GAC	CTA	TTA	AAA	ATC	CAG	TTT	1070
50	Ile	Ala	Asn	Leu	Gly	Phe	Thr	Asp	Gly	Asp	Leu	Leu	Lys	Ile	Gln	Phe	
			220						225					230			
	GGA	GGT	GCA	AAT	GTC	TCT	GGA	TTT	CAG	ATA	GTG	GAC	TAT	GAT	GAT	TCG	1118
	Gly	Gly	Ala	Asn	Val	Ser	Gly	Phe	Gln	Ile	Val	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp	Ser	
			235				240						245				
55	TTG	GTA	TCT	AAA	TTT	ATA	GAA	AGA	TGG	TCA	ACA	CTG	GAA	GAA	AAA	GAA	1166
	Leu	Val	Ser	Lys	Phe	Ile	Glu	Arg	Trp	Ser	Thr	Leu	Glu	Glu	Lys	Glu	
		250					255					260					

5	TAC Tyr 265	CCT Pro	GGA Gly	GCT Ala	CAC His	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	ACA Thr	ATT Ile	AAG Lys	TAT Tyr 275	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	GCT Ala	CTG Leu	ACC Thr 280	1214
	TAT Tyr	GAT Asp	GCC Ala	GTT Val	CAA Gln 285	GTG Val	ATG Met	ACT Thr	GAA Glu	GCC Ala 290	TTC Phe	CGC Arg	AAC Asn	CTA Leu	AGG Arg 295	AAG Lys	1262
10	CAA Gln	AGA Arg	ATT Ile	GAA Glu 300	ATC Ile	TCC Ser	CGA Arg	AGG Arg	GGG Gly 305	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	TGT Cys 310	CTG Leu	GCA Ala	1310
15	AAC Asn	CCA Pro	GCA Ala 315	GTG Val	CCC Pro	TGG Trp	GGA Gly	CAA Gln 320	GGT Gly	GTA Val	GAA Glu	ATA Ile	GAA Glu 325	AGG Arg	GCC Ala	CTC Leu	1358
	AAA Lys	CAG Gln 330	GTT Val	CAG Gln 330	GTT Val	GAA Glu 335	GGT Gly 335	CTC Leu	TCA Ser	GGA Gly	AAT Asn 340	ATA Ile 340	AAG Lys	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	CAG Gln	1406
20	AAT Asn 345	GGA Gly	AAA Lys	AGA Arg	ATA Ile	AAC Asn 350	TAT Tyr	ACA Thr	ATT Ile	AAC Asn 355	ATC Ile 355	ATG Met	GAG Glu	CTC Leu	AAA Lys	ACT Thr 360	1454
	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	CCC Pro	CGG Arg	AAG Lys 365	ATT Ile	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr	TGG Trp	AGT Ser 370	GAA Glu	GTG Val	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	ATG Met 375	GTT Val	1502
25	GTT Val	ACC Thr	CTT Leu	ACT Thr 380	GAG Glu	CTC Leu	CCT Pro	TCT Ser	GGA Gly 385	AAT Asn	GAC Asp	ACC Thr	TCT Ser	GGG Gly 390	CTT Leu	GAG Glu	1550
30	AAT Asn	AAG Lys 395	ACT Thr	GTT Val	GTT Val	GTC Val	ACC Thr	ACA Thr 400	ATT Ile	TTG Leu	GAA Glu	TCT Ser	CCG Pro 405	TAT Tyr	GTT Val	ATG Met	1598
	ATG Met 410	AAG Lys	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	CAT His	GAA Glu 415	ATG Met	CTT Leu	GAA Glu	GGC Gly	AAT Asn 420	GAG Glu	CGC Arg	TAT Tyr	GAG Glu	GGC Gly	1646
35	TAC Tyr 425	TGT Cys	GTT Val	GAC Asp	CTG Leu	GCT Ala 430	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	ATC Ile	GCC Ala 435	AAA Lys 435	CAT His	TGT Cys	GGG Gly	TTC Phe	AAG Lys 440	1694
40	TAC Tyr	AAG Lys	TTG Leu	ACA Thr	ATT Ile 445	GTT Val	GGT Gly	GAT Asp	GGC Gly	AAG Lys 450	TAT Tyr	GGG Gly	GCC Ala	AGG Arg	GAT Asp 455	GCA Ala	1742
	GAC Asp	ACG Thr	AAA Lys	ATT Ile 460	TGG Trp	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	ATG Met	GTT Val 465	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	CTT Leu	GTA Val	TAT Tyr 470	GGG Gly	AAA Lys	1790
45	GCT Ala	GAT Asp	ATT Ile 475	GCA Ala	ATT Ile	GCT Ala	CCA Pro	TTA Leu 480	ACT Thr	ATT Ile	ACC Thr	CTT Leu	GTG Val 485	AGA Arg	GAA Glu	GAG Glu	1838
	GTG Val	ATT Ile 490	GAC Asp	TTC Phe	TCA Ser	AAG Lys	CCC Pro	TTC Phe	ATG Met	AGC Ser	CTC Leu	GGG Gly 500	ATA Ile	TCT Ser	ATC Ile	ATG Met	1886
50	ATC Ile 505	AAG Lys	AAG Lys	CCT Pro	CAG Gln	AAG Lys 510	TCC Ser	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GGA Gly 515	GTG Val	TTT Phe	TCC Ser	TTT Phe	CTT Leu	GAT Asp 520	1934
55	CCT Pro	TTA Leu	GCC Ala	TAT Tyr	GAG Glu 525	ATC Ile	TGG Trp	ATG Met	TGC Cys	ATT Ile 530	GTT Val	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	TAC Tyr	ATT Ile 535	GGG Gly	1982

5	GTC AGT GTA GTT TTA TTC CTG GTC AGC AGA TTT AGC CCC TAC GAG TGG Val Ser Val Val L u Phe Leu Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Pro Tyr Glu Trp	2030
	540 545 550	
	CAC ACT GAG GAG TTT GAA GAT GGA AGA GAA ACA CAA AGT AGT GAA TCA His Thr Glu Glu Phe Glu Asp Gly Arg Glu Thr Gln Ser Ser Glu Ser	2078
10	555 560 565	
	ACT AAT GAA TTT GGG ATT TTT AAT AGT CTC TGG TTT TCC TTG GGT GCC Thr Asn Glu Phe Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Leu Trp Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala	2126
	570 575 580	
15	TTT ATG CGG CAA GGA TGC GAT ATT TCG CCA AGA TCC CTC TCT GGG CGC Phe Met Arg Gln Gly Cys Asp Ile Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg	2174
	585 590 595 600	
	ATT GTT GGA GGT GTG TGG TGG TTC TTT ACC CTG ATC ATA ATC TCC TCC Ile Val Gly Gly Val Trp Trp Phe Phe Thr Leu Ile Ile Ile Ser Ser	2222
	605 610 615	
20	TAC ACG GCT AAC TTA GCT GCC TTC CTG ACT GTA GAG AGG ATG GTG TCT Tyr Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr Val Glu Arg Met Val Ser	2270
	620 625 630	
	CCC ATC GAA AGT GCT GAG GAT CTT TCT AAG CAA ACA GAA ATT GCT TAT Pro Ile Glu Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Thr Glu Ile Ala Tyr	2318
25	635 640 645	
	GGA ACA TTA GAC TCT GGC TCC ACT AAA GAG TTT TTC AGG AGA TCT AAA Gly Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Lys Glu Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser Lys	2366
	650 655 660	
30	ATT GCA GTG TTT GAT AAA ATG TGG ACC TAC ATG CGG AGT GCG GAG CCC Ile Ala Val Phe Asp Lys Met Trp Thr Tyr Met Arg Ser Ala Glu Pro	2414
	665 670 675 680	
	TCT GTG TTT GTG AGG ACT ACG GCC GAA GGG GTG GCT AGA GTG CGG AAG Ser Val Phe Val Arg Thr Thr Ala Glu Gly Val Ala Arg Val Arg Lys	2462
	685 690 695	
35	TCC AAA GGG AAA TAT GCC TAC TTG TTG GAG TCC ACG ATG AAC GAG TAC Ser Lys Gly Lys Tyr Ala Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ser Thr Met Asn Glu Tyr	2510
	700 705 710	
	ATT GAG CAA AGG AAG CCT TGC GAC ACC ATG AAA GTT GGT GGA AAC CTG Ile Glu Gln Arg Lys Pro Cys Asp Thr Met Lys Val Gly Gly Asn Leu	2558
40	715 720 725	
	GAT TCC AAA GGC TAT GGC ATC GCA ACA CCT AAA GGA TCC TCA TTA GGA Asp Ser Lys Gly Tyr Gly Ile Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly	2606
	730 735 740	
45	ACC CCA GTA AAT CTT GCA GTA TTG AAA CTC AGT GAG CAA GGC GTC TTA Thr Pro Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Ser Glu Gln Gly Val Leu	2654
	745 750 755 760	
	GAC AAG CTG AAA AAC AAA TGG TGG TAC GAT AAA GGT GAA TGT GGA GCC Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly Ala	2702
	765 770 775	
50	AAG GAC TCT GGA AGT AAG GAA AAG ACC AGT GCC CTC AGT CTG AGC AAC Lys Asp Ser Gly Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn	2750
	780 785 790	
	GTT GCT GGA GTA TTC TAC ATC CTT GTC GGG GGC CTT GGT TTG GCA ATG Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Val Gly Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Met	2798
55	795 800 805	

5 CTG GTG GCT TTG ATT GAG TTC TGT TAC AAG TCA AGG GCC GAG GCG AAA 2846
 Leu Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys Ser Arg Ala Glu Ala Lys
 810 815 820
 CGA ATG AAG GTG GCA AAG AAT GCA CAG AAT ATT AAC CCA TCT TCC TCG 2894
 Arg Met Lys Val Ala Lys Asn Ala Gln Asn Ile Asn Pro Ser Ser Ser
 825 830 835 840
 10 CAG AAT TCA CAG AAT TTT GCA ACT TAT AAG GAA GGT TAC AAC GTA TAT 2942
 Gln Asn Ser Gln Asn Phe Ala Thr Tyr Lys Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val Tyr
 845 850 855
 GGC ATC GAA AGT GTT AAA ATT TAGGGGATGA CCTTGAATGA TGCCATGAGG 2993
 15 Gly Ile Glu Ser Val Lys Ile
 860
 AACAAAGGCAA GGCTGTCAAT TACAGGAAGT ACTGGAGAAA ATGGACGTGT TATGACTCCA 3053
 GAATTTCCCA AAGCNGTGCA TGCTGTCCCT TACGTGAGTC CTGGCATGGG AATGAATGTC 3113
 20 AGTGTGACTG ATCTCTCGTG ATTGATAAGA ACCTTTTGAG TGCCTTACAC AATGGTTTTTC 3173
 TTGTGTGTTT ATTGTCAAAG TGGTGAGAGG CATCCAGTAT CTTGAAGACT TTTCTTTTCAG 3233
 CCAAGAATTC TTAAATATGT GGAGTTCATC TTGAATTGTA AGGAATGATT AATTAAAACA 3293
 25 CAACATCTTT TTCTACTCGA GTTACAGACA AAGCGTGGTG GACATGCACA GCTAACATGG 3353
 AAGTACTATA ATTTACCTGA AGTCTTTGTA CAGACAACAA ACCTGTTTCT GCAG 3407

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 883 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 35 (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:
 Met Gln Lys Ile Met His Ile Ser Val Leu Leu Ser Pro Val Leu Trp
 -20 -15 -10 -5
 40 Gly Leu Ile Phe Gly Val Ser Ser Asn Ser Ile Gln Ile Gly Gly Leu
 1 5 10
 Phe Pro Arg Gly Ala Asp Gln Glu Tyr Ser Ala Phe Arg Val Gly Met
 15 20 25
 45 Val Gln Phe Ser Thr Ser Glu Phe Arg Leu Thr Pro His Ile Asp Asn
 30 35 40
 Leu Glu Val Ala Asn Ser Phe Ala Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Cys Ser Gln
 45 50 55 60
 Phe Ser Arg Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe Gly Phe Tyr Asp Lys Lys Ser
 50 65 70 75
 Val Asn Thr Ile Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly Thr Leu His Val Ser Phe Ile
 80 85 90
 Thr Pro S r Phe Pro Thr Asp Gly Thr His Pro Phe Val Ile Gln Met
 95 100 105

Arg Pro Asp Leu Lys Gly Ala Leu Leu Ser Leu Ile Glu Tyr Tyr Gln
 110 115 120
 5 Trp Asp Lys Phe Ala Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Ser Asp Arg Gly Leu Ser Thr
 125 130 135 140
 Leu Gln Ala Val Leu Asp Ser Ala Ala Glu Lys Lys Trp Gln Val Thr
 145 150 155
 10 Ala Ile Asn Val Gly Asn Ile Asn Asn Asp Lys Lys Asp Glu Met Tyr
 160 165 170
 Arg Ser Leu Phe Gln Asp Leu Glu Leu Lys Lys Glu Arg Arg Val Ile
 175 180 185
 15 Leu Asp Cys Glu Arg Asp Lys Val Asn Asp Ile Val Asp Gln Val Ile
 190 195 200
 Thr Ile Gly Lys His Val Lys Gly Tyr His Tyr Ile Ile Ala Asn Leu
 205 210 215 220
 20 Gly Phe Thr Asp Gly Asp Leu Leu Lys Ile Gln Phe Gly Gly Ala Asn
 225 230 235
 Val Ser Gly Phe Gln Ile Val Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Leu Val Ser Lys
 240 245 250
 25 Phe Ile Glu Arg Trp Ser Thr Leu Glu Glu Lys Glu Tyr Pro Gly Ala
 255 260 265
 His Thr Thr Thr Ile Lys Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr Tyr Asp Ala Val
 270 275 280
 30 Gln Val Met Thr Glu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Arg Lys Gln Arg Ile Glu
 285 290 295 300
 Ile Ser Arg Arg Gly Asn Ala Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ala Val
 305 310 315
 35 Pro Trp Gly Gln Gly Val Glu Ile Glu Arg Ala Leu Lys Gln Val Gln
 320 325 330
 Val Glu Gly Leu Ser Gly Asn Ile Lys Phe Asp Gln Asn Gly Lys Arg
 335 340 345
 40 Ile Asn Tyr Thr Ile Asn Ile Met Glu Leu Lys Thr Asn Gly Pro Arg
 350 355 360
 Lys Ile Gly Tyr Trp Ser Glu Val Asp Lys Met Val Val Thr Leu Thr
 365 370 375 380
 45 Glu Leu Pro Ser Gly Asn Asp Thr Ser Gly Leu Glu Asn Lys Thr Val
 385 390 395
 Val Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Glu Ser Pro Tyr Val Met Met Lys Lys Asn
 400 405 410
 50 His Glu Met Leu Glu Gly Asn Glu Arg Tyr Glu Gly Tyr Cys Val Asp
 415 420 425
 Leu Ala Ala Glu Ile Ala Lys His Cys Gly Phe Lys Tyr Lys Leu Thr
 430 435 440
 55 Ile Val Gly Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gly Ala Arg Asp Ala Asp Thr Lys Ile
 445 450 455 460

Trp Asn Gly Met Val Gly Glu Leu Val Tyr Gly Lys Ala Asp Ile Ala
 465 470 475
 5 Ile Ala Pro Leu Thr Ile Thr Leu Val Arg Glu Glu Val Ile Asp Phe
 480 485 490
 Ser Lys Pro Phe Met Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Ile Met Ile Lys Lys Pro
 495 500 505
 10 Gln Lys Ser Lys Pro Gly Val Phe Ser Phe Leu Asp Pro Leu Ala Tyr
 510 515 520
 Glu Ile Trp Met Cys Ile Val Phe Ala Tyr Ile Gly Val Ser Val Val
 525 530 535 540
 15 Leu Phe Leu Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Pro Tyr Glu Trp His Thr Glu Glu
 545 550 555
 Phe Glu Asp Gly Arg Glu Thr Gln Ser Ser Glu Ser Thr Asn Glu Phe
 560 565 570
 20 Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Leu Trp Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala Phe Met Arg Gln
 575 580 585
 Gly Cys Asp Ile Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Ile Val Gly Gly
 590 595 600
 25 Val Trp Trp Phe Phe Thr Leu Ile Ile Ile Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala Asn
 605 610 615 620
 Leu Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr Val Glu Arg Met Val Ser Pro Ile Glu Ser
 625 630 635
 30 Ala Glu Asp Leu Ser Lys Gln Thr Glu Ile Ala Tyr Gly Thr Leu Asp
 640 645 650
 Ser Gly Ser Thr Lys Glu Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser Lys Ile Ala Val Phe
 655 660 665
 35 Asp Lys Met Trp Thr Tyr Met Arg Ser Ala Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Val
 670 675 680
 Arg Thr Thr Ala Glu Gly Val Ala Arg Val Arg Lys Ser Lys Gly Lys
 685 690 695 700
 40 Tyr Ala Tyr Leu Leu Glu Ser Thr Met Asn Glu Tyr Ile Glu Gln Arg
 705 710 715
 Lys Pro Cys Asp Thr Met Lys Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Gly
 720 725 730
 45 Tyr Gly Ile Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Ser Ser Leu Gly Thr Pro Val Asn
 735 740 745
 Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Ser Glu Gln Gly Val Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys
 750 755 760
 50 Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly Ala Lys Asp Ser Gly
 765 770 775 780
 Ser Lys Glu Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Val Ala Gly Val
 785 790 795
 55 Ph Tyr Ile L u Val Gly Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Met Leu Val Ala Leu
 800 805 810

5 Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys Ser Arg Ala Glu Ala Lys Arg Met Lys Val
 815 820 825
 Ala Lys Asn Ala Gln Asn Ile Asn Pro Ser Ser Ser Gln Asn Ser Gln
 830 835 840
 10 Asn Phe Ala Thr Tyr Lys Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val Tyr Gly Ile Glu Ser
 845 850 855 860
 Val Lys Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 2761 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 79..144

25 (ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
 (B) LOCATION: 145..2745

(ix) FEATURE:
 (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
 (B) LOCATION: 79..2745
 30

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

	GAATTCCTGA CGACTCCTGA GTTGCGCCCA TGCTCTGTGTC AGCTTCGTTT TAGGCGTAGC	60
35	ATGGCCAGGC AGAAGAAA ATG GGG CAA AGC GTG CTC CGG GCG GTC TTC TTT Met Gly Gln Ser Val Leu Arg Ala Val Phe Phe -22 -20 -15	111
40	TTA GTC CTG GGG CTT TTG GGT CAT TCT CAC GGA GGA TTC CCC AAC ACC Leu Val Leu Gly Leu Leu His Ser His Gly Gly Phe Pro Asn Thr -10 -5 1 5	159
	ATC AGC ATA GGT GGA CTT TTC ATG AGA AAC ACA GTG CAG GAG CAC AGC Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly Leu Phe Met Arg Asn Thr Val Gln Glu His Ser 10 15 20	207
45	GCT TTC CGC TTT GCC GTG CAG TTA TAC AAC ACC AAC CAG AAC ACC ACC Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Gln Leu Tyr Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Thr 25 30 35	255
	GAG AAG CCC TTC CAT TTG AAT TAC CAC GTA GAT CAC TTG GAT TCC TCC Glu Lys Pro Phe His Leu Asn Tyr His Val Asp His Leu Asp Ser Ser 40 45 50	303
50	AAT AGT TTT TCC GTG ACA AAT GCT TTC TGC TCC CAG TTC TCG AGA GGG Asn Ser Phe Ser Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser Arg Gly 55 60 65	351
55	GTG TAT GCC ATC TTT GGA TTC TAT GAC CAG ATG TCA ATG AAC ACC CTG Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe Gly Phe Tyr Asp Gln Met Ser Met Asn Thr Leu 70 75 80 85	399

5	ACC TCC TTC TGT GGG GCC CTG CAC ACA TCC TTT GTT ACG CCT AGC TTC	447
	Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly 90 Ala Leu His Thr Ser Phe 95 Val Thr Pro Ser Phe 100	
	CCC ACT GAC GCA GAT GTG CAG TTT GTC ATC CAG ATG CGC CCA GCC TTG	495
	Pro Thr Asp Ala Asp Val Gln Phe 110 Val Ile Gln Met Arg Pro Ala Leu 115	
10	AAG GGC GCT ATT CTG AGT CTT CTG GGT CAT TAC AAG TGG GAG AAG TTT	543
	Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Leu 125 Gly His Tyr Lys Trp Glu Lys Phe 130	
	GTG TAC CTC TAT GAC ACA GAA CGA GGA TTT TCC ATC CTC CAA GCG ATT	591
15	Val Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Thr 140 Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Leu Gln Ala Ile 145	
	ATG GAA GCA GCA GTG CAA AAC AAC TGG CAA GTA ACA GCA AGG TCT GTG	639
	Met Glu Ala Ala Val 155 Gln Asn Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Arg Ser Val 165	
20	GGA AAC ATA AAG GAC GTC CAA GAA TTC AGG CGC ATC ATT GAA GAA ATG	687
	Gly Asn Ile Lys Asp Val 170 Gln Glu Phe Arg Ile Ile Glu Glu Met 180	
	GAC AGG AGG CAG GAA AAG CGA TAC TTG ATT GAC TGC GAA GTC GAA AGG	735
25	Asp Arg Arg Gln Glu Lys Arg Tyr 190 Ile Asp Cys Glu Val Glu Arg 195	
	ATT AAC ACA ATT TTG GAA CAG GTT GTG ATC CTA GGG AAA CAC TCA AGA	783
	Ile Asn Thr Ile Leu Glu Gln Val Val Ile Leu Gly Lys His Ser Arg 210	
30	GGT TAT CAC TAC ATG CTC GCT AAC CTG GGT TTT ACT GAT ATT TTA CTG	831
	Gly Tyr His Tyr Met Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Thr Asp Ile Leu Leu 225	
	GAA AGA GTC ATG CAT GGG GGA GCC AAC ATT ACA GGT TTC CAG ATT GTC	879
	Glu Arg Val Met His Gly Gly Ala Asn Ile Thr Gly Phe Gln Ile Val 245	
35	AAC AAT GAA AAC CCT ATG GTT CAG CAG TTC ATA CAG CGC TGG GTG AGG	927
	Asn Asn Glu Asn Pro Met Val Gln Gln Phe Ile Gln Arg Trp Val Arg 260	
	CTG GAT GAA AGG GAA TTC CCT GAA GCC AAG AAT GCA CCA CTA AAG TAT	975
40	Leu Asp Glu Arg Glu Phe Pro Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Pro Leu Lys Tyr 275	
	ACA TCT GCA TTG ACA CAC GAC GCA ATA CTG GTC ATA GCA GAA GCT TTC	1023
	Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr His Asp Ala Ile Leu Val Ile Ala Glu Ala Phe 290	
45	CGC TAC CTG AGG AGG CAG CGA GTA GAT GTG TCC CGG AGA GGA AGT GCT	1071
	Arg Tyr Leu Arg Arg Gln Arg Val Asp Val Ser Arg Arg Gly Ser Ala 305	
	GGA GAC TGC TTA GCA AAT CCT GCT GTG CCC TGG AGT CAA GGA ATT GAT	1119
	Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ala Val Pro Trp Ser Gln Gly Ile Asp 325	
50	ATT GAG AGA GCT CTG AAA ATG GTG CAA GTA CAA GGA ATG ACT GGA AAT	1167
	Ile Glu Arg Ala Leu Lys Met Val Gln Val Gln Gly Met Thr Gly Asn 340	
55	ATT CAA TTT GAC ACT TAT GGA CGT AGG ACA AAT TAT ACC ATC GAT GTG	1215
	Ile Gln Phe Asp Thr Tyr Gly Arg Thr Asn Tyr Thr Ile Asp Val 355	

5	TAT GAA ATG AAA GTC AGT GGC TCT CGA AAA GCT GGC TAC TGG AAC GAG Tyr Glu Met Lys Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Lys Ala Gly Tyr Trp Asn Glu 360 365 370	1263
10	TAT GAA AGG TTT GTG CCT TTC TCA GAT CAG CAA ATC AGC AAT GAC AGT Tyr Glu Arg Phe Val Pro Phe Ser Asp Gln Gln Ile Ser Asn Asp Ser 375 380 385	1311
15	GCA TCC TCA GAG AAT CGG ACC ATA GTA GTG ACT ACC ATT CTG GAA TCA Ala Ser Ser Glu Asn Arg Thr Ile Val Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Glu Ser 390 395 400 405	1359
20	CCA TAT GTA ATG TAC AAG AAG AAC CAT GAG CAA CTG GAA GGA AAT GAA Pro Tyr Val Met Tyr Lys Lys Asn His Glu Gln Leu Glu Gly Asn Glu 410 415 420	1407
25	CGA TAT GAA GGC TAT TGT GTA GAC CTA GCC TAT GAA ATA GCC AAA CAT Arg Tyr Glu Gly Tyr Cys Val Asp Leu Ala Tyr Glu Ile Ala Lys His 425 430 435	1455
30	GTA AGG ATC AAA TAC AAA TTG TCC ATC GTT GGT GAC GGG AAA TAT GGT Val Arg Ile Lys Tyr Lys Leu Ser Ile Val Gly Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gly 440 445 450	1503
35	GCA AGG GAT CCA GAG ACT AAA ATA TGG AAC GGC ATG GTT GGG GAA CTT Ala Arg Asp Pro Glu Thr Lys Ile Trp Asn Gly Met Val Gly Glu Leu 455 460 465	1551
40	GTC TAT GGG AGA GCT GAT ATA GCT GTT GCT CCA CTC ACT ATA ACA TTG Val Tyr Gly Arg Ala Asp Ile Ala Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Ile Thr Leu 470 475 480 485	1599
45	GTC CGT GAA GAA GTC ATA GAT TTT TCA AAG CCA TTA ATG AGC CTG GGC Val Arg Glu Glu Val Ile Asp Phe Ser Lys Pro Leu Met Ser Leu Gly 490 495 500	1647
50	ATC TCC ATC ATG ATA AAG AAG CCT CAG AAA TCA AAA CCA GGC GTA TTC Ile Ser Ile Met Ile Lys Lys Pro Gln Lys Ser Lys Pro Gly Val Phe 505 510 515	1695
55	TCA TTT CTG GAT CCC CTG GCT TAT GAA ATC TGG ATG TGC ATT GTC TTT Ser Phe Leu Asp Pro Leu Ala Tyr Glu Ile Trp Met Cys Ile Val Phe 520 525 530	1743
60	GCT TAC ATT GGA GTC AGC GTA GTT CTT TTC CTA GTC AGC AGG TTC AGT Ala Tyr Ile Gly Val Ser Val Val Leu Phe Leu Val Ser Arg Phe Ser 535 540 545	1791
65	CCT TAT GAA TGG CAC TTG GAA GAC AAC AAT GAA GAA CCT CGT GAC CCA Pro Tyr Glu Trp His Leu Glu Asp Asn Asn Glu Glu Pro Arg Asp Pro 550 555 560 565	1839
70	CAA AGT CCT CCT GAT CCT CCA AAT GAA TTT GGA ATA TTT AAC AGT CTT Gln Ser Pro Pro Asp Pro Pro Asn Glu Phe Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Leu 570 575 580	1887
75	TGG TTT TCC TTG GGT GCC TTT ATG CAG CAA GGA TGT GAT ATT TCT CCA Trp Phe Ser Leu Gly Ala Phe Met Gln Gln Gly Cys Asp Ile Ser Pro 585 590 595	1935
80	AGA TCA CTC TCC GGG CGC ATT GTT GGA GGG GTT TGG TGG TTC TTC ACC Arg Ser Leu Ser Gly Arg Ile Val Gly Gly Val Trp Trp Phe Phe Thr 600 605 610	1983
85	CTG ATC ATA ATT TCT TCC TAT ACT GCC AAT CTC GCT GCT TTC CTG ACT Leu Ile Ile Ile Ser Ser Tyr Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr 615 620 625	2031

5	GTG GAG AGG ATG GTT TCT CCC ATA GAG AGT GCT GAA GAC TTA GCT AAA Val Glu Arg Met Val Ser Pro Ile Glu Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys 630 635 640 645	2079
	CAG ACT GAA ATT GCA TAT GGG ACC CTG GAC TCC GGT TCA ACA AAA GAA Gln Thr Glu Ile Ala Tyr Gly Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Lys Glu 650 655 660	2127
10	TTT TTC AGA AGA TCC AAA ATT GCT GTG TAC GAG AAA ATG TGG TCT TAC Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser Lys Ile Ala Val Tyr Glu Lys Met Trp Ser Tyr 665 670 675	2175
15	ATG AAA TCA GCG GAG CCA TCT GTG TTT ACC AAA ACA ACA GCA GAC GGA Met Lys Ser Ala Glu Pro Ser Val Phe Thr Lys Thr Thr Ala Asp Gly 680 685 690	2223
	GTG GCC CGA GTG CGA AAG TCC AAG GGA AAG TTC GCC TTC CTG CTG GAG Val Ala Arg Val Arg Lys Ser Lys Gly Lys Phe Ala Phe Leu Leu Glu 695 700 705	2271
20	TCA ACC ATG AAT GAG TAC ATT GAG CAG AGA AAA CCA TGT GAT ACG ATG Ser Thr Met Asn Glu Tyr Ile Glu Gln Arg Lys Pro Cys Asp Thr Met 710 715 720 725	2319
25	AAA GTT GGT GGA AAT CTG GAT TCC AAA GGC TAT GGT GTG GCA ACC CCT Lys Val Gly Gly Asn Leu Asp Ser Lys Gly Tyr Gly Val Ala Thr Pro 730 735 740	2367
	AAA GGC TCA GCA TTA GGA AAT GCT GTT AAC CTG GCA GTA TTA AAA CTG Lys Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Asn Ala Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu 745 750 755	2415
30	AAT GAG CAA GGC CTC TTG GAC AAA TTG AAA AAC AAA TGG TGG TAC GAC Asn Glu Gln Gly Leu Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp 760 765 770	2463
35	AAA GGA GAG TGC GGC AGC GGG GGC GGT GAC TCC AAG GAC AAG ACC AGC Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Asp Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr Ser 775 780 785	2511
	GCT CTG AGC CTG AGC AAT GTG GCA GGC GTT TTC TAT ATA CTT GTC GGA Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Val Gly 790 795 800 805	2559
40	GGT CTG GGG CTG GCC ATG ATG GTG GCT TTG ATA GAA TTC TGT TAC AAA Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Met Met Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys 810 815 820	2607
	TCA CGG GCA GAG TCC AAA CGC ATG AAA CTC ACA AAG AAC ACC CAA AAC Ser Arg Ala Glu Ser Lys Arg Met Lys Leu Thr Lys Asn Thr Gln Asn 825 830 835	2655
45	TTT AAG CCT GCT CCT GCC ACC AAC ACT CAG AAT TAT GCT ACA TAC AGA Phe Lys Pro Ala Pro Ala Thr Asn Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Arg 840 845 850	2703
50	GAA GGC TAC AAC GTG TAT GGA ACA GAG AGT GTT AAG ATC TAGGGATCCC Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val Tyr Gly Thr Glu Ser Val Lys Ile 855 860 865	2752
	TTGGAATTC	2761

55

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 888 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Met Gly Gln Ser Val Leu Arg Ala Val Phe Phe Leu Val Leu Gly Leu
 -22 -20 -15 -10

Leu Gly His Ser His Gly Gly Phe Pro Asn Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly
 -5 1 5 10

Leu Phe Met Arg Asn Thr Val Gln Glu His Ser Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala
 15 20 25

Val Gln Leu Tyr Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Thr Glu Lys Pro Phe His
 30 35 40

Leu Asn Tyr His Val Asp His Leu Asp Ser Ser Asn Ser Phe Ser Val
 45 50 55

Thr Asn Ala Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser Arg Gly Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe
 60 65 70

Gly Phe Tyr Asp Gln Met Ser Met Asn Thr Leu Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly
 75 80 85 90

Ala Leu His Thr Ser Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Asp Ala Asp
 95 100 105

Val Gln Phe Val Ile Gln Met Arg Pro Ala Leu Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu
 110 115 120

Ser Leu Leu Gly His Tyr Lys Trp Glu Lys Phe Val Tyr Leu Tyr Asp
 125 130 135

Thr Glu Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Leu Gln Ala Ile Met Glu Ala Ala Val
 140 145 150

Gln Asn Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Arg Ser Val Gly Asn Ile Lys Asp
 155 160 165 170

Val Gln Glu Phe Arg Arg Ile Ile Glu Glu Met Asp Arg Arg Gln Glu
 175 180 185

Lys Arg Tyr Leu Ile Asp Cys Glu Val Glu Arg Ile Asn Thr Ile Leu
 190 195 200

Glu Gln Val Val Ile Leu Gly Lys His Ser Arg Gly Tyr His Tyr Met
 205 210 215

Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Thr Asp Ile Leu Leu Glu Arg Val Met His
 220 225 230

Gly Gly Ala Asn Ile Thr Gly Phe Gln Ile Val Asn Asn Glu Asn Pro
 235 240 245 250

Met Val Gln Gln Phe Ile Gln Arg Trp Val Arg Leu Asp Glu Arg Glu
 255 260 265

Phe Pro Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Pro Leu Lys Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr
 270 275 280

	His	Asp	Ala	Ile	Leu	Val	Ile	Ala	Glu	Ala	Phe	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Arg	Arg	
			285						290				295				
5	Gln	Arg	Val	Asp	Val	Ser	Arg	Arg	Gly	Ser	Ala	Gly	Asp	Cys	Leu	Ala	
		300					305					310					
	Asn	Pro	Ala	Val	Pro	Trp	Ser	Gln	Gly	Ile	Asp	Ile	Glu	Arg	Ala	Leu	
		315				320					325					330	
10	Lys	Met	Val	Gln	Val	Gln	Gly	Met	Thr	Gly	Asn	Ile	Gln	Phe	Asp	Thr	
					335					340					345		
	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Arg	Thr	Asn	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Asp	Val	Tyr	Glu	Met	Lys	Val	
				350					355					360			
15	Ser	Gly	Ser	Arg	Lys	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Arg	Phe	Val	
			365					370					375				
	Pro	Phe	Ser	Asp	Gln	Gln	Ile	Ser	Asn	Asp	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ser	Glu	Asn	
		380					385					390					
20	Arg	Thr	Ile	Val	Val	Thr	Thr	Ile	Leu	Glu	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Val	Met	Tyr	
		395				400					405					410	
	Lys	Lys	Asn	His	Glu	Gln	Leu	Glu	Gly	Asn	Glu	Arg	Tyr	Glu	Gly	Tyr	
				415						420					425		
25	Cys	Val	Asp	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Ala	Lys	His	Val	Arg	Ile	Lys	Tyr	
				430					435					440			
	Lys	Leu	Ser	Ile	Val	Gly	Asp	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Arg	Asp	Pro	Glu	
			445					450					455				
30	Thr	Lys	Ile	Trp	Asn	Gly	Met	Val	Gly	Glu	Leu	Val	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Ala	
		460					465					470					
	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Ala	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	Val	Arg	Glu	Glu	Val	
		475				480					485					490	
35	Ile	Asp	Phe	Ser	Lys	Pro	Leu	Met	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ile	Ser	Ile	Met	Ile	
					495					500					505		
	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Ser	Lys	Pro	Gly	Val	Phe	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Pro	
				510					515					520			
40	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Trp	Met	Cys	Ile	Val	Phe	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Val	
			525					530					535				
	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Trp	His	
		540					545					550					
45	Leu	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asn	Glu	Glu	Pro	Arg	Asp	Pro	Gln	Ser	Pro	Pro	Asp	
		555				560					565					570	
	Pro	Pro	Asn	Glu	Phe	Gly	Ile	Phe	Asn	Ser	Leu	Trp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Gly	
				575						580					585		
50	Ala	Phe	Met	Gln	Gln	Gly	Cys	Asp	Ile	Ser	Pro	Arg	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	
				590					595					600			
	Arg	Ile	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Trp	Trp	Phe	Phe	Thr	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	
			605					610					615				
55	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Asn	L u	Ala	Ala	Phe	Leu	Thr	Val	Glu	Arg	Met	Val	
		620					625					630					

Ser Pro Ile Glu Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys Gln Thr Glu Ile Ala
 635 640 645 650
 5 Tyr Gly Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Lys Glu Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser
 655 660 665
 Lys Ile Ala Val Tyr Glu Lys Met Trp Ser Tyr Met Lys Ser Ala Glu
 670 675 680
 10 Pro Ser Val Phe Thr Lys Thr Thr Ala Asp Gly Val Ala Arg Val Arg
 685 690 695
 Lys Ser Lys Gly Lys Phe Ala Phe Leu Leu Glu Ser Thr Met Asn Glu
 700 705 710
 15 Tyr Ile Glu Gln Arg Lys Pro Cys Asp Thr Met Lys Val Gly Gly Asn
 715 720 725 730
 Leu Asp Ser Lys Gly Tyr Gly Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Ser Ala Leu
 735 740 745
 20 Gly Asn Ala Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Asn Glu Gln Gly Leu
 750 755 760
 Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly
 765 770 775
 25 Ser Gly Gly Gly Asp Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser
 780 785 790
 Asn Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Val Gly Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala
 795 800 805 810
 30 Met Met Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys Ser Arg Ala Glu Ser
 815 820 825
 Lys Arg Met Lys Leu Thr Lys Asn Thr Gln Asn Phe Lys Pro Ala Pro
 830 835 840
 35 Ala Thr Asn Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Arg Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val
 845 850 855
 Tyr Gly Thr Glu Ser Val Lys Ile
 860 865

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 3070 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: sig_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 79..144

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: mat_peptide
- (B) LOCATION: 145..2745

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: 79..2745

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

	GAATTCCTGA CGACTCCTGA GTTGCGCCCA TGCTCTTGTC AGCTTCGTTT TAGGCGTAGC	60
10	ATGGCCAGGC AGAAGAAA ATG GGG CAA AGC GTG CTC CGG GCG GTC TTC TTT	111
	Met Gly Gln Ser Val Leu Arg Ala Val Phe Phe	
	-22 -20 -15	
15	TTA GTC CTG GGG CTT TTG GGT CAT TCT CAC GGA GGA TTC CCC AAC ACC	159
	Leu Val Leu Leu Gly Leu Leu His Ser His Gly Gly Phe Pro Asn Thr	
	-10 -5 1 5	
	ATC AGC ATA GGT GGA CTT TTC ATG AGA AAC ACA GTG CAG GAG CAC AGC	207
	Ile Ser Ile Gly Leu Phe Met Arg Asn Thr Val Gln Glu His Ser	
	10 15 20	
20	GCT TTC CGC TTT GCC GTG CAG TTA TAC AAC ACC AAC CAG AAC ACC ACC	255
	Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Gln Leu Tyr Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Thr	
	25 30 35	
25	GAG AAG CCC TTC CAT TTG AAT TAC CAC GTA GAT CAC TTG GAT TCC TCC	303
	Glu Lys Pro Phe His Leu Asn Tyr His Val Asp His Leu Asp Ser Ser	
	40 45 50	
	AAT AGT TTT TCC GTG ACA AAT GCT TTC TGC TCC CAG TTC TCG AGA GGG	351
	Asn Ser Phe Ser Val Thr Asn Ala Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser Arg Gly	
	55 60 65	
30	GTG TAT GCC ATC TTT GGA TTC TAT GAC CAG ATG TCA ATG AAC ACC CTG	399
	Val Tyr Ala Ile Phe Gly Phe Tyr Asp Gln Met Ser Met Asn Thr Leu	
	70 75 80 85	
	ACC TCC TTC TGT GGG GCC CTG CAC ACA TCC TTT GTT ACG CCT AGC TTC	447
	Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly Ala Leu His Thr Ser Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Phe	
	90 95 100	
35	CCC ACT GAC GCA GAT GTG CAG TTT GTC ATC CAG ATG CGC CCA GCC TTG	495
	Pro Thr Asp Ala Asp Val Gln Phe Val Ile Gln Met Arg Pro Ala Leu	
	105 110 115	
40	AAG GGC GCT ATT CTG AGT CTT CTG GGT CAT TAC AAG TGG GAG AAG TTT	543
	Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Ser Leu Leu Gly His Tyr Lys Trp Glu Lys Phe	
	120 125 130	
	GTG TAC CTC TAT GAC ACA GAA CGA GGA TTT TCC ATC CTC CAA GCG ATT	591
	Val Tyr Leu Tyr Asp Thr Glu Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Leu Gln Ala Ile	
	135 140 145	
45	ATG GAA GCA GCA GTG CAA AAC AAC TGG CAA GTA ACA GCA AGG TCT GTG	639
	Met Glu Ala Ala Val Gln Asn Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Arg Ser Val	
	150 155 160 165	
	GGA AAC ATA AAG GAC GTC CAA GAA TTC AGG CGC ATC ATT GAA GAA ATG	687
	Gly Asn Ile Lys Asp Val Gln Glu Phe Arg Arg Ile Ile Glu Glu Met	
	170 175 180	
50	GAC AGG AGG CAG GAA AAG CGA TAC TTG ATT GAC TGC GAA GTC GAA AGG	735
	Asp Arg Arg Gln Glu Lys Arg Tyr Leu Ile Asp Cys Glu Val Glu Arg	
	185 190 195	

55

5	ATT AAC ACA ATT TTG GAA CAG GTT GTG ATC CTA GGG AAA CAC TCA AGA Ile Asn Thr Ile Leu Glu Gln Val Val Ile Leu Gly Lys His Ser Arg 200 205 210	783
10	GGT TAT CAC TAC ATG CTC GCT AAC CTG GGT TTT ACT GAT ATT TTA CTG Gly Tyr His Tyr Met Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Thr Asp Ile Leu Leu 215 220 225	831
	GAA AGA GTC ATG CAT GGG GGA GCC AAC ATT ACA GGT TTC CAG ATT GTC Glu Arg Val Met His Gly Gly Ala Asn Ile Thr Gly Phe Gln Ile Val 230 235 240 245	879
15	AAC AAT GAA AAC CCT ATG GTT CAG CAG TTC ATA CAG CGC TGG GTG AGG Asn Asn Glu Asn Pro Met Val Gln Gln Phe Ile Gln Arg Trp Val Arg 250 255 260	927
	CTG GAT GAA AGG GAA TTC CCT GAA GCC AAG AAT GCA CCA CTA AAG TAT Leu Asp Glu Arg Glu Phe Pro Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Pro Leu Lys Tyr 265 270 275	975
20	ACA TCT GCA TTG ACA CAC GAC GCA ATA CTG GTC ATA GCA GAA GCT TTC Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr His Asp Ala Ile Leu Val Ile Ala Glu Ala Phe 280 285 290	1023
25	CGC TAC CTG AGG AGG CAG CGA GTA GAT GTG TCC CGG AGA GGA AGT GCT Arg Tyr Leu Arg Arg Gln Arg Val Asp Val Ser Arg Arg Gly Ser Ala 295 300 305	1071
	GGA GAC TGC TTA GCA AAT CCT GCT GTG CCC TGG AGT CAA GGA ATT GAT Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala Asn Pro Ala Val Pro Trp Ser Gln Gly Ile Asp 310 315 320 325	1119
30	ATT GAG AGA GCT CTG AAA ATG GTG CAA GTA CAA GGA ATG ACT GGA AAT Ile Glu Arg Ala Leu Lys Met Val Gln Val Gln Gly Met Thr Gly Asn 330 335 340	1167
	ATT CAA TTT GAC ACT TAT GGA CGT AGG ACA AAT TAT ACC ATC GAT GTG Ile Gln Phe Asp Thr Tyr Gly Arg Thr Asn Tyr Thr Ile Asp Val 345 350 355	1215
35	TAT GAA ATG AAA GTC AGT GGC TCT CGA AAA GCT GGC TAC TGG AAC GAG Tyr Glu Met Lys Val Ser Gly Ser Arg Lys Ala Gly Tyr Trp Asn Glu 360 365 370	1263
40	TAT GAA AGG TTT GTG CCT TTC TCA GAT CAG CAA ATC AGC AAT GAC AGT Tyr Glu Arg Phe Val Pro Phe Ser Asp Gln Gln Ile Ser Asn Asp Ser 375 380 385	1311
	GCA TCC TCA GAG AAT CGG ACC ATA GTA GTG ACT ACC ATT CTG GAA TCA Ala Ser Ser Glu Asn Arg Thr Ile Val Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Glu Ser 390 395 400 405	1359
45	CCA TAT GTA ATG TAC AAG AAG AAC CAT GAG CAA CTG GAA GGA AAT GAA Pro Tyr Val Met Tyr Lys Lys Asn His Glu Gln Leu Glu Gly Asn Glu 410 415 420	1407
50	CGA TAT GAA GGC TAT TGT GTA GAC CTA GCC TAT GAA ATA GCC AAA CAT Arg Tyr Glu Gly Tyr Cys Val Asp Leu Ala Tyr Glu Ile Ala Lys His 425 430 435	1455
	GTA AGG ATC AAA TAC AAA TTG TCC ATC GTT GGT GAC GGG AAA TAT GGT Val Arg Ile Lys Tyr Lys Leu Ser Ile Val Gly Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gly 440 445 450	1503
55	GCA AGG GAT CCA GAG ACT AAA ATA TGG AAC GGC ATG GTT GGG GAA CTT Ala Arg Asp Pro Glu Thr Lys Ile Trp Asn Gly Met Val Gly Glu Leu 455 460 465	1551

5	GTC	TAT	GGG	AGA	GCT	GAT	ATA	GCT	GTT	GCT	CCA	CTC	ACT	ATA	ACA	TTG	1599
	Val	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Ala	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Ala	Pro	Leu	Thr	Ile	Thr	Leu	
	470					475					480					485	
	GTC	CGT	GAA	GAA	GTC	ATA	GAT	TTT	TCA	AAG	CCA	TTA	ATG	AGC	CTG	GGC	1647
	Val	Arg	Glu	Glu	Val	Ile	Asp	Phe	Ser	Lys	Pro	Leu	Met	Ser	Gly	Gly	
					490					495					500		
10	ATC	TCC	ATC	ATG	ATA	AAG	AAG	CCT	CAG	AAA	TCA	AAA	CCA	GGC	GTA	TTC	1695
	Ile	Ser	Ile	Met	Ile	Lys	Lys	Pro	Gln	Lys	Ser	Lys	Pro	Gly	Val	Phe	
				505					510					515			
15	TCA	TTT	CTG	GAT	CCC	CTG	GCT	TAT	GAA	ATC	TGG	ATG	TGC	ATT	GTC	TTT	1743
	Ser	Phe	Leu	Asp	Pro	Leu	Ala	Tyr	Glu	Ile	Trp	Met	Cys	Ile	Val	Phe	
			520					525					530				
	GCT	TAC	ATT	GGA	GTC	AGC	GTA	GTT	CTT	TTC	CTA	GTC	AGC	AGG	TTC	AGT	1791
	Ala	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Phe	Leu	Val	Ser	Arg	Phe	Ser	
		535					540					545					
20	CCT	TAT	GAA	TGG	CAC	TTG	GAA	GAC	AAC	AAT	GAA	GAA	CCT	CGT	GAC	CCA	1839
	Pro	Tyr	Glu	Trp	His	Leu	Glu	Asp	Asn	Asn	Glu	Glu	Pro	Arg	Asp	Pro	
	550					555					560				565		
25	CAA	AGT	CCT	CCT	GAT	CCT	CCA	AAT	GAA	TTT	GGA	ATA	TTT	AAC	AGT	CTT	1887
	Gln	Ser	Pro	Pro	Asp	Pro	Pro	Asn	Glu	Phe	Gly	Ile	Phe	Asn	Ser	Leu	
					570					575					580		
	TGG	TTT	TCC	TTG	GGT	GCC	TTT	ATG	CAG	CAA	GGA	TGT	GAT	ATT	TCT	CCA	1935
	Trp	Phe	Ser	Leu	Gly	Ala	Phe	Met	Gln	Gln	Gly	Cys	Asp	Ile	Ser	Pro	
				585					590					595			
30	AGA	TCA	CTC	TCC	GGG	CGC	ATT	GTT	GGA	GGG	GTT	TGG	TGG	TTC	TTC	ACC	1983
	Arg	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	Arg	Ile	Val	Gly	Gly	Val	Trp	Trp	Phe	Phe	Thr	
			600					605					610				
	CTG	ATC	ATA	ATT	TCT	TCC	TAT	ACT	GCC	AAT	CTC	GCT	GCT	TTC	CTG	ACT	2031
	Leu	Ile	Ile	Ile	Ser	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ala	Asn	Leu	Ala	Ala	Phe	Leu	Thr	
		615					620					625					
35	GTG	GAG	AGG	ATG	GTT	TCT	CCC	ATA	GAG	AGT	GCT	GAA	GAC	TTA	GCT	AAA	2079
	Val	Glu	Arg	Met	Val	Ser	Pro	Ile	Glu	Ser	Ala	Glu	Asp	Leu	Ala	Lys	
		630				635					640					645	
40	CAG	ACT	GAA	ATT	GCA	TAT	GGG	ACC	CTG	GAC	TCC	GGT	TCA	ACA	AAA	GAA	2127
	Gln	Thr	Glu	Ile	Ala	Tyr	Gly	Thr	Leu	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Glu	
				650						655					660		
	TTT	TTC	AGA	AGA	TCC	AAA	ATT	GCT	GTG	TAC	GAG	AAA	ATG	TGG	TCT	TAC	2175
	Phe	Phe	Arg	Arg	Ser	Lys	Ile	Ala	Val	Tyr	Glu	Lys	Met	Trp	Ser	Tyr	
				665					670					675			
45	ATG	AAA	TCA	GCG	GAG	CCA	TCT	GTG	TTT	ACC	AAA	ACA	ACA	GCA	GAC	GGA	2223
	Met	Lys	Ser	Ala	Glu	Pro	Ser	Val	Phe	Thr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Ala	Asp	Gly	
			680					685					690				
	GTG	GCC	CGA	GTG	CGA	AAG	TCC	AAG	GGA	AAG	TTC	GCC	TTC	CTG	CTG	GAG	2271
	Val	Ala	Arg	Val	Arg	Lys	Ser	Lys	Gly	Lys	Phe	Ala	Phe	Leu	Leu	Glu	
50			695				700					705					
	TCA	ACC	ATG	AAT	GAG	TAC	ATT	GAG	CAG	AGA	AAA	CCA	TGT	GAT	ACG	ATG	2319
	Ser	Thr	Met	Asn	Glu	Tyr	Ile	Glu	Gln	Arg	Lys	Pro	Cys	Asp	Thr	Met	
		710				715					720					725	
55	AAA	GTT	GGT	GGA	AAT	CTG	GAT	TCC	AAA	GGC	TAT	GGT	GTG	GCA	ACC	CCT	2367
	Lys	Val	Gly	Gly	Asn	Leu	Asp	Ser	Lys	Gly	Tyr	Gly	Val	Ala	Thr	Pro	
					730					735					740		

5 AAA GGC TCA GCA TTA GGA ACG CCT GTA AAC CTT GCA GTA TTG AAA CTC 2415
 Lys Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu
 745 750 755

AGT GAA CAA GGC ATC TTA GAC AAG CTG AAA AAC AAA TGG TGG TAC GAT 2463
 Ser Glu Gln Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp
 760 765 770

10 AAG GGG GAA TGT GGA GCC AAG GAC TCC GGG AGT AAG GAC AAG ACC AGC 2511
 Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly Ala Lys Asp Ser Gly Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr Ser
 775 780 785

GCT CTG AGC CTG AGC AAT GTG GCA GGC GTT TTC TAT ATA CTT GTC GGA 2559
 Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser Asn Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Val Gly
 790 795 800 805

GGT CTG GGG CTG GCC ATG ATG GTG GCT TTG ATA GAA TTC TGT TAC AAA 2607
 Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala Met Met Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys
 810 815 820

20 TCA CGG GCA GAG TCC AAA CGC ATG AAA CTC ACA AAG AAC ACC CAA AAC 2655
 Ser Arg Ala Glu Ser Lys Arg Met Lys Leu Thr Lys Asn Thr Gln Asn
 825 830 835

TTT AAG CCT GCT CCT GCC ACC AAC ACT CAG AAT TAT GCT ACA TAC AGA 2703
 Phe Lys Pro Ala Pro Ala Thr Asn Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Arg
 840 845 850

25 GAA GGC TAC AAC GTG TAT GGA ACA GAG AGT GTT AAG ATC TAGGGATCCC 2752
 Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val Tyr Gly Thr Glu Ser Val Lys Ile
 855 860 865

TTCCCACTGG AGGCATGTGA TGAGAGGAAA TCACCGAAAA CGTGGCTGCT TCAAGGATCC 2812

TGAGCCAGAT TTCACTCTCC TTGGTGTCCG GCATGACACG AATATTGCTG ATGGTGCAAT 2872

GACCTTTCAA TAGGAAAAAC TGATTTTTTT TTTCCCTTCAG TGCCTTATGG AACACTCTGA 2932

GACTCGCGAC AATGCAAACC ATCATTGAAA TCTTTTTTGCT TTGCTTGAAA AAAAATAATT 2992

35 AAAATAAAAA CCAACAAAAA TGGACATGCA TCAAACCCCTT GATGTATTAA TATTTATTAT 3052

AGTTTTTCATT AGGAATTC 3070

40 (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 888 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

45 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Met Gly Gln Ser Val Leu Arg Ala Val Phe Phe Leu Val Leu Gly Leu
 -22 -20 -15 -10

50 Leu Gly His Ser His Gly Gly Phe Pro Asn Thr Ile Ser Ile Gly Gly
 -5 1 5 10

Leu Phe Met Arg Asn Thr Val Gln Glu His Ser Ala Phe Arg Phe Ala
 15 20 25

55 Val Gln Leu Tyr Asn Thr Asn Gln Asn Thr Thr Glu Lys Pro Phe His
 30 35 40

Leu Asn Tyr His Val Asp His Leu Asp Ser Ser Asn Ser Phe Ser Val
 45 50 55
 5 Thr Asn Ala Phe Cys Ser Gln Phe Ser Arg Gly Val Tyr Ala Il Phe
 60 65 70
 Gly Phe Tyr Asp Gln Met Ser Met Asn Thr Leu Thr Ser Phe Cys Gly
 75 80 85 90
 10 Ala Leu His Thr Ser Phe Val Thr Pro Ser Phe Pro Thr Asp Ala Asp
 95 100 105
 Val Gln Phe Val Ile Gln Met Arg Pro Ala Leu Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu
 110 115 120
 15 Ser Leu Leu Gly His Tyr Lys Trp Glu Lys Phe Val Tyr Leu Tyr Asp
 125 130 135
 Thr Glu Arg Gly Phe Ser Ile Leu Gln Ala Ile Met Glu Ala Ala Val
 140 145 150
 20 Gln Asn Asn Trp Gln Val Thr Ala Arg Ser Val Gly Asn Ile Lys Asp
 155 160 165 170
 Val Gln Glu Phe Arg Arg Ile Ile Glu Glu Met Asp Arg Arg Gln Glu
 175 180 185
 25 Lys Arg Tyr Leu Ile Asp Cys Glu Val Glu Arg Ile Asn Thr Ile Leu
 190 195 200
 Glu Gln Val Val Ile Leu Gly Lys His Ser Arg Gly Tyr His Tyr Met
 205 210 215
 30 Leu Ala Asn Leu Gly Phe Thr Asp Ile Leu Leu Glu Arg Val Met His
 220 225 230
 Gly Gly Ala Asn Ile Thr Gly Phe Gln Ile Val Asn Asn Glu Asn Pro
 235 240 245 250
 35 Met Val Gln Gln Phe Ile Gln Arg Trp Val Arg Leu Asp Glu Arg Glu
 255 260 265
 Phe Pro Glu Ala Lys Asn Ala Pro Leu Lys Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Thr
 270 275 280
 40 His Asp Ala Ile Leu Val Ile Ala Glu Ala Phe Arg Tyr Leu Arg Arg
 285 290 295
 Gln Arg Val Asp Val Ser Arg Arg Gly Ser Ala Gly Asp Cys Leu Ala
 300 305 310
 45 Asn Pro Ala Val Pro Trp Ser Gln Gly Ile Asp Ile Glu Arg Ala Leu
 315 320 325 330
 Lys Met Val Gln Val Gln Gly Met Thr Gly Asn Ile Gln Phe Asp Thr
 335 340 345
 50 Tyr Gly Arg Arg Thr Asn Tyr Thr Ile Asp Val Tyr Glu Met Lys Val
 350 355 360
 Ser Gly Ser Arg Lys Ala Gly Tyr Trp Asn Glu Tyr Glu Arg Phe Val
 365 370 375
 55 Pro Phe Ser Asp Gln Gln Ile Ser Asn Asp Ser Ala Ser Ser Glu Asn
 380 385 390

Arg Thr Ile Val Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Glu Ser Pro Tyr Val Met Tyr
 395 400 405 410
 5 Lys Lys Asn His Glu Gln Leu Glu Gly Asn Glu Arg Tyr Glu Gly Tyr
 415 420 425
 Cys Val Asp Leu Ala Tyr Glu Ile Ala Lys His Val Arg Ile Lys Tyr
 430 435 440
 10 Lys Leu Ser Ile Val Gly Asp Gly Lys Tyr Gly Ala Arg Asp Pro Glu
 445 450 455
 Thr Lys Ile Trp Asn Gly Met Val Gly Glu Leu Val Tyr Gly Arg Ala
 460 465 470
 15 Asp Ile Ala Val Ala Pro Leu Thr Ile Thr Leu Val Arg Glu Glu Val
 475 480 485 490
 Ile Asp Phe Ser Lys Pro Leu Met Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Ile Met Ile
 495 500 505
 20 Lys Lys Pro Gln Lys Ser Lys Pro Gly Val Phe Ser Phe Leu Asp Pro
 510 515 520
 Leu Ala Tyr Glu Ile Trp Met Cys Ile Val Phe Ala Tyr Ile Gly Val
 525 530 535
 25 Ser Val Val Leu Phe Leu Val Ser Arg Phe Ser Pro Tyr Glu Trp His
 540 545 550
 Leu Glu Asp Asn Asn Glu Glu Pro Arg Asp Pro Gln Ser Pro Pro Asp
 555 560 565 570
 30 Pro Pro Asn Glu Phe Gly Ile Phe Asn Ser Leu Trp Phe Ser Leu Gly
 575 580 585
 Ala Phe Met Gln Gln Gly Cys Asp Ile Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Ser Gly
 590 595 600
 35 Arg Ile Val Gly Gly Val Trp Trp Phe Phe Thr Leu Ile Ile Ile Ser
 605 610 615
 Ser Tyr Thr Ala Asn Leu Ala Ala Phe Leu Thr Val Glu Arg Met Val
 620 625 630
 40 Ser Pro Ile Glu Ser Ala Glu Asp Leu Ala Lys Gln Thr Glu Ile Ala
 635 640 645 650
 Tyr Gly Thr Leu Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Lys Glu Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser
 655 660 665
 45 Lys Ile Ala Val Tyr Glu Lys Met Trp Ser Tyr Met Lys Ser Ala Glu
 670 675 680
 Pro Ser Val Phe Thr Lys Thr Thr Ala Asp Gly Val Ala Arg Val Arg
 685 690 695
 50 Lys Ser Lys Gly Lys Phe Ala Phe Leu Leu Glu Ser Thr Met Asn Glu
 700 705 710
 Tyr Ile Glu Gln Arg Lys Pro Cys Asp Thr Met Lys Val Gly Gly Asn
 715 720 725 730
 55 Leu Asp Ser Lys Gly Tyr Gly Val Ala Thr Pro Lys Gly Ser Ala Leu
 735 740 745

Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Ser Glu Gln Gly Ile
 750 755 760
 5 Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys Gly Glu Cys Gly
 765 770 775
 Ala Lys Asp Ser Gly Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr Ser Ala Leu Ser Leu Ser
 780 785 790
 10 Asn Val Ala Gly Val Phe Tyr Ile Leu Val Gly Gly Leu Gly Leu Ala
 795 800 805 810
 Met Met Val Ala Leu Ile Glu Phe Cys Tyr Lys Ser Arg Ala Glu Ser
 815 820 825
 15 Lys Arg Met Lys Leu Thr Lys Asn Thr Gln Asn Phe Lys Pro Ala Pro
 830 835 840
 Ala Thr Asn Thr Gln Asn Tyr Ala Thr Tyr Arg Glu Gly Tyr Asn Val
 845 850 855
 20 Tyr Gly Thr Glu Ser Val Lys Ile
 860 865

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

35 Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Asn Ala Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Asn
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Gln Gly Leu Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys
 20 25 30
 40 Gly Glu Cys Gly Ser Gly Gly Gly Asp Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr
 35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:10:

45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 46 amino acids
 (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:10:

50 Gly Ser Ala Leu Gly Thr Pro Val Asn Leu Ala Val Leu Lys Leu Ser
 1 5 10 15
 55 Glu Gln Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Leu Lys Asn Lys Trp Trp Tyr Asp Lys
 20 25 30

Gly Glu Cys Gly Ala Lys Asp Ser Gly Ser Lys Asp Lys Thr
 35 40 45

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 13 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid;
 (A) DESCRIPTION: Synthetic DNA oligonucleotide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

AGCTTGCGGC CGC

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 9 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid;
 (A) DESCRIPTION: Synthetic DNA oligonucleotide

- (iv) ANTI-SENSE: YES

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

GCGGCCGCA

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 40 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid;
 (A) DESCRIPTION: Synthetic DNA oligonucleotide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

ACACTCAGAA TTACGCTACA TACAGAGAAG GCTACAACGT

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 (A) LENGTH: 40 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid;
 (A) DESCRIPTION: Synthetic DNA oligonucleotide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

5 CCAGATCGAT ATTGTGAACA TCAGCGACAC GTTTGAGATG 40

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- 10 (A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: Other nucleic acid;

- 15 (A) DESCRIPTION: Synthetic DNA oligonucleotide

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:15:

20 GTGAATGTGG AGCCAAGGAC TCGGGAAGTA AG 32

Claims

- 25 1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region which encodes an AMPA-binding human GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of human GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B receptors, and AMPA-binding fragments thereof.
- 30 2. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 1, which encodes said GluR1B receptor, said GluR2B receptor, said GluR3A receptor or said GluR3B receptor.
- 35 3. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a region which encodes an AMPA-binding variant of a GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of human GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B receptors, wherein said variant has the binding profile of said receptor and varies from said receptor by conservative amino acid substitution.
- 40 4. An isolated polynucleotide according to any one of claims 1 to 3, which consists of DNA.
5. A recombinant DNA construct having incorporated therein a polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.
- 45 6. A recombinant DNA construct according to claim 5, wherein the polynucleotide incorporated therein is linked operably with DNA enabling expression and secretion of said receptor in a cellular host.
7. A recombinant DNA construct according to claim 5, which is plasmid pBS/humGluR3A (ATCC 75218), plasmid pBS/humGluR3B (ATCC 75219); plasmid pBS/humGluR1B (ATCC 75246) or plasmid pBS/humGluR2B (ATCC 75217).
- 50 8. A cellular host having incorporated therein a heterologous polynucleotide as defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.
9. A cellular host according to claim 8, which is a mammalian cell.
10. An AMPA-binding membrane preparation derived from a cellular host as defined in claim 8 or claim 9.
- 55 11. A process for obtaining a substantially homogeneous source of human GluR receptor, which comprises the step of culturing a cellular host as defined in claim 8 or claim 9, and then recovering the cells so cultured.
12. A process for obtaining a substantially homogeneous source of human GluR receptor according to claim

11 comprising the subsequent step of obtaining a membrane preparation from the cultured cells.

- 5 13. A method of assaying a substance for binding to a human EAA receptor, which comprises the steps of incubating the substance under appropriate conditions with a cellular host as defined in claim 8 or claim 9, or with an AMPA-binding membrane preparation derived therefrom, and determining the extent of binding between the human GluR receptor and the substance.
- 10 14. An isolated human GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B receptors, and AMPA-binding fragments thereof, in a form essentially free from other proteins of human origin.
- 15 15. An AMPA-binding fragment of a human GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3A receptors.
- 20 16. An antibody which binds a human GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B receptors.
- 25 17. An immunogenic fragment of a human GluR receptor selected from the group consisting of GluR1B, GluR2B, GluR3A and GluR3B receptors.
- 30 18. An oligonucleotide which comprises at least about 17 nucleic acids and which hybridizes selectively with a polynucleotide defined in any one of claims 1 to 4.

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FIG. 1A

ECORI

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1  GAATTCACACCAAAATCTATGATTGGACCTGGGCTTCTTTTTCGCCAATGC AAAAGGAA
   +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
60 CTTAAGGTGTGTTTAGATACTAACCCTGGACCCGAGAAAAGCGGTACGTTTTCCTT

61 TATGCAGCACATTTTGCCTTCTTCTGCACCGGTTTCTAGCGGGTAGTAGTGCCAA
   +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
120 ATACGTCGTATAAAACGGAAGAAGACGTGGCCAAAGGATCCGCCATCATCCACGGTT

   M Q H I F A F F C T G F L G A V V G A, N -

121 TTCCCCAACAAATATCCAGATCGGGGGATTATTTCCAAACCAGAGTCACAGGAACATGC
   +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
180 AAAGGGTTGTTATAGTCTAGCCCCCTAATAAAGGTTTGGTCGTCAGTGTCTTGTACG

   F P N N I Q I G G L F P N Q Q S Q E H A -

181 TGCCTTTAGATTTCCTTGTGCGCAACTCACAGAGCCCCCGAAGCTGCTCCCCAGATTGA
   +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
240 ACGAAAATCTAAACGAAACAGCGTTGAGTGTCTCGGGGGCTTCGACGAGGGGTCTAACT

   A F R F A L S Q L T E P P K L L P Q I D -

241 TATTGTGAACATCAGCGACACGTTTGAGATGACCTATAGATTCTGTTCACAGTTCTCCAA
   +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
300 ATAACACTTGTAGTCGCTGTGCAAACTCTACTGGATATCTAAGACAAGGGTCAAGAGGTT

   I V N I S D T F E M T Y R F C S Q F S K -

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FIG. 1B

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301  AGGAGTCTATGCCATCTTTGGGTTTATGAACGTAGGACTGTCAACATGCTGACCTCCTT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TCCTCAGATACGGTAGAAACCCAAAATACTTGCATCCTGACAGTTGTACGACTGGAGGAA
      G V Y A I F G F Y E R R T V N M L T S F -
361  TTGTGGGCCCTCCACGCTGCTTCATTACGCCGAGCTTCCCGTTGATACATCCAATCA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AACACCCCGGAGGTGCAGACGAAGTAATGCGGCTCGAAAGGGCAACTATGTAGTTAGT
      C G A L H V C F I T P S F P V D T S N Q -
421  GTTTGTCCCTCAGCTGCGCCCTGAACTGCAGGATGCCCTCATCAGCATCATGACCATTA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      CAAACAGGAAGTCGACGGGACTTGACGTCCTACGGGAGTAGTCGTAGTAACCTGGTAAT
      F V L Q L R P E L Q D A L I S I I D H Y -
481  CAAGTGGCAGAAATTGTCTACATTTATGATGCCGACCGGGGCTTATCCGTCCTGCAGAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      GTTCACCGTCTTTAAACAGATGTAAATACTACGGCTGGCCCCCGAATAGGCAGGACGTCTT
      K W Q K F V Y I Y D A D R G L S V L Q K -
541  AGTCCCTGGATACAGCTGTGAGAAGAACTGGCAGGTGACAGCAGTCAACATTTTGACAAC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TCAGGACCTATGTCGACGACTCTTCTTGACCGTCCACTGTCGTCAGTTGTAAAACTGTTG
      V L D T A A E K N W Q V T A V N I L T T -

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FIG. 1C

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601 CACAGAGAGGGATACCGGATGCTCTTTTCAGGACCTGGAGAAGAAAAGAGCGGCTGGT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GTGTCCTCCCTATGGCCTACGAGAAAGTCCTGGACCTCTTCTTTTTCCTCGCCGACCA
T E E G Y R M L F Q D L E K K K E R L V -
661 GGTGGTGGACTGTGAATCAGAACGCCCTCAATGCTATCTTGGGCCAGATTATAAGCTAGA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CCACCACCTGACACTTAGTCTTGGCGGAGTTACGATAGAACCCGGTCTAATATTTCGATCT
V V D C E S E R L N A I L G Q I I K L E -
721 GAAGAATGGCATCGGCTACCACTACATTCTTGCAATCTGGGCTTCATGGACATTGACTT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CTTCTACCGTAGCCGATGGTGATGTAAGAACGTTTAGACCCCGAAGTACCTGTAACTGAA
K N G I G Y H Y I L A N L G F M D I D L -
781 AAACAAATTCAAGGAGAGTGGCGCCAATGTGACAGGTTTCCAGCTGGTGAACACACAGA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTTGTTTAAGTTCCCTCTCACCGCGGTTACACTGTCCAAGGTCGACCCACTTGATGTGTCT
N K F K E S G A N V T G F Q L V N Y T D -
841 CACTATTCGGGCCAAGATCATGCAGCAGTGGAAGAATAGTGATGCTCGAGACCCACACAG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GTGATAAGCGCGGTTCTAGTAGTCGTCACCTTCTTATCACTACGAGCTCTGGTGTGTGC
T I P A K I M Q Q W K N S D A R D H T R -

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FIG. 1D

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901  GGTGGACTGGAAGAGACCCCAAGTACACCTCTGCGCTCACCTACGATGGGTGAAGTGAT 960
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CCACCTGACCTTCTCTGGGTTTCATGTGGAGACGCGAGTGGATGCTACCCCACTTCCACTA
V D W K R P K Y T S A L T Y D G V K V M -
961  GGCTGAGGCTTTCAGAGCCTGCGGAGGAGAGAAATTGATATATATCTCGCCGGGGAATGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CCGACTCCGAAAGGTCTCGGACGCCCTCCGTCTCTTAACCTATATAGAGCGGCCCTTACG
A E A F Q S L R R Q R I D I S R R G N A -
1021 TGGGGATTGTCTGGCTAACCCAGCTGTTCCCTGGGGCCCAAGGGATCGACATCCAGAGAGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ACCCCTAACAGACCGATTGGGTCGACAAAGGACCCCGGTTCCCTAGCTGTAGGTCTCTCG
G D C L A N P A V P W G Q G I D I Q R A -
1081 TCTGCAGCAGGTGCGATTGAAAGGTTTAAACAGGAAACGTGCAGTTTAAATGAGAAAGGACG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AGACGTCGTCACGCTAAACTTCCAAATTGTCCTTTGACACGTCAAATTACTCTTTCCTGC
L Q Q V R F E G L T G N V Q F N E K G R -
1141 CCGGACCAACTACACGCTCCACGTGATTGAAATGAAACATGACGGCATCCGAAAGATTGG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GGCCTGGTTGATGTGCGAGGTGCACCTAACTTTACTTTGTACTGCCGTAGGCTTCTTAACC
R T N Y T L H V I E M K H D G I R K I G -

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FIG. 1E

1201 T T A C T G G A A T G A G A T A T A A G T T T G T C C C T G C A G C C A C C G A T G C C C A A G C T G G G G G C G A + 1260
 - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - +
 A A T G A C C T T A C T T C T A C T A T T C A A A C A G G G A C G T C G G T G G C T A C G G G T T C G A C C C C C G C T
 Y W N E D D K F V P A A T D A Q A G G D -
 1261 T A A T T C A A G T G T T C A G A A C A G A A C A T A C A T C G T C A C A A C A A T C C T A G A A G A T C C T T A T G T + 1320
 - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - +
 A T T A A G T T C A C A A G T C T T G T C T T G T A T G T A G C A G T G T T G T T A G G A T C T T C T A G G A A T A C A
 N S S V Q N R T Y I V T T I L E D P Y V -
 1321 G A T G C T C A A G A A G A A C G C C A A T C A G T T T G A G G G C A A T G A C C G T T A C G A G G G C T A C T G T G T + 1380
 - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - +
 C T A C G A G T T C T T C T T G C G G T T A G T C A A A C T C C C G T T A C T G G C A A T G C T C C C G A T G A C A C A
 M L K K N A N Q F E G N D R Y E G Y C V -
 1381 A G A G C T G C G C G C A G A G A T T G C C A A G C A C G T G G G C T A C T C C T A C C G T C T G G A G A T T G T C A G + 1440
 - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - +
 T C T C G A C C G C G T C T C T A A C G G T T C G T G C A C C C G A T G A G G A T G G C A G A C C T C T A A C A G T C
 E L A A E I A K H V G Y S Y R L E I V S -
 1441 T G A T G G A A A A T A C G G A G C C C G A G A C C C T G A C A C G A A G G C C T G G A A T G G C A T G G T G G G A G A + 1500
 - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - + - - - - - +
 A C T A C C T T T A T G C C T C G G G C T C T G G G A C T G T G C T T C C G G A C C T T A C C G T A C C A C C C T C T
 D G K Y G A R D P D T K A W N G M V G E -

FIG. 1F

1501 GCTGGTCTATGGAAGAGCAGATGTGGCTGTGGCTCCCTTAACTATCACTTTGGTCCGGGA
 1560 CGACAGATACCTTCTCGTCTACACCGACACCGAGGGAATTGATAGTGAACCGGCCCT
 L V Y G R A D V A V A P L T I T L V R E -
 1561 AGAAGTTATAGATTCTCCAAACCATTTATGAGTTGGGATCTCCATCATGATTAATAA
 1620 TCTTCAATATCTAAGAGGTTTGGTAAATACTCAAAACCCCTAGAGGTAGTACTAATTTT
 E V I D F S K P F M S L G I S I M I K K -
 1621 ACCACAGAAATCCAGCCGGGTCTTCTCCTTCCCTTGATCCTTTGGCTTATGAGATTG
 1680 TGGTGTCTTTAGGTTCCGGCCACAGAAAGAGGAAGAACTAGGAAACCGAATACTCTAAAC
 P Q K S K P G V F S F L D P L A Y E I W -
 1681 GATGTGCATTGTTTGCCTACATTGGAGTGAGTGTGTCTCCTCTTCCCTGGTCAGCCGCTT
 1740 CTACACGTAAACAAAACGGATGTAACTCACTCACTCACACAGAGGAAGGACCGTCCGGCAA
 M C I V F A Y I G V S V V L F L V S R F -
 1741 CAGTCCCCTATGAATGGCACAGTGAAGAGTTTGAGGAAGGACGGGACGACCAACAGTGA
 1800 GTCAGGGATACTTACCGTGTCACTTCTCAAACTCCTTCCCTGCCCTGGTCTGTGGTCACT
 S P Y E W H S E E F E G R D Q T T S D -

FIG. 16

1801 CCAGTCCAATGAGTTTGGGATATTCAACAGTTTGTGGTTCTCCCTGGGAGCCCTTCATGCA 1860
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GGTCAAGTTACTCAAAACCCCTATAAGTTGTCAAAACACCAAGAGGGACCCCTCGGAAGTACGT
 Q S N E F G I F N S L W F S L G A F M Q -
 1861 GCAAGGATGTGACATTTCTCCAGGTCCCTGTCTGGTCGCATCGTTGGTGGCGTCTGGTG 1920
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CGTTCCTACACTGTAAAGAGGGTCCAGGGACAGACCAGCGTAGCAACCAACCCGACAGACCAC
 Q G C D I S P R S L S G R I V G G V W W -
 1921 GTTCTTCAACCTTAATCATCATCTCCTCATATACAGCCAAATCTGGCCGCCCTTCTGTACCGT 1980
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CAAGAAGTGGAAATTAGTAGAGGAGTATATGTCTGGTTAGACCCGCCGGAAGGACTGGCA
 F F T L I I I S S Y T A N L A A F L T V -
 1981 GGAGAGGATGGTGTCTCCCATTTGAGAGTGCAGAGGACCTAGCCGAACGAGACAGAAATTGC 2040
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CCTCTCCTACCACAGAGGGTAACTCTCACGTCTCCTGGATCGCTTGCTCTGTCTTTAACG
 E R M V S P I E S A E D L A N E T E I A -
 2041 CTACGGGACGCTGGAAGCAGGATCTACTAAGGAGTTCTTCAGGAGGTCTAAAATTGCTGT 2100
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GATGCCCTGCGACCTTCGTCCTAGATGATTCTCAAGAAGTCCCTCCAGATTTTAACGACA
 Y G T L E A G S T K E F F R R S K I A V -

FIG. 1H

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2101 GTTGAGAAGATGTGGACATACATGAAGTCAGCAGAGCCATCAGTTTTTGTGGGACCAC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CAAACCTCTCTACACCTGTATGTACTTCAGTCGTCTCGGTAGTCAAAAACACGCCCTGGTG
F E K M W T Y M K S A E P S V F V R T T -
2160

2161 AGAGGAGGGATGATTCGAGTGAGGAAATCCAAAGGCAAAATATGCCCTACCTCCTGGAGTC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TCTCCTCCCCTACTAAGCTCACTCCTTTAGGTTTCCGTTTATACGGATGGAGGACCTCAG
TCTCCTCCCCTACTAAGCTCACTCCTTTAGGTTTCCGTTTATACGGATGGAGGACCTCAG
E E G M I R V R K S K G K Y A Y L L E S -
2221 CACCATGAATGAGTACATTTGAGCAGCGGAAACCCTGTGACACCATGAAGTGGAGGTAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GTGGTACTTACTCATGTAACCTCGTCGCCCTTTGGGACACTGTGGTACTTCCACCCCTCCATT
T M N E Y I E Q R K P C D T M K V G G N -
2281 CTTGGATTCCAAAGGCTATGGCATTGCAACACCCAAAGGGTCTGCCCTGAGAGGTCCCGT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GAACCTAAGGTTTCCGATACCGTAACGTTGTGGGTTCCCCAGACGGGACTCTCCAGGGCA
L D S K G Y G I A T P K G S A L R G P V -
2341 AAACCTAGCGGTTTGAAACTCAGTGAGCAAGCGCTCTTAGACAAGCTGAAAAGCAAATG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTTGGATCGCCAAACTTTGAGTCACTCGTCCGCGAGAATCTGTTCGACTTTTCGTTTAC
N L A V L K L S E Q G V L D K L K S K W -

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FIG. 11

2401 GTGGTACGATAAAGGGGAATGTGGAAGCAAGGACTCCGGGAAGTAAGGACAAGACAAGCGC
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CACCATGCTATTTCCTTACACCTTCGTTCTGAGGCTTCATTCCTGTTCTGTTGCGG
 W Y D K G E C G S K D S G S K D K T S A -
 2461 TCTGAGCCTCAGCAATGTGGCAGGCGTGTCTTACATCCTGATCGGAGGACTTGGACTAGC
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AGACTCGGAGTCGTTACACCGTCCGCACAAGATGTAGGACTAGCCTCCTGAACCTGATCG
 L S L S N V A G V F Y I L I G G L G L A -
 2521 CATGCTGGTTGCCTTAATCGAGTCTCTGCTACAAATCCCGTAGTGAATCCAAGCGGATGAA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GTACGACCAACGGGAATTAGCTCAAGACGATGTTTAGGGCATCACTTAGTTCCGCTACTT
 M L V A L I E F C Y K S R S E S K R M K -
 2581 GGGTTTTTGTGATCCACAGCAATCCATCAACGAAGCCCATACGGACATCGACCCCTCCC
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CCCAAAACAACACTAGGGTGTGCTTAGGTAGTTGCTTCGGTATGCCCTGTAGCTGGGAGGG
 G F C L I P Q Q S I N E A I R T S T L P -
 2641 CCGCAACAGCGGGGCAGGAGCCAGCAGCGGCGGAGTGAGAGAGAAATGTCGGGTGTCAG
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GCGGTTGTCGCCCCGTCCTCGGTGTCGCGCGCGCTCACCTCTCTTACCAGCCCCACGATC
 R N S G A G A S S G G S G E N G R V V S -
 2700

FIG. 14

CCATGACTTCCCCAAGTCCATGCAATCGATTCCCTTGCCATGAGCCACAGTTCAGGGATGCC 2701
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GGTAAGAGGGGTTTCAGGTACGTTAGCTAAGGAACGTACTCGGTGTCAAGTCCCTACGG
 H D F P K S M Q S I P C M S H S S G M P -
 CTGGGAGCCACGGGATTGTAAGTGGAGCAGATGGAGACCCCTTGGGGAGCAGGCTCGGG 2761
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GAACCCTCGGTGCCCTAACATTGACCTCGTCTACCTCTGGGGAACCCCTCGTCCGAGCCC 2820
 L G A T G L *
 CTCGCCAGCCCCATCCCAAACCCCTTCAGTGCCAAACAAACAAATAGAAAGCGCAA 2821
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GAGGGTCGGGTAGGGTTTGGGAAGTCACGGTTTGTGTTGTTTATCTTTTCGCGTT
 CCACCACCAACCACTGCGACCACAAAGAGATGATTCAACAGGTTTTCCTGAAGAAATGA 2881
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GGTGGTGGTGACGCTGGTGTTCTTCCTACTAAGTTGTCCAAAGGACTTCTTAACT
 AAAACCATTTTGCTGTCCCTTTTCCCTTTTGTGATGTTCTTTCACCCCTTTTCTGTTGCTA 2941
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TTTTGGTAAACGACAGGGAAAGGAAACAACTACAAGAAAGTGGGAAAGACAAACGAT 3000
 AGTGAGGATGAAAAAATAACACTGTACTGCAATAAGGGGAGAGTAACCCGTCTAATGAA 3060
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TCACTCCTACTTTTATTGTGACATGACGTTATTCCCCCTCTCATTTGGGACAGATTACTT

FIG. 1K

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3061  ACCTGTGTCTCTGAGAGTAGAGTCACTGGAAACACTAATGAGGAAACTGCACCTGTTTATT 3120
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TGGACACAGAGACTCTCATCTCAGTGACCTTGTGATTACTCCTTTGACGTGACAAAATAA

3121  TTAATTCAAGTTGTAGTGTCTTAGTGTGTGCAATTTTTTTTCTTACTAATATCCATGG 3180
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AATTAAGTCAACAATCACACAGAATCACACACACGTTAAAAAAGAAATGATTATAGGTACC

      EcorI
      |
3181  TTTCAGGTTCTGTAGGCCCTTTCCCTTCTCCTGGAATTC 3220
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AACGTCCAAGACAATCCGGGAAAGGAGGACCTTAAG

```

FIG. 2A

EcoRI

```

1  GAATTCCTGAGTGCATGGGAGGGTGTCTGAATATTCGAGACACTGGGACCAAGCGGCA
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
60 CTTAAGGCACTCAGCTACCCCTCCACGACTTATAAGGCTCTGTGACCCCTGGTGTGCCCGT

61  GCTCCGGCTGAAAACTGCATTTCAGCCAGTCCCTCCGGACTTCTGGAGCGGGACAGGGCGCA
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
120 CGAGGCGACTTTTGACGTAAGTCGGTCAGGAGGCCCTGAAGACCTCGCCCCCTGTCCCGCGT

121  GGCATCAGCAGCCACGAGGACCTGGGAAATAGGGATTCTTCTGCCCTCCACTTCAGG
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
180 CCCGTAGTCGTGGTGGTCTCGTCCCTGGACCCCTTTATCCCTAAGAACGAGGTGAAGTCC

181  TTTTAGCAGCTTGGTGCTAAATTGCTGTCTCAAAATGCAGAGGATCTAATTTGCAGAGGA
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
240 AAAATCGTCGAACCAACGATTTAACGACAGAGTTTACGCTCTCCTAGATTAAACGTCTCCT

241  AAACAGCCAAAGAAAGAGGAGGAGGAAAGGAAAAAGGGGTATATTGTGGATGCTC
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
300 TTTGTGGTTTCTCCTTCTCCTCCTTTTCCTTTTTCCTCCCATATAACACCTACGAG

301  TACTTTTCTTGGAAATGCAAAAGATTATGCATATTCTGTCTCCTTCTCCTGTTTAT
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
360 ATGAAAAGAACCTTTACGTTTTTCTAATACGTATAAAGACAGAGGAGGACAAATA

                                     M  Q  K  I  M  H  I  S  V  L  L  S  P  V  L  W  -

361  GGGGACTGATTTTGGTGCTCTTCTTAACAGCATAACAGATAGGGGGCTATTTCCTAGGG
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
420 CCCCTGACTAAAAACCAAGAGAGATTGTCGTATGTCTATCCCCCGGATAAAGGATCCC

```

FIG. 2B

G L I F G₁ V S S N S I Q I G G L F P R G -
 |
 | _ Mature N-Terminal
 GCGCCGATCAAGAAATACAGTGCAATTCGAGTAGGGATGGTTCAGTTTCCACTTCGGAGT 480
 421 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CGCGGCTAGTTCTTATGTACGTAAGCTCATCCCTACCAAGTCAAAAGGTGAAGCCCTCA
 A D Q E Y S A F R V G M V Q F S T S E F -
 TCAGACTGACACCCACATCGACAATTGGAGGTGGCAAAACAGCTTCGCAGTCACTAATG 540
 481 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AGTCTGACTGTGGGGTGTAGCTGTTAAACCTCCACCGTTTGTGCAAGCGTCAGTGATTAC
 R L T P H I D N L E V A N S F A V T N A -
 CTTTCTGCTCCCAGTTTTCGAGAGGAGTCTATGCTATTTTGGATTTTATGACAAGAAGT 600
 541 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GAAAGACGAGGGTCAAAGCTCTCCTCAGATACGATAAAAACCTAAAATACTGTTCTTCA
 F C S Q F S R G V Y A I F G F Y D K K S -
 CTGTAAATACCATCATCATTTTGGGAACACTCCACGTCCTTCATCACTCCCAGCT 660
 601 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GACATTTATGGTAGTGTAGTAAACCGCCTTGTGAGGTGCAGAGGAAGTAGTGAGGGTCGA
 V N T I T S F C G T L H V S F I T P S F -

FIG. 2C

```

661 TCCCAACAGATGGCACACATCCATTGTGTCATTCAGATGAGACCCGACCTCAAAGGAGCTC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AGGGTTGCTACCGTGTAGGTAACAGTAAGTCTACTCTGGGCTGGAGTTTCCTCGAG
720
P T D G T H P F V I Q M R P D L K G A L -
721 TCCTTAGCTTGATTGAATACTATCAATGGGACAAGTTTGCATACCTCTATGACAGTGACA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AGGAATCGAACTAACTTATGATAGTACCCTGTTCAAACGTATGGAGATACGTCACTGT
780
L S L I E Y Y Q W D K F A Y L Y D S D R -
781 GAGGCTTATCAACACTGCAAGCTGTGCTGGATTCTGCTGCTGAAAGAAATGGCAAGTGA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CTCCGAATAGTTGTGACGTTGACACGACGACCTAAGACGACGACTTTTCTTACCGTTCACT
840
G L S T L Q A V L D S A A E K K W Q V T -
841 CTGCTATCAATGTGGGAAACATTAAACAATGACAAGAAAGATGATGATCCGATCACTTT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GACGATAGTTACACCCCTTTGTAATTGTTACTGTTCTTCTTCTACTCTACATGGCTAGTGAAA
900
A I N V G N I N N D K K D E M Y R S L F -
901 TTCAAGATCTGGAGTTAAAAAGGAACGGCGTGTAATTCTGGACTGTGAAAGGGATAAAG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AAGTTCTAGACCTCAATTTTTCCTTGCCGCACATTAAGACCTGACACTTTCCTTATTC
960
Q D L E L K K E R R V I L D C E R D K V -

```

FIG. 2D

961 TAAACGACATTGTAGACCAGGTTATTACCATTGGGAAAACACGTTAAAGGGTACCCTACA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 ATTTGCTGTAACATCTGGTCCAATAATGTAACCTTTTGTGCAATTCCCATGGTGATGT 1020

 N D I V D Q V I T I G K H V K G Y H Y I -

 1021 TCATTGCAAAATCTGGGATTACTGATGGAGACCTATTAAAAATCCAGTTTGGAGGTGCAA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AGTAACGTTTAGACCCCTAAATGACTACCTCTGGATAATTTTAGGTCAAACCTCCACGTT 1080

 I A N L G F T D G D L L K I Q F G G A N -

 1081 ATGCTCTGGATTTCAGATAGTGGACTATGATGATTCGTTGGTATCTAAATTATAGAAA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TACAGAGACCTAAAGTCTATCACCTGTACTACTAAGCAACCATAGATTAAATATCTTT 1140

 V S G F Q I V D Y D D S L V S K F I E R -

 1141 GATGGTCAACACTGGGAAGAAAAGAATAACCTGGAGCTCACACAACAATTAAGTATA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CTACCAGTTGTGACCTTCTTTTCTTATGGGACCTCGAGTGTGTTGTTAATTCATAT 1200

 W S T L E E K E Y P G A H T T T I K Y T -

 1201 CTTCTGCTTGACCTATGATGCCGTTCAAGTGATGACTGAAGCCTTCGCAACCTAAGGA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GAAGACGAGACTGGATACTACGGCAAGTTCACTACTGACTTCGGAGGCGTTGGATTCCCT 1260

 S A L T Y D A V Q V M T E A F R N L R K -

FIG. 2E

```

1261 AGCAAAGAAATTGAAATCTCCCGAAGGGGAATGCAGGAGACTGTCTGGCAAACCCAGCAG + 1320
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TCGTTTCTTAACTTTAGAGGGCTTCCCCCTTACGTCCTCTGACAGACCGTTTGGGTCGTC

      Q R I E I S R R G N A G D C L A N P A V -
1321 TGCCCTGGGGACAAGGTGTAGAAATAGAAAGGGCCCTCAAACAGGTTTCAGGTTGAAGGTC + 1380
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ACGGGACCCCTGTTCCACATCTTTATCTTTCCCGGGAGTTTGTCCAAGTCCAACTTCCAG

      P W G Q G V E I E R A L K Q V Q V E G L -
1381 TCTCAGGAAATATAAAGTTTGACCAGAAATGGAAAAAGAAATAAACTATACAATTAACATCA + 1440
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AGAGTCCTTTATATTCAAACCTGGTCTTACCCTTTTCTTATTTGATATGTTAATTGTAGT

      S G N I K F D Q N G K R I N Y T I N I M -
1441 TGGAGCTCAAAACTAATGGGCCCCGGGAAGATTGGCTACTGGAGTGAAGTGGACAAATGG + 1500
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ACCTCGAGTTTGTATTACCCGGGGCCCTTCTAACCGATGACCTCACTTCACCTGTTTACC

      E L K T N G P R K I G Y W S E V D K M V -
1501 TTGTTACCCCTTACTGAGCTCCCTTCTGGAAATGACACCTCTGGGCTTGAGAAATAAGACTG + 1560
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AACAAATGGGAATGACTCGAGGGAGACCTTTACTGTGGAGACCCGAACTCTTATTCTGAC

      V T L T E L P S G N D T S G L E N K T V -

```

FIG. 2F

```

1561  TTGTTGTCACCACAATTTTGGAAATCTCCGTATGTTATGATGAAGAAAAATCATGAAATGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AACAAACAGTGGTGTAAACCTTAGAGGCATACAAATACTACTTCTTTTAGTACTTTACG
V V T T I L E S P Y V M M K K N H E M L -
1621  TTGAAGGCAATGAGCGCTATGAGGGCTACTGTGTGACCTGGCTGCAGAAATCGCCAAAC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AACTTCGGTTACTCGCGATACTCCCGATGACACAACTGGACCGACGCTCTTAGCGGTTG
E G N E R Y E G Y C V D L A A E I A K H -
1681  ATTGTGGGTTCAAGTACAAAGTTGACAAATTGTTGGTATGGCAAGTATGGGCCAGGGATG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TAACACCCCAAGTTTCATGTTCAACTGTTAACAACCACTACCGTTTCATACCCCGTCCCTAC
C G F K Y K L T I V G D G K Y G A R D A -
1741  CAGACACGAAAATTTGGAATGGGATGGTTGGAGAACTTGTAATATGGGAAAGCTGATATTG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GTCTGTGCTTTTAAACCTTACCCTACCACCTCTTGAACATATACCCCTTTCGACTATAAC
D T K I W N G M V G E L V Y G K A D I A -
1801  CAATTGCTCCATTAACTATTACCCTTGTGAGAGAAGAGGTGATTGACTTCTCAAGCCCT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GTTAACGAGGTAATTGATAAATGGGAACACTCTCTCTCCACTAACTGAAGAGTTTCGGGA
I A P L T I T L V R E E V I D F S K P F -

```

FIG. 26

```

1861 TCATGAGCCCTCGGGATATCTATCATGATCAAGAAGCCTCAGAAGTCCAAACCAGGAGTGT 1920
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AGTACTCGGAGCCCTATAGATAGTACTAGTTCTTCGGAGTCTTCAGGTTTGGTCCCTCACA
      M S L G I S I M I K K P Q K S K P G V F -

1921 TTTCCCTTTCTTGATCCTTTAGCCCTATGAGATCTGGATGTGCATTTGTTTGGCCTACATTG 1980
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AAAGGAAAGAACTAGGAAATCGGATACTCTAGACCCTACACGTAACAAAACGGATGTAAC
      S F L D P L A Y E I W M C I V F A Y I G -

1981 GGGTCAGTGTAGTTTTATTCCCTGGTCAGCAGATTTAGCCCCCTACGAGTGGCACACTGAGG 2040
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      CCCAGTCACATCAAAATAAGGACCAGTCGTCCTAAATCGGGGATGCTCACCGTGTGACTCC
      V S V V L F L V S R F S P Y E W H T E E -

2041 AGTTGAAGATGGAAGAGAAACACAAAGTAGTGAATCAACTAATGAATTTGGGATTTTA 2100
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TCAAACTTCTACCTTCTTTGTGTTTCATCACTTAGTTGATTACTTAAACCCCTAAAAAT
      F E D G R E T Q S S E S T N E F G I F N -

2101 ATAGTCTCTGGTTTTCCCTTGGGTGCCTTTATCGGCAAGGATGCGATATTTCCGCCAAGAT 2160
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TATCAGAGACCAAAAGGAACCCACGGAAATACGCCGTTCCCTACGCTATAAAGCGGTTCTA
      S L W F S L G A F M R Q G C D I S P R S -

```

FIG. 2H

```

2161 CCCTCTCTGGGGCGCATTTGTTGGAGGTGTGTGGTGTCTTTACCCGTATCATAATCTCCT
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GGGAGAGACCCGGGTAAACAACCTCCACACACCACCAAGAAATGGGACTAGTATTAGAGGA
2220
      L S G R I V G G V W F F T L I I S S -

2221 CCTACACGGCTAACTTAGCTGCCTTCCCTGACTGTAGAGAGGATGGTGTCTCCCCATCGAAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GGATGTCCGATTGAATCGACGGAAGGACTGACATCTCTCCTACCACAGAGGGTAGCTTT
2280
      Y T A N L A A F L T V E R M V S P I E S -

2281 GTGCTGAGGATCTTTCTAAGCAACAGAAATTGCTTATGGAAACATTAGACTCTGGCTCCA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CAGCACTCCTAGAAAGATTGTTGTTCTTTAAACGAATACCTTGTAATCTGAGACCGAGGT
2340
      A E D L S K Q T E I A Y G T L D S G S T -

2341 CTAAGAGATTTTTCAGGAGATCTAAAATTGCAGTGTTTTGATATAAAATGTGGACCTACATGC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
GATTCTCAAAAAGTCCTCTAGATTTTAACGTCACAAACTATTTTACACCTGGATGTACG
2400
      K E F F R R S K I A V F D K M W T Y M R -

2401 GGAGTCCGAGCCCTCTGTGTTTGTGAGGACTACGGCCGAAGGGTGGCTAGAGTGGGA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CCTCAGCCCTCGGGAGACACAAACACTCCTGATCCGGCTTCCCCACCGATCTCAGCCT
2460
      S A E P S V F V R T T A E G V A R V R K -

```

FIG. 21

```

2461 AGTCCAAAGGGAATATGCCCTACTTGTGGAGTCCACGATGAACGAGTACATTGAGCAAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2520 TCAGGTTTCCCTTTATACGGATGAACAACCTCAGGTGCTACTTGCTCATGTAACTCGTTT

      S K G K Y A Y L L E S T M N E Y I E Q R -

2521 GGAAGCCTTGGACACCATGAAGTTGGTGGAACCTGGATTCCAAAGGCTATGGCATCG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2580 CCTTCGGAACGCTGTGTACTTTCAACCAACCTTTGGACCTAAGGTTTCCGATACCGTAGC

      K P C D T M K V G G N L D S K G Y G I A -

2581 CAACACCTAAAGGATCCTCATTAGGAACCCAGTAAATCTTGCAGTATTGAAACTCAGTG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2640 GTTGTGATTTCCTAGGAGTAATCCTTGGGGTCATTTAGAACGTCATAACTTTGAGTCAC

      T P K G S S L G T P V N L A V L K L S E -

2641 AGCAAGGCGTCTTAGACAAGCTGAAAAACAATGGTGGTACGATAAAGGTGAATGTGGAG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2700 TCGTTCCGCAGAAATCTGTTCGACTTTTGTGTTACCACCATGCTATTTCACACTTACACCTC

      Q G V L D K L K N K W W Y D K G E C G A -

2701 CCAAGGACTCTGGAAGTAAGGAAAAGACCAGTGCCCTCAGTCTGAGCAACGTTGCTGGAG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2760 GGTTCCTGAGACCTTCATTCCTTTTCTGGTCACGGGAGTCAGACTCGTTGCAACGACCTC

      K D S G S K E K T S A L S L S N V A G V -

```

FIG. 2J

2761 TATTCTACATCCTTGTCGGGGCCCTTGTTTGGCAATGCTGGTGGCTTTGATTGAGTTCT + 2820
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 ATAAGATGTAGGAACAGCCCCCGGAACCAACCGTTACGACCACCGAACTAACTCAAGA

 F Y I L V G G L G L A M L V A L I E F C -

 2821 GTTACAAGTCAAGGGCCGAGGCCGAAACGAATGAAGGTGGCAAAGAATGCACAGAAATTA + 2880
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 CAATGTTCAAGTCCCGGCTCCGCTTGCTTACTTCCACCGTTTCTTACGTGCTTATAAT

 Y K S R A E A K R M K V A K N A Q N I N -

 EcoRI
 |
 2881 ACCCATCTTCCTCGCAGAATTACACAGAAATTTTGCAACTTATAAGGAAGGTACAACGTAT + 2940
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TGGGTAGAAGGAGCGTCTTAAGTGCTTTAAACGTTGAATATTCCTTCCAATGTGCATA

 P S S S Q N S Q N F A T Y K E G Y N V Y -

 2941 ATGGCATCGAAAGTGTTAAAAATTTAGGGGATGACCTTGAATGATGCCATGAGGAACAAGG + 3000
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TACCGTAGCTTTCACAAATTTTAAATCCCCCTACTGGAACTTACTACGGTACTCCTGTTC

 G I E S V K I *

 3001 CAAGGCTGTC AATTACAGGAAGTACTGGAGAAAATGGACGTGTTATGACTCCAGAATTTC + 3060
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GTTCCGACAGTTAATGTCCTTCATGACCTCTTTTACCTGCACAATACTGAGGTCTTAAAG

FIG. 2K

3061 CCAAAGCNGTCATGCTGTCCCTTACGTGAGTCCTGGCATGGGAATGAATGTCAGTGTGA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GGTTCGNCACGTACGACAGGGAATGCCACTCAGGACCGTACCCCTTACTTACAGTCACACT
 3120
 3121 CTGATCTCTCGTGATTGATAAGAACCTTTTGAGTGCCTTACACAATGGTTTCTTGTGTG
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 GACTAGAGAGCACTAACTATTCTTGGAAAACTCACGGAATGTGTACCAAAAGAACACAC
 3180
 3181 TTTATTGTCAAAGTGGTGAGAGGCATCCAGTATCTTGAGACTTTTCTTTCAGCCAAGAA
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AAATAACAGTTTCACCACTCTCCGTAGGTCATAGAACTTCTGAAAAGAAAGTCGGTTCTT
 3240
 3241 TTCTTAAATATGTGGAGTTCACTTGAATTGTAAGGAATGATTAAATAAACACACATC
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AAGAATTATACACCTCAAGTAGAACTTAACATTCCCTTACTAATTAATTTTGTGTGTAG
 3300
 3301 TTTTCTACTCGAGTTACAGACAAAGCGTGGTGGACATGCACAGCTAACATGGAAGTACT
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AAAAAGATGAGCTCAATGTCTGTTTCGCACCAACCTGTACGTGTCGATTGTACCTTCATGA
 3360
 3361 ATAAATTACCTGAAGTCTTTGTACAGACAAACAACTGTTTCTGCGAG
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TATTAAATGGACTTCAGAAACATGTCTGTTGTTGGACAAAGACGTC
 3407

EcoRI

|

FIG. 3A

```

EcoRI
|
1  gaattcctgacgactcctgagttgcgcccattgctcttgtcagcttcgttttagcgctagc  60
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
cttaaggactgctgaggactcaacgcgggtacgagaacagtcgaagcaaaatccgcacgcg

61  atggccaggcagaagaaaatggggcaaacggtgctccggcggtctcttttagtcctg  120
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
taccggtccgtcttcttttacccttgcacagggcccgccagaagaaaaatcaggac

      M G Q S V L R A V F F L V L -
121 gggcttttgggtcattctcacggaggattcccccaaccatcagcataggtggacttttc  180
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ccgaaaaccagtaagagtgcctcctaagggttggtgtagtcgtatccacctgaaaag

      G L L G H S H G G F P N T I S I G G L F -
                                     | _Mature N-Terminal
181 atgagaaacacagtgaggagcacagcgctttccgctttgccgtgcagttatacaacacc  240
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tactctttgtgtcacgtcctcgtgtcgcgaaaggcgaaacggcacgtcaatatgttgtgg

      M R N T V Q E H S A F R F A V Q L Y N T -
241 aaccagaacaccacgagaagcccttccatttgaattaccacgtagatcacttggattcc  300
   -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ttgggtcttgggtggtcctcttcgggaaggtaaaacttaattggtgcacatcgtgaacctaaagg

      N Q N T T E K P F H L N Y H V D H L D S -

```

FIG. 3B

```

301 tccaatagtttttccgtgacaaatgcttttctgctcccagtttctcgagaggggtgatgcc
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
aggttatcaaaaaggcactgtttacgaagacgaggggtcaagagctctccccacatacgg
S N S F S V T N A F C S Q F S R G V Y A -
361 atctttggattctatgaccagatgtcaatgaacacccctgacctcttctgtgggcccctg
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tagaaacctaaagatactgggtctacagttacttgtgggactggaggaagacaccccggaac
I F G F Y D Q M S M N T L T S F C G A L -
421 cacacatcctttgttacgcctagcttccccactgacgcagatgtgcagtttgtcatccag
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
gtgtgtaggaacaatgcggatcgaagggtgactgcgtctacacgtcaaacagtaggtc
H T S F V T P S F P T D A D V Q F V I Q -
481 atgcgccagccttgaagggcgctattcttgagtcttctgggtcattacaagtgggagaag
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tacgcgggtcggaaacttcccgcgataaagactcagaagaccagtaatgttcacccctcttc
M R P A L K G A I L S L L G H Y K W E K -
541 tttgtgtacctctatgacacagaacgaggattttccatcctccaagcgattatggaagca
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
aaacacatggagatactgtgtcttgcctcctaaggtaggaggttcgtaataaccttcgt
F V Y L Y D T E R G F S I L Q A I M E A -

```

FIG. 3C

gcagtgcacaaactggcaagtaacagcaaggctctgtgggaaacataaaggacgtccaa
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 660
cgtcacgctttgttgaccgttcattgtcgtccagacaccccttgtatttctgcagggtt
A V Q N N W Q V T A R S V G N I K D V Q -
EcoRI
-
gaattcaggcgcatcattgaagaaatggacaggaggcaggaaaaagcatacttgattgac
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 720
cttaagtcgcgtagtaacttctttacctgtcctccgtcccttttcgctatgaactaactg
E F R R I I E E M D R R Q E K R Y L I D -
tgcgaagtcgaaaggattaacacaaattttggaacagggtgtgatacctagggaacactca
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 780
acgcttcagctttccctaattgtgttaaaaccttgtccaacactaggatcccttgtgagt
C E V E R I N T I L E Q V V I L G K H S -
agaggttatactacatgctcgctaacctgggttttactgataatttactggaaaagatc
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 840
tctccaatagtgatgtacgagcgattggaccccaaatgactataaaatgaccttttctcag
R G Y H Y M L A N L G F T D I L L E R V -
atgcatgggggagccaacattacagggtttccagattgtcaacaatgaaaaaccctatggtt
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 900
tacgtacccccctcggttgaatgtccaaaaggtctaacagttgttacttttgggataccaa
M H G G A N I T G F Q I V N N E N P M V -

FIG. 3D

EcRI
 |
 cagcagttcatacagcgctgggtgaggctggatgaaaggggaattccctgaagccaagaat 960
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 gtcgtcaagtatgtcgcgacccactccgacctactttcccttaagggaacttcggttctta
 Q Q F I Q R W V R L D E R E F P E A K N -

 HindIII
 |
 gcaccactaaagtatacatctgcattgacacacgacgcaataactggtcatagcagaagct 1020
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 cgtggtgatttcatatgtagacgtaactgtgtgctgcgttatgaccagtatcgtcttcga
 A P L K Y T S A L T H D A I L V I A E A -

 ttccgctacctgaggagcagcagtagatgtgtcccgagaggaagtgtggagactgc 1080
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 aaggcgatggactcctccgtcgtcatctacacagggcctctccttcacgacctctgacg
 F R Y L R R Q R V D V S R R G S A G D C -

 ttagcaaatccctgtgccctggagtcagggaattgataattgagagagctctgaaaatg 1140
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 aatcgtttaggacgacacgggacctcagttccttaactataactctctcgcagacttttac
 L A N P A V P W S Q G I D I E R A L K M -

FIG. 3E

```

1141 gtgcaagtacaaggaatgactggaaatattcaatttgacacttatggacgtaggacaaat 1200
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
cacgttcattccttactgacctttataagttaaactgtgaataacctgcacacctgttta
V Q V Q G M T G N I Q F D T Y G R R T N -

1201 tataccatcgatgtgtatgaaatgaaagtcagtggtctctcgaaaagctggctactggaac 1260
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
atatggtagctacacatactttactttcagtcaccgagagcttttcgaccgatgaccttg
Y T I D V Y E M K V S G S R K A G Y W N -

1261 gagtatgaaaggtttgtgcctttctcagatcagcaaatcagcaatgacagtgcatcctca 1320
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ctcatactttccaaacacggaagagtcagtcgtttagtcgttactgtcacgtaggagt
E Y E R F V P F S D Q Q I S N D S A S S -

1321 gagaatcggaccatagtagtgactaccatttctggaatcaccatatgtaatgtacaagaag 1380
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ctcttagcctggatcatcactgatggtaagaccttagtggtatatacatattcttcttc
E N R T I V V T T I L E S P Y V M Y K K -

1381 aacctgagcaactggaaggaaatgaacgatatgaaggctattgtgtagacctagcctat 1440
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ttggtactcgttgaccttcctttacttgctatacttccgataaacacatctggatcgata
N H E Q L E G N E R Y E G Y C V D L A Y -

```

FIG. 3F

```

1441 gaaatagccaacatgtaaggatcaaatatacaaatgtccatcggtggtgacgggaaatat 1500
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
cttatcggttgtagacattcctagtttatgtttaacaggtagcaaccactgcccctttata

E I A K H V R I K Y K L S I V G D G K Y -

1501 ggtgcaaggatccagagactaaaatatggaacggcatggtggggaacttgctctatggg 1560
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ccacgttccctaggctctctgattttataaccttgccgtaccaccccccttgaacagataccc

G A R D P E T K I W N G M V G E L V Y G -

1561 agagctgatatagctgtgctccactcactataacattggtccgtgaagaagtcatagat 1620
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tctcgactatatcgacaacgaggtgagtgatattgtaaccaggcacttcttcagtatcta

R A D I A V A P L T I T L V R E E V I D -

1621 ttttcaaagccattaatgagcctgggcatctccatcatgataaagaagcctcagaaatca 1680
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
aaaagtctcggtaattactcggaccgtagaggtagtagtactatttcttcggagtccttagt

F S K P L M S L G I S I M I K K P Q K S -

1681 aaaccaggcgatatctcatttctggatccccctggcttatgaaatctggatgtgcattgtc 1740
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tttggtccgcataagagtagtaaaagaccctaggggaccgaatactttagacctacacgtaacag

K P G V F S F L D P L A Y E I W M C I V -

```

FIG. 3G

```

1741  tttgcttacattggagtcagcgtagtcttcttcttagtcagcaggttcagtccttatgaa 1800
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      aacgaatgtaacctcagtcgcatcaagaaaaggatcagtcgccaagtcaggaatactt
      F A Y I G V S V V L F L V S R F S P Y E -
1801  tggcacttggaagacaacaatgaagaacctcgtagccacaagaagtcctcctgatcctcca 1860
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      accgtgaaccttctgttacttcttgagcactgggtgtttcaggaggactaggaggt
      W H L E D N N E E P R D P Q S P P D P P -
1861  aatgaatttggaatatattaacagtcctttggttttccttggtgcctttatgcagcaagga 1920
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      ttacttaaaccttataaattgtcagaaaccaaaggaaacccacggaaatacgtcgttcct
      N E F G I F N S L W F S L G A F M Q Q G -
1921  tgtgatatctccaagatcactctccggcgccattgttgagggttttggtggttcttc 1980
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      aactataaagaggttctagttagagggcccgcgtaacaacctccccaaaccaccaagaag
      C D I S P R S L S G R I V G G V W W F F -
1981  accctgatcataatttcttatactgccaatctcgctgttctcctgactgtggagagg 2040
      -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      tgggactagtattaaagaaggatatgacgggttagagcgacgaaaggactgacacctctcc
      T L I I I S S Y T A N L A A F L T V E R -

```

FIG. 3H

```

2041 atgggtttctccatagagagtgctgaagacttagctaaacagactgaaaattgcatatggg
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
taccaaagagggtatctctcacgacttctgaatcgatttgctgactttaacgtataccc
M V S P I E S A E D L A K Q T E I A Y G -
2101 accctggactccgggttcaacaaaaagaatttttcagaagatccaaaaattgctgtacgag
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tgggacctgaggccaagtgttttcttaaaaaagtcttctaggttttaacgacacatgctc
T L D S G S T K E F F R R S K I A V Y E -
2161 aaaatgtgtcttacatgaaatcagcgagccatctgtgtttaccaaaaaacacagcagac
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
tttacaccagaatgtactttagtcgcctcggtagacacaaaatggtttgtgtcgtctg
K M W S Y M K S A E P S V F T K T T A D -
2221 ggagtggcccgagtgcaaaagtcgaagggaagtgcgccttcctgctggagtcaaccatg
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
cctcaccgggctcacgctttcagggtccctttcaagcggaaggacgacctcagttggtac
G V A R V R K S K G K F A F L L E S T M -
2281 aatgagtacattgagcagagaaaaccatgtgatacgatgaaagttggtggaattctggat
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ttactcatgtaactcgtctcttttgggtacactatgctactttcaaccacctttagacctta
N E Y I E Q R K P C D T M K V G G N L D -

```

FIG. 31

2341 tccaaaggctatggtgtggcaaccctctaaaggctcagcattaggaatgctgttaacctg 2400
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 aggtttccgataccacacggttggggatttccgagtcgtaatcctttacgacaattggac

 S K G Y G V A T P K G S A L G N A V N L
 Stul
 |
 2401 gcagtataaaactgaatgagcaaggcctcttggacaaattgaaaaacaaatggtgttac 2460
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 cgtcataattttgacttactcgttccggagaaacctgtttaactttttgtttaccaccatg

 A V L K L N E Q G L L D K L K N K W W Y -

 2461 gacaaaggagagtgcggcagcggggcggtgactccaaggacaaagaccagcgctctgagc 2520
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 ctgtttccctctcacgcgctgcgcccccgccactgaggttcctgttctggtcgcgagactcg

 D K G E C G S G G G D S K D K T S A L S -

 2521 ctgagcaatgtggcaggcggttttctatacttgcgaggtctggggctggccatgatg 2580
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 gactcgttacaccgtccgcaaaagatatatgaacagcctccagaccccgaccgggtactac

 L S N V A G V F Y I L V G G L G L A M M -

FIG. 3J

EcoRI
 |
 2581 gtggctttgatagaattctgttacaaatcacgggcagagtcctcaggttgcgtactttgagtggt 2640
 caccgaaactatcttaagacaatgttttagtgcccgtctcaggttgcgtactttgagtggt
 V A L I E F C Y K S R A E S K R M K L T -
 2641 aagaacacccaaaactttaagcctgctcctgccaccaactcagaattatgctacatac 2700
 ttcttgagggttttgaaattcggacgaggacggttggtgagtccttaatacgcgatgtatg
 K N T Q N F K P A P A T N T Q N Y A T Y -
 2701 agagaaggctacaacgctgtatggaaacagagagtggttaagatctagggtcccttggaatt 2760
 tctctccgatgttgacacataccttgctctcacaaattctagatccctagggaaccttaa
 R E G Y N V Y G T E S V K I * -

C
 2761 - 2761
 g

FIG. 4A

ECORI
|

1 GAATTCCTGACGACTCCTGAGTTGCGCCCATGCTCTTGTTCAGCTTCGTTTtagggtagc + 60
CTAAGGACTGCTGAGGACTCAACGCGGTACGAGAACAGTCGAAGCAAAATCCGCATCG
61 ATGGCCAGGCAGAAATAATGGGCAAGCGTGCTCCGGCGGTCTTCTTTtagtccctg + 120
TACCGGTCCGTCCTCTTTTACCCCGTTTCGCACGAGGCCGCCAGAAAGAAAATCAGGAC
GGGCTTTTGGGTCAATTCTCAGGAGGATTCCCCAACACCATCAGCATAGGTGGACTTTTC + 180
CCCGAAAACCCAGTAAGAGTGCCCTCCTAAGGGTTGTGGTAGTCGTATCCACCTGAAAAG
a G L L G H S H G G F P N T I S I G G L F -
| Mature N-Terminal
181 ATGAGAAACACAGTGCAGGAGCACAGCGCTTCCCGCTTTGCCGTGCAGTTATACAACACC + 240
TACTCTTTGTGTACGTCCTCGTGTGCGGAAAGCGGAAACGGCACGTCATATGTTGTGG
a M R N T V Q E H S A F R F A V Q L Y N T -
241 AACCAGAACACACCGAGAGCCCTTCCATTGAAATACCACGTAGATCACTTGGATTCC + 300
TTGGTCTTGTGGTGGCTCTTCGGGAAGGTAACCTTAATGGTGCATCTAGTGAACCTAAGG
a N Q N T T E K P F H L N Y H V D H L D S -

FIG. 4B

```

301      TCCAATAGTTTTCCGGTGACAAATGCTTCTGTCTCCAGTTCTCGAGAGGGGTATGCC
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AGGTATCAAAAAGGCACTGTTACGAAAGACGAGGGTCAAGAGCTCTCCCCACATACGG
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      S N S F S V T N A F C S Q F S R G V Y A -
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
361      ATCTTGGATTCTATGACCAGATGTCAATGAACACCCCTGACCTCCTTCTGTGGGCCCTG
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TAGAAACCTAAGATACTGGTCTACAGTTACTTGTGGGACTGGAGGAAGACACCCCGGAC
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      I F G F Y D Q M S M N T L T S F C G A L -
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
421      CACACATCCTTTGTACGCCCTAGCTTCCCCACTGACGCAGATGTGCAGTTTGTCAATCCAG
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      GTGTGTAGGAAACAATGCGGATCGAAGGGTGACTGCGTCTACACGTCAAACAGTAGGTC
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      H T S F V T P S F P T D A D V Q F V I Q -

```

FIG. 4C

ECORI

81

a C E V E R I N T I L E Q V I L G K H S -
 781 AGAGGTTATCACTACATGCTCGCTAACCTGGGTTTACTGATATTTACTGGAAAGAGTC
 TCTCCAATAGTGATGACGAGCGATTGGACCCAAAATGACTATAAAATGACCTTCTCTCAG
 a R G Y H Y M L A N L G F T D I L L E R V -
 841 ATGCATGGGGAGCCCAACATTACAGGTTTCCAGATTGTCAACAATGAAAACCCCTATGGTT
 TAGGTACCCCTCGGTTGTAATGTCCAAGGTCTAACAGTTGTACTTTTGGGATACCAA
 a M H G G A N I T G F Q I V N N E N P M V -
 901 CAGCAGTTCATACAGCGCTGGGTGAGGCTGGATGAAAGGGAATTCCCTGAAGCCCAAGAAT
 GTCGTCAAGTATGTCGCGACCCACTCCGACCTACTTCCCTTAAGGGACTTCGGTCTTA
 a Q Q F I Q R W V R L D E R E F P E A K N -
 HindIII
 961 GCACCACTAAAGTATACATCTGCATTGACACACGACGCAATACTGGTCATAGCAGAAGCT
 CGTGGTGATTTCATATGTAGACGTAACCTGTGTGCTGCTTATGACCAGTATCGTCTTCGA
 a A P L K Y T S A L T H D A I L V I A E A -

FIG. 4E

```

1021 TTCCGCTACCTGAGGAGCGAGTAGATGTGTCCCGAGAGGAAGTCTGGAGACTGC + 1080
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AAGCGATGGACTCCTCCGTCGCTCATCTACACAGGGCCCTCTCCTTCACGACCTCTGACG

a F R Y L R R Q R V D V S R R G S A G D C -

1081 TTAGCAAAATCCTGTGCTGCCCTGGAGTCAAGGAATTGATATTGAGAGAGCCTCTGAAAAATG + 1140
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
AATCGTTTAGGACGACACGGGACCCTCAGTTCCTTAACCTATACTCTCTCGAGACTTTTAC

a L A N P A V P W S Q G I D I E R A L K M -

1141 GTGCAAGTACAAGGAATGACTGGAAATATTTCAATTTGACACTTATGGACGTAGACAAAT + 1200
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CACGTTTCATGTTTCCTTACTGACCTTTATAAGTTAAACTGTGAATACCTGCATCCTGTTTA

a V Q V Q G M T G N I Q F D T Y G R R T N -

1201 TATACCATCGATGTGTATGAAATGAAAGTCAGTGGCTCTCGAAAAAGCTGGCTACTGGAAC + 1260
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ATATGGTAGCTACACATACTTTACTTTCAGTCACCGAGAGCTTTTCGACCGATGACCTTG

a Y T I D V Y E M K V S G S R K A G Y W N -

1261 GAGTATGAAAAGGTTTGTGCCCTTTCTCAGATCAGCAAAATCAGCAATGACAGTGCATCCTCA + 1320
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CTCATACTTTCCAAACACGGAAAGAGTCTAGTCGTTTAGTCGTTACTGTACCGTAGGAGT

a E Y E R F V P F S D Q Q I S N D S A S S -

```

FIG. 4F

```

1321  GAGAAATCGGACCATAGTAGTCACTACCATTTCTGGAATCACCATATGTAATGTACAAGAAG 1380
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CTCTTAGCCCTGGTATCATCACTGATGGTAAGACCTTAGTGGTATACATTACATGTTCTTC

a      E N R T I V V T T I L E S P Y V M Y K K -

1381  AACCATGAGCAACTGGGAAGAAATGAACGATATGAAGGCTATTGTGTAGACCTAGCCCTAT 1440
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTGGTACTCGTTGACCTTCCTTTACTTGCTATACTCCGATAACACATCTGGATCGGATA

a      N H E Q L E G N E R Y E G Y C V D L A Y -

1441  GAAATAGCCAAACATGTAAGGATCAAAATACAAAATTGTCCATCGTTGGTGACGGGAAATAT 1500
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CTTTATCGGTTGTACATTCCCTAGTTTATGTTTAAACAGGTAGCAACCACCTGCCCTTTATA

a      E I A K H V R I K Y K L S I V G D G K Y -

1501  GGTGCAAGGGATCCAGAGACTAAAATATGGAACGGCATGGTTGGGGAACCTTGCTATGGG 1560
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
CCACGTTCCCTAGGTCTCTGATTTTATACCTTGCCGTACCAACCCCTTGAACAGATACCC

a      G A R D P E T K I W N G M V G E L V Y G -

1561  AGAGCTGATATAGCTGTTGCTCCACTCACTATAACATTGGTCCGTGAAGAAGTCATAGAT 1620
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TCTCGACTATATCGACAACGAGGTGAGTGATATTGTAACCAAGGCACCTTCTTCAGTATCTA

a      R A D I A V A P L T I T L V R E E V I D -

```

FIG. 4G

1621 TTTTCAAAGCCATTAAATGAGCCTGGGCATCTCCATCATGATAAAGCCCTCAGAAATCA + 1680
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AAAAGTTTCGGTAATTACTCGGACCCGTAGAGGTAGTACTATTCTTCGGAGTCTTTAGT
 a F S K P L M S L G I S I M I K K P Q K S -

 1681 AAACCAGGCGTATTCTCATTTCTGGATCCCCTGGCTTATGAAATCTGGATGTGCATTGTC + 1740
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TTTGGTCCGCATAAGAGTAAGACCTAGGGGACCGAATACTTTAGACCTACACGTAACAG
 TTTGGTCCGCATAAGAGTAAGACCTAGGGGACCGAATACTTTAGACCTACACGTAACAG
 a K P G V F S F L D P L A Y E I W M C I V -

 1741 TTTGCTTACATTGGAGTCAGCGTAGTTCTTTTCCTAGTCAGCAGGTTTCAGTCCTTATGAA + 1800
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 AAACGAAATGTAACCTCAGTCGCATCAAGAAAGGATCAGTCGTCCTCAAGTCAGGAATACTT
 AAACGAAATGTAACCTCAGTCGCATCAAGAAAGGATCAGTCGTCCTCAAGTCAGGAATACTT
 a F A Y I G V S V V L F L V S R F S P Y E -

 1801 TGGCACTTGGAGACAAACAATGAAGAACCTCGTGACCCACAAAGTCCTCCTGATCCTCCA + 1860
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 ACCGTGAACCTTCTGTGTACTTCTTGGAGCACTGGGTGTTTCAGGAGGACTAGGAGGT
 ACCGTGAACCTTCTGTGTACTTCTTGGAGCACTGGGTGTTTCAGGAGGACTAGGAGGT
 a W H L E D N N E E P R D P Q S P P D P P -

 1861 AATGAATTGGGAATATTAAACAGTCTTTGGTTTTCCTTGGGTGCCCTTTATGCAGCAAGGA + 1920
 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
 TTAATAACCTTATAAATTGTCAGAAACCAAGAAACCCACGGAATAACGTCGTTTCCT
 TTAATAACCTTATAAATTGTCAGAAACCAAGAAACCCACGGAATAACGTCGTTTCCT
 a N E F G I F N S L W F S L G A F M Q Q G -

FIG. 4H

```

1921 TGTGATATTCTCCAAGATCACTCTCCGGGCGCATTTGTTGGAGGGGTTTGGTGTCTCTC 1980
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
ACACTATAAAGAGGTTCTAGTGAGAGGCCCGCGTAACAACCTCCCCAACCAACCAAGAAG
a C D I S P R S L S G R I V G G V W F F -
1981 ACCCTGATCATAATTCTTCCTATACTGCCAATCTCGCTGCTTTCCCTGACTGTGGAGAGG 2040
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TGGCACTAGTATTAAAGAAGGATATGACGGTTAGAGCGGACGAAAGGACTGACACCTCTCC
a T L I I S S Y T A N L A A F L T V E R -
2041 ATGGTTTCTCCCATAGAGAGTGCTGAAGACTTAGCTAAACAGACTGAAATTGCATATGGG 2100
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TACCAAAGAGGGTATCTCTCAGCACTTCTGAATCGATTGTCTGACTTTAACGTATACCC
a M V S P I E S A E D L A K Q T E I A Y G -
2101 ACCCTGGACTCCGGTTCAACAAAGAATTTTTCAGAAGATCCAAAATTGCTGTACGAG 2160
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TGGGACCTGAGGCCAAGTTGTTTCTTAAAAAGTCTTCTAGGTTTAAACGACACATGCTC
a T L D S G S T K E F F R R S K I A V Y E -
2161 AAAATGTGTCTTACATGAATCAGCGGAGCCATCTGTGTTTACCAAAACACAGCAGAC 2220
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTTACACCAGAATGTACTTTAGTCGCCTCGGTAGACACAAATGTTTGTGTCGTCGTG
a K M W S Y M K S A E P S V F T K T T A D -

```

FIG. 41

```

2221  GGAGTGGCCCGAGTGGGAAAGTCCAAGGGAAAGTTGCCTTCCTGCTGGAGTCAACCATG 2280
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      CCTCACCGGGCTCAGCTTTCAGGTTCCCTTCAAGCGGAAGGACGACCTCAGTTGGTAC

a      G V A R V R K S K G K F A F L L E S T M -

2281  AATGAGTACATTGAGCAGAGAAAACCATGTGATACGATGAAAAGTTGGTGGAATCTGGAT 2340
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      TTAATCATGTAACTCGTCTCTTTTGGGTACACTATGCTACTTTCAACCAACCTTTAGACCTA

a      N E Y I E Q R K P C D T M K V G G N L D -

2341  TCCAAAGGCTATGGTGTGGCAACCCCTAAAGGCTCAGCATTAGGAACGCTGTAAACCTT 2400
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      AGGTTTCCGATACCAACCGTGGGGGATTCCCGAGTCGTAATCCTTGGCGACATTGGGAA

a      S K G Y G V A T P K G S A L G T P V N L -

2401  GCAGTATTGAAACTCAGTGAACAAGGCATCTTAGACAAGCTGAAAAACAATGGTGGTAC 2460
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      CGTCATAACTTTGAGTCACCTGTTCCGTAGAAATCTGTTCCGACTTTTGTGTTACCAACCATG

a      A V L K L S E Q G I L D K L K N K W W Y -

2461  GATAAGGGGGAATGTGGAGCCCAAGGACTCCGGGAGTAAGGACAAGACCGGCTCTGAGC 2520
      +-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
      CTATTCCCCCTTACACCTCGGTTCTCTGAGGCCCTCATTCCTGTTCTGTCGCGAGACTCG

a      D K G E C G A K D S G S K D K T S A L S -

```

FIG. 4J

```

CTGAGCAATGTGGCAGGCGTTTCTATATACTTGTCTGGAGGTCTGGGGCTGGCCATGATG
2521 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2580
GACTCGTTACACCGTCCGCAAAAGATATATGAACAGCCCTCCAGACCCCGACCGGTACTAC

a L S N V A G V F Y I L V G G L G L A M M -

      EcorI
      |
GTGGCTTGATAGAAATTCTGTACAAATCAGGGCAGAGTCCAAACGCATGAAACTCACA
2581 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2640
CACCGAAACTATCTTAAGACAAATGTTAGTGCCCGTCTCAGGTTTGCGTACTTTGAGTGT

a V A L I E F C Y K S R A E S K R M K L T -

AAGAACACCCAAACTTTAAGCCTGCTCCTGCCACCACTCAGAAATTATGCTACATAC
2641 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2700
TTCTTGTTGGGTTTGAAATTCGGACGAGGACGGTGTGTGAGTCTTAATACGATGATG

a K N T Q N F K P A P A T N T Q N Y A T Y -

AGAGAAGGCTACAACGTGTATGGAACAGAGAGTGTTAAGATCTAGGGATCCCTTCCCCT
2701 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2760
TCTCTCCGATGTTGCACATACCTTGTCTCTCACAATTTCTAGATCCCTAGGGAAGGTGA

a R E G Y N V Y G T E S V K I * -

GGAGGCATGTGATGAGAGGAAATCACCGAAACGTGGTCTTCAAGGATCCTGAGCCAG
2761 -----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+ 2820
CCTCCGTACACTACTCTCCTTTAGTGGCTTTTGCACCCGACGAAGTTCTTAGGACTCGGTC

```

FIG. 4K

2821 ATTTCACTCTCCTTGGTGTGGGCGATGACACGAATATTGCTGATGGTGCAATGACCTTTC
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TAAAGTGAGAGGAACACAGCCCGTACTGTGCTTATAACGACTACCCACGTTACTGGAAAG
2880
2881 AATAGGAAAACTGATTTTTTTTCCCTTCAGTGCCCTTATGGAACACTCTGAGACTCGCG
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTATCCTTTTGTGACTAAAAAAGGAAGTCACGGAATACCTTGTGAGACTCTGAGCGC
2940
2941 ACAATGCAAACCATCATTTGAAATCTTTTGTGCTTTGCTTGAAAAAATAATTAATAAAA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TGTTACGTTTGGTAGTAACTTTAGAAAAACGAAACGAACTTTTTTTTATTAAATTTTATT
3000
3001 AACCAACAAAAATGGACATGCATCAAAACCCCTTGATGTATTAATAATTTATTATAGTTTCA
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
TTGGTTGTTTTTACCTGTACGTAGTTTGGGAACTACATAATTATAAATAATATCAAAAGT
3060
TTAGGAATTC
3061 -----+ 3070
AATCCTTAAG

FIG. 5

GluR3A ..GSALGNAVNLAVLKLNEQGLLDKLNKWWYDKGECGGGDSKDKT..
 IIIIII IIIIII III IIIIIIIIIIIII IIIIIII
 GluR3B ..GSALGTPVNLAVLKLSEQGILDKLNKWWYDKGECGAKDSGSKDKT..

FIG. 6

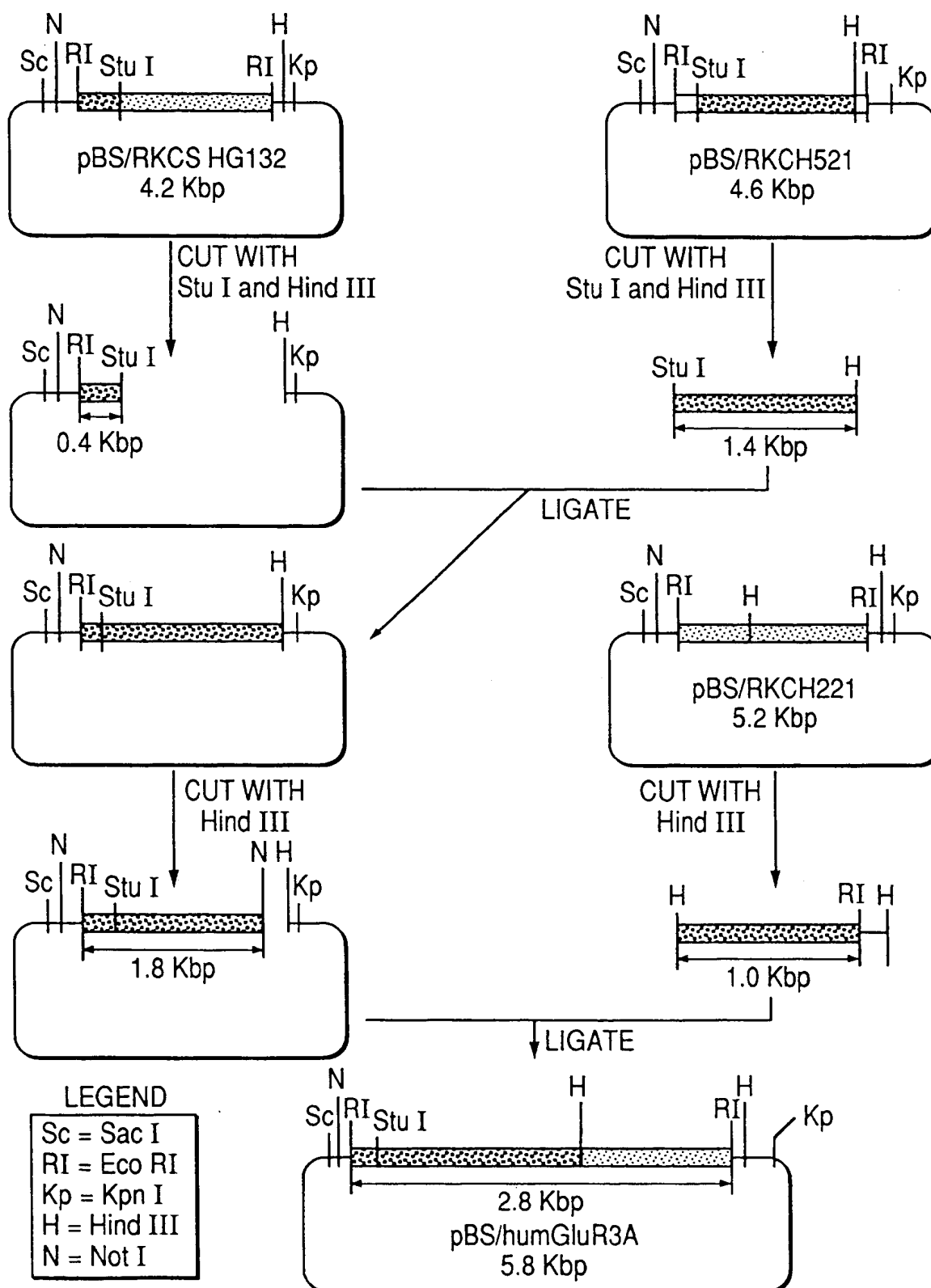


FIG. 7

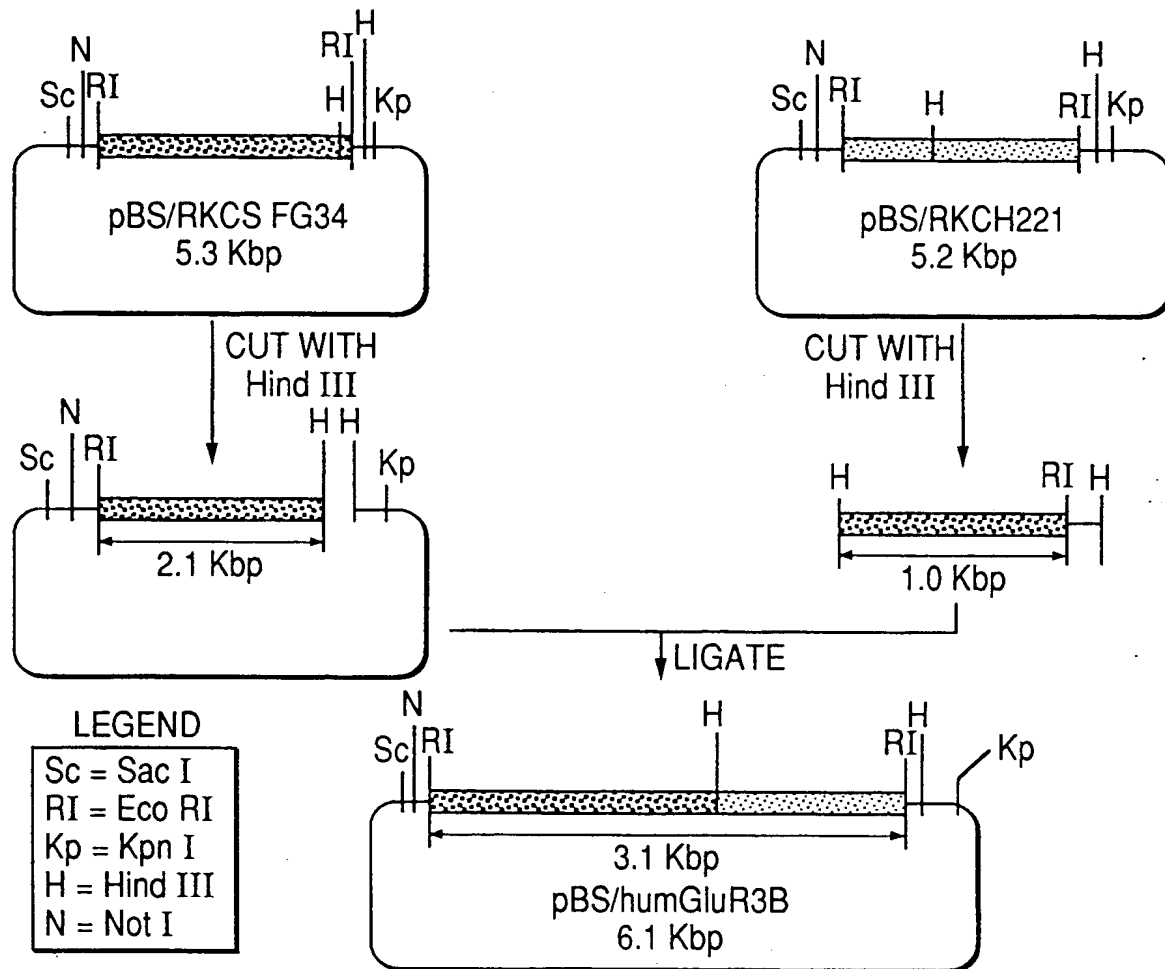


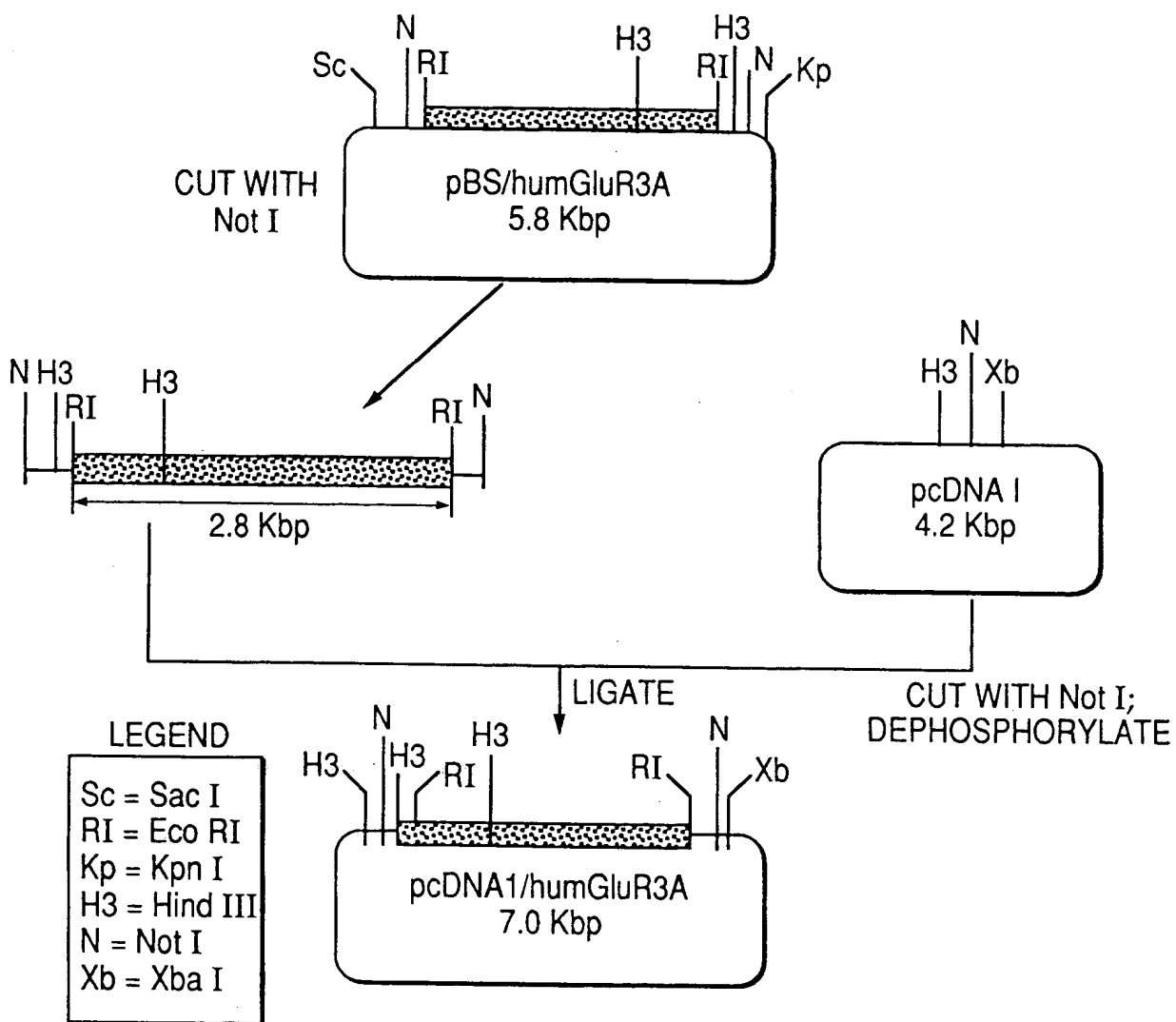
FIG. 8

FIG. 9

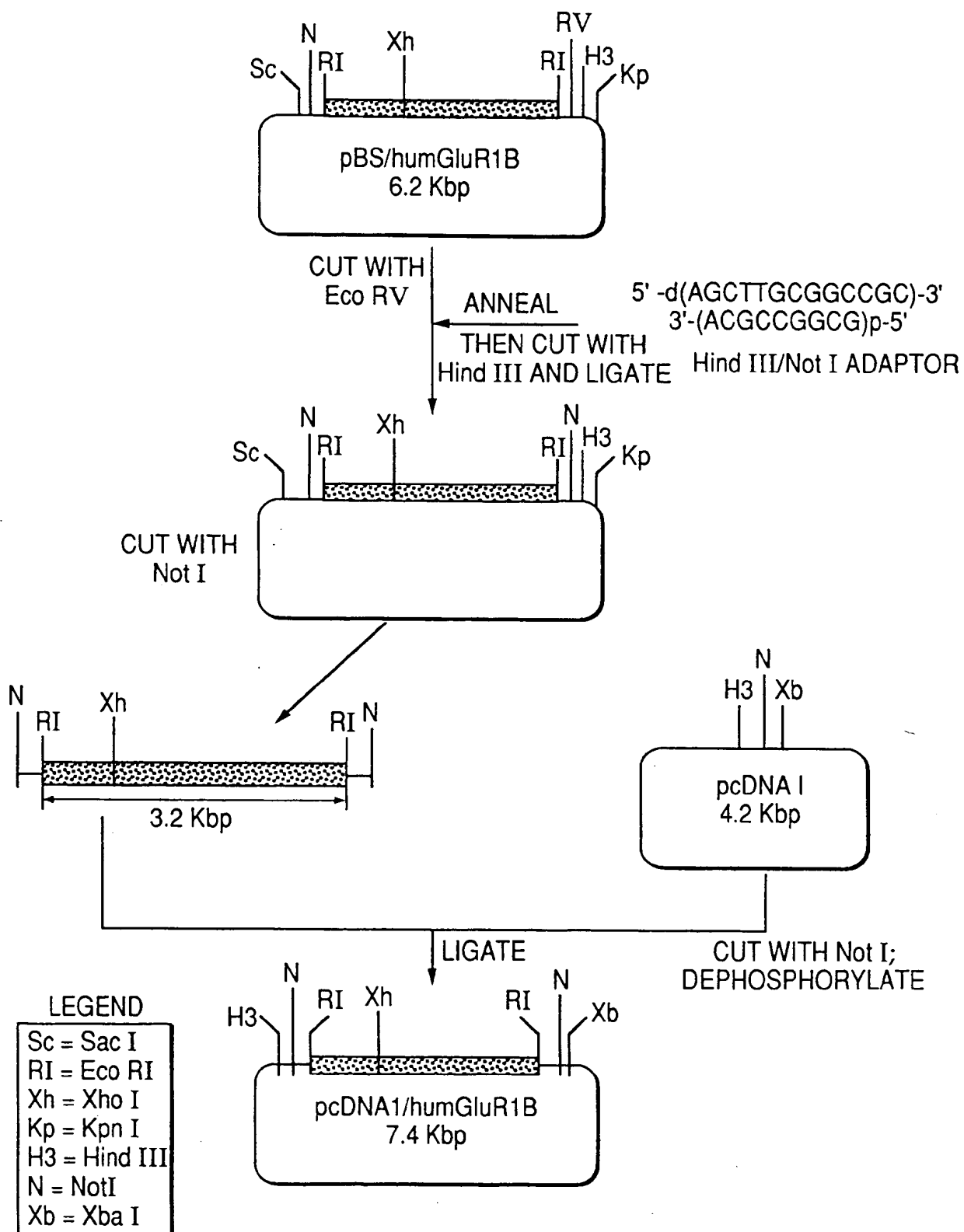


FIG. 10

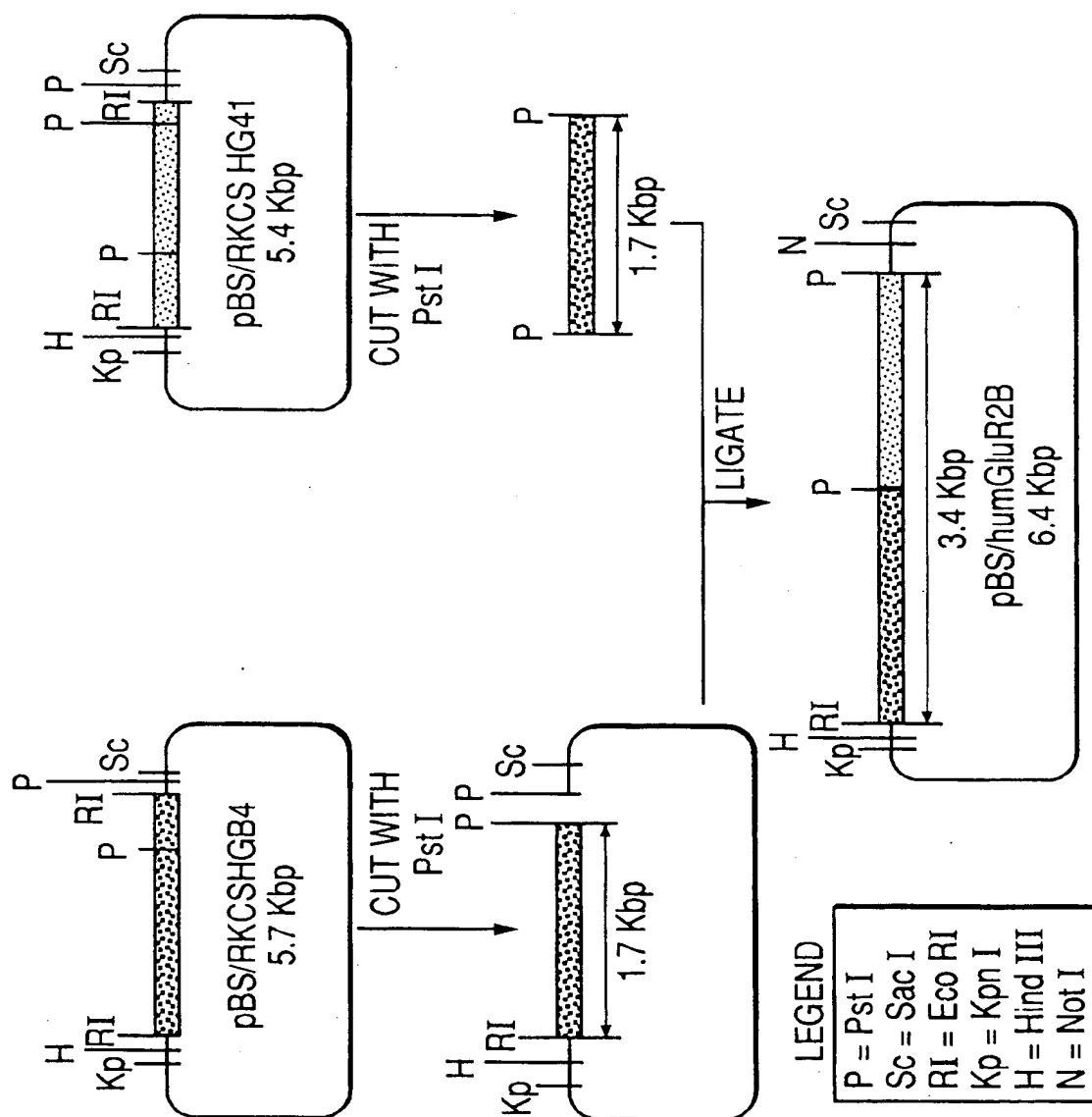


FIG. 11

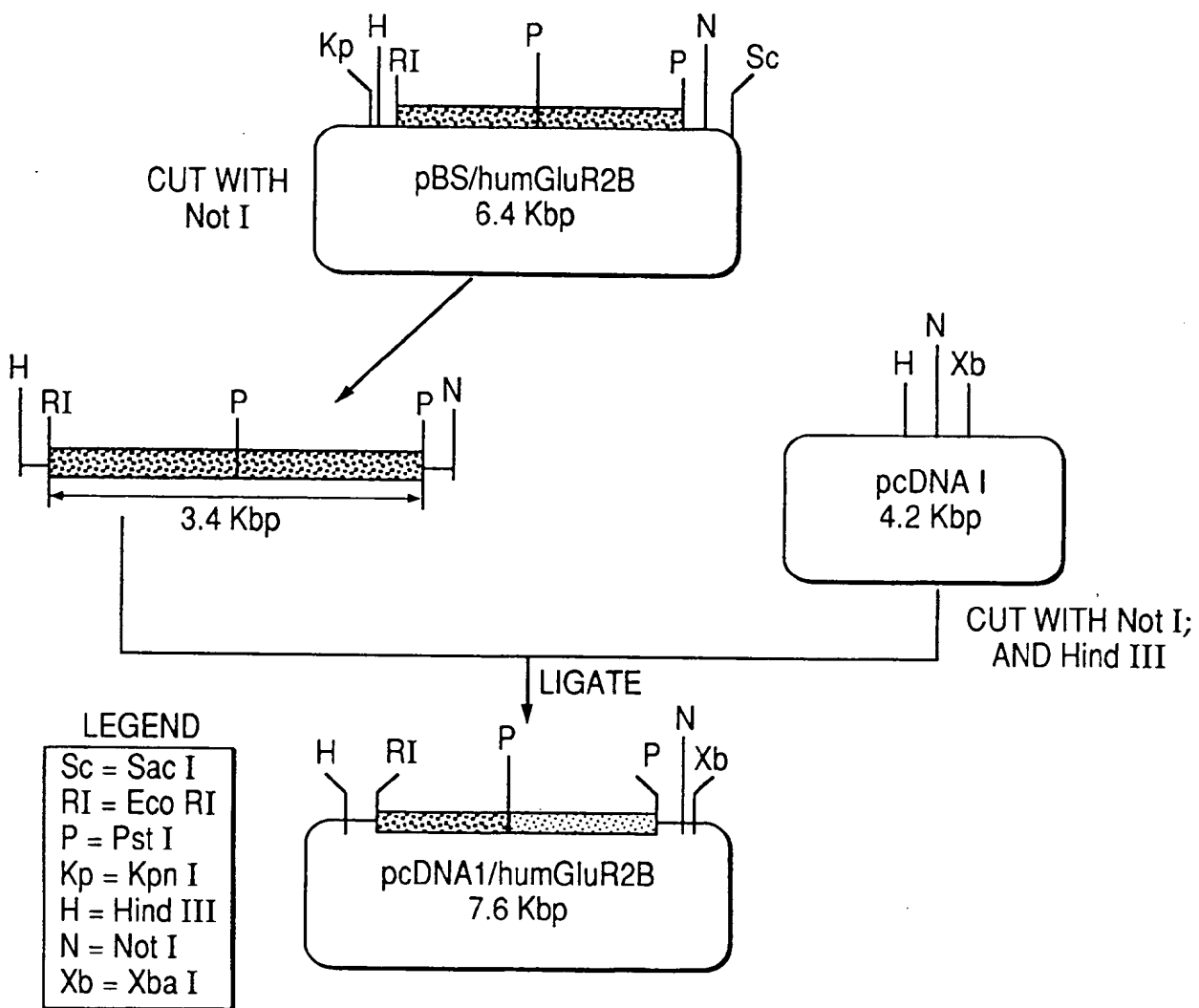


FIG. 12

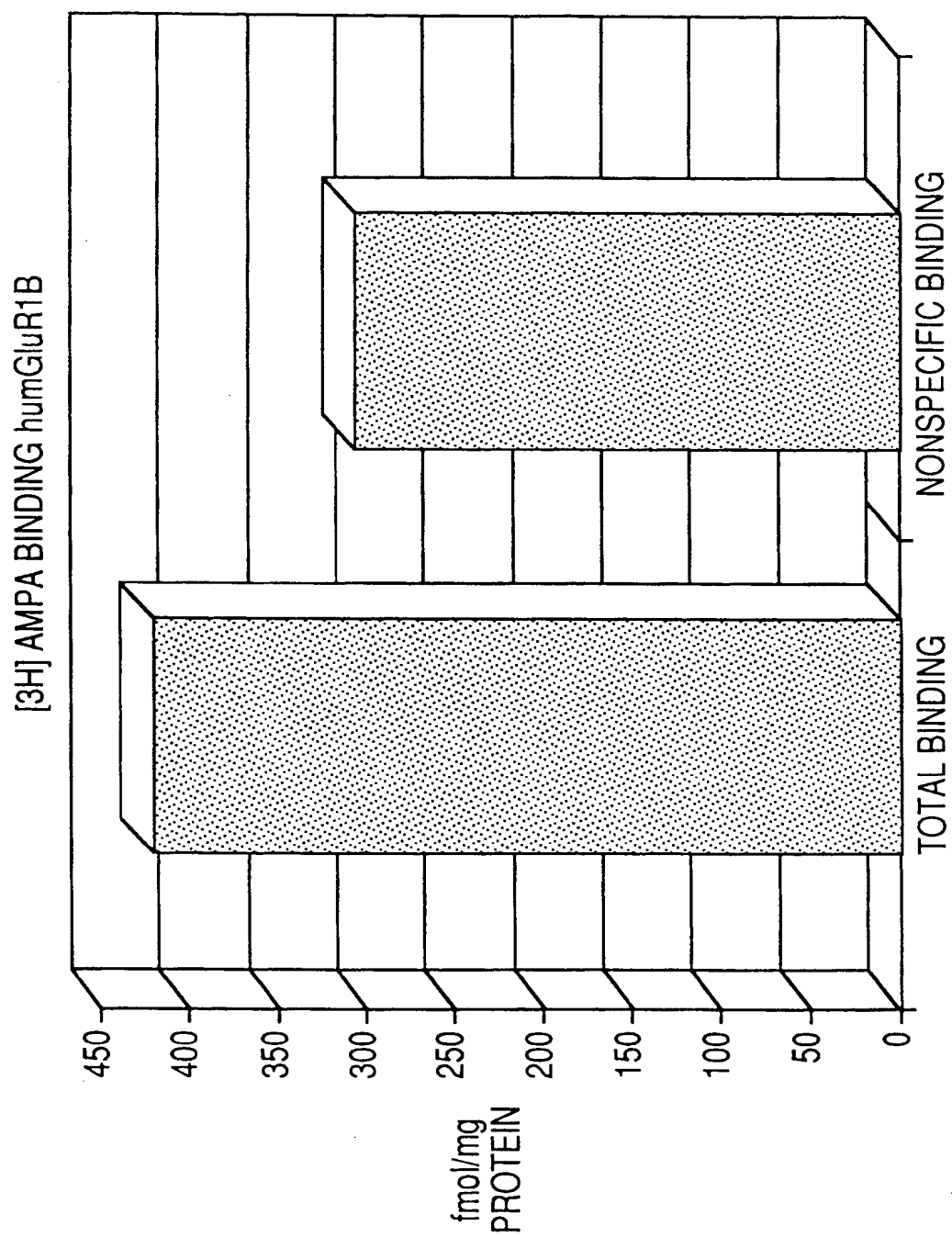


FIG. 13

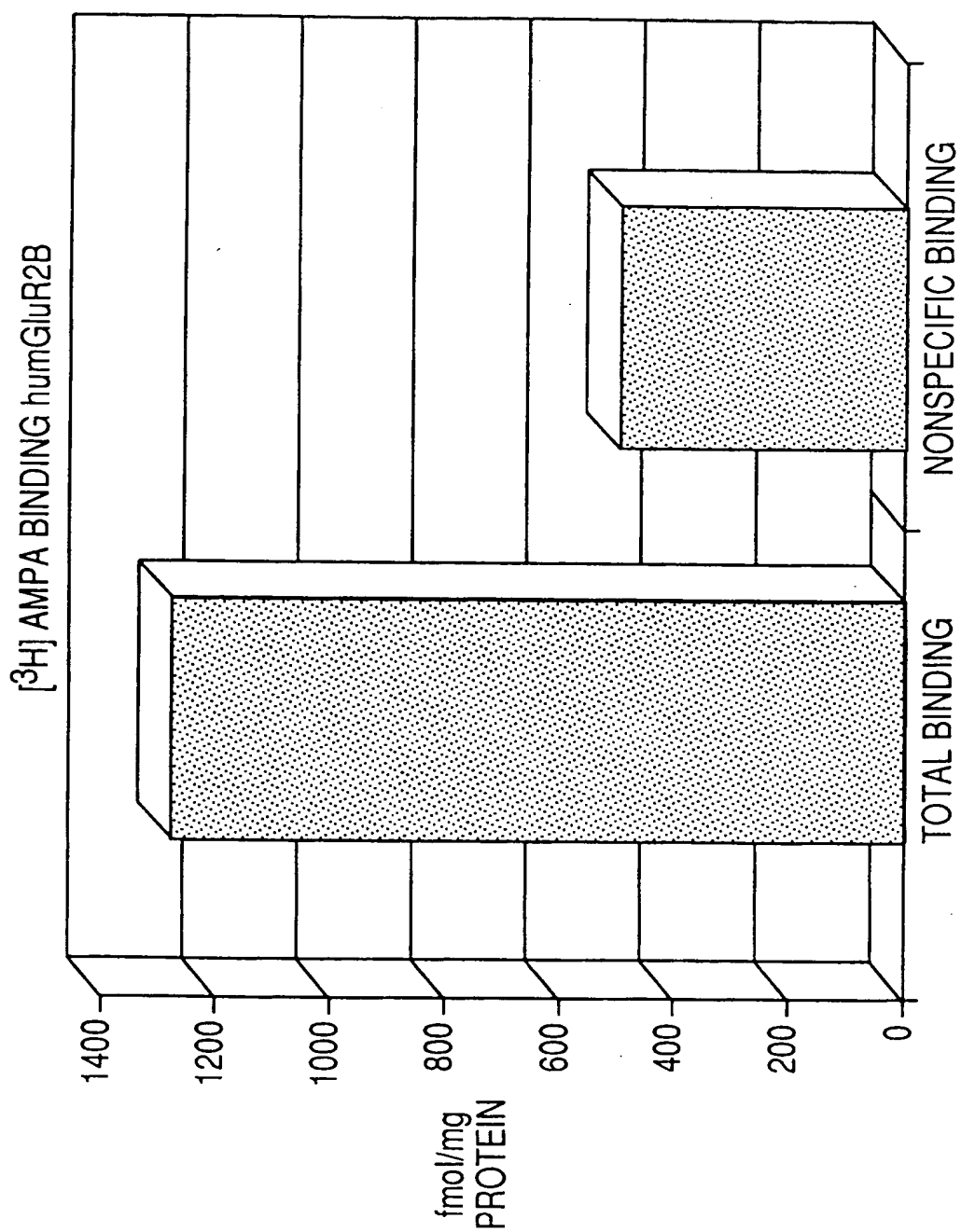


FIG. 14

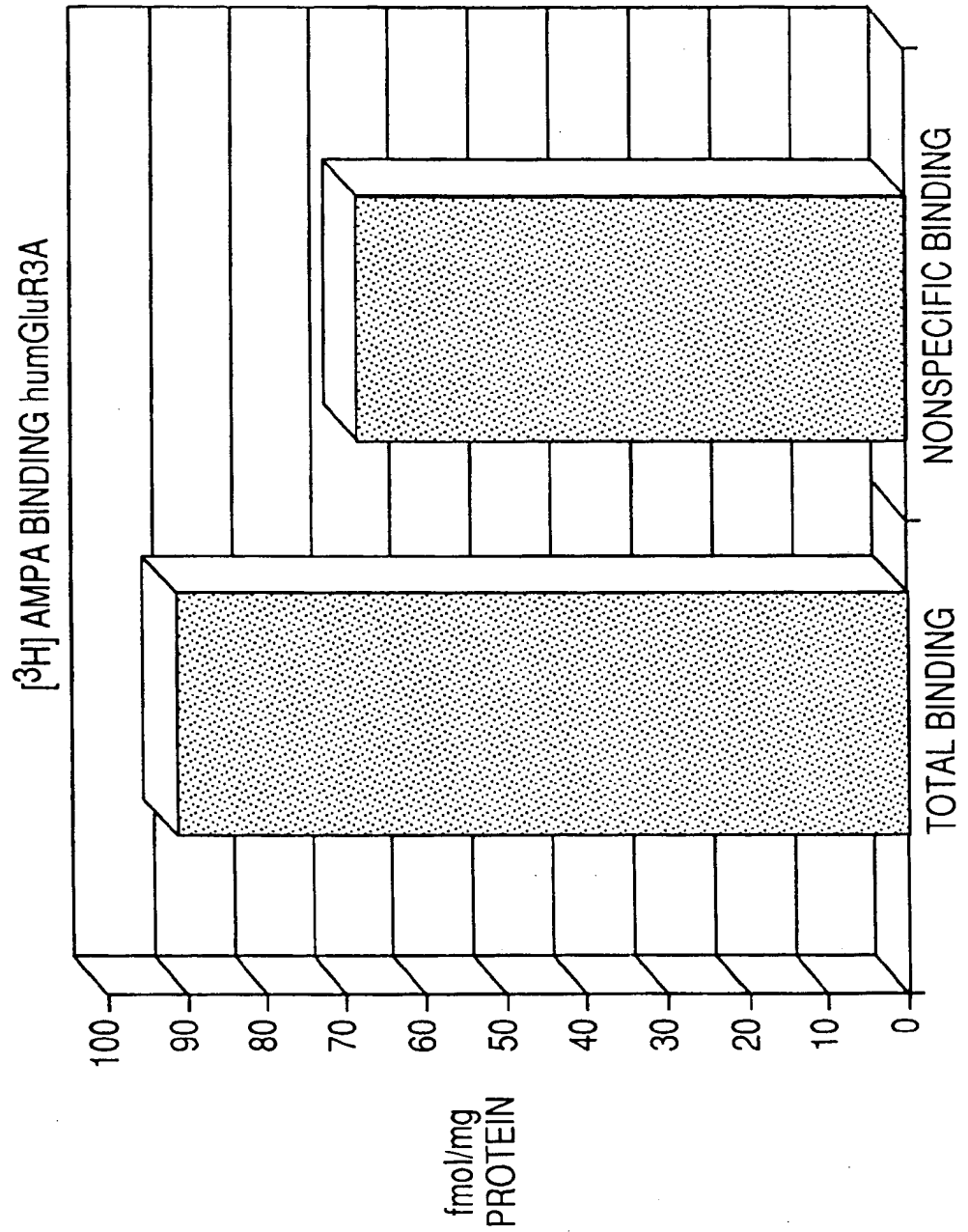


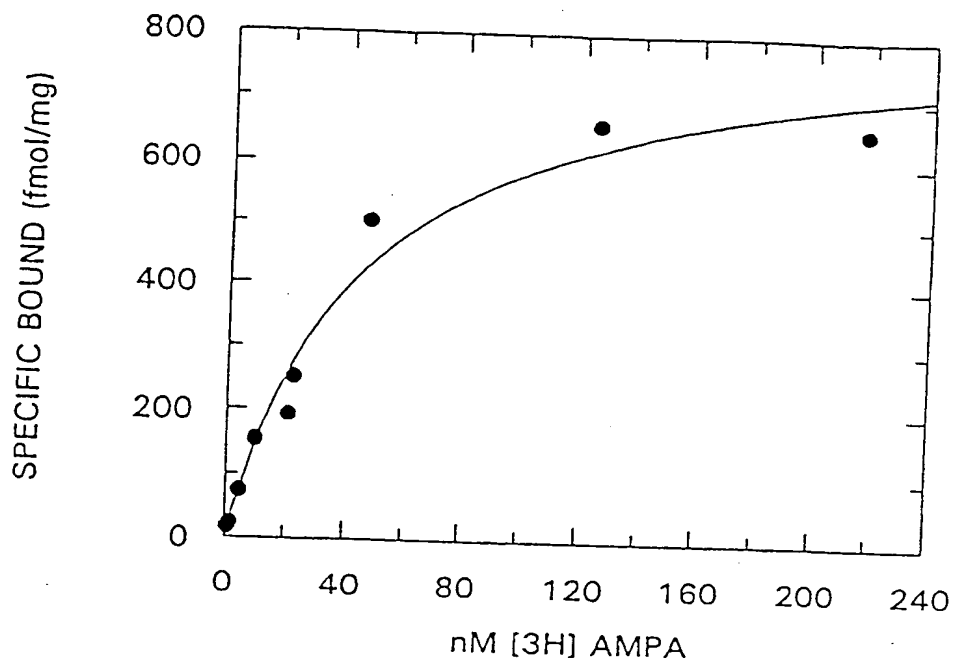
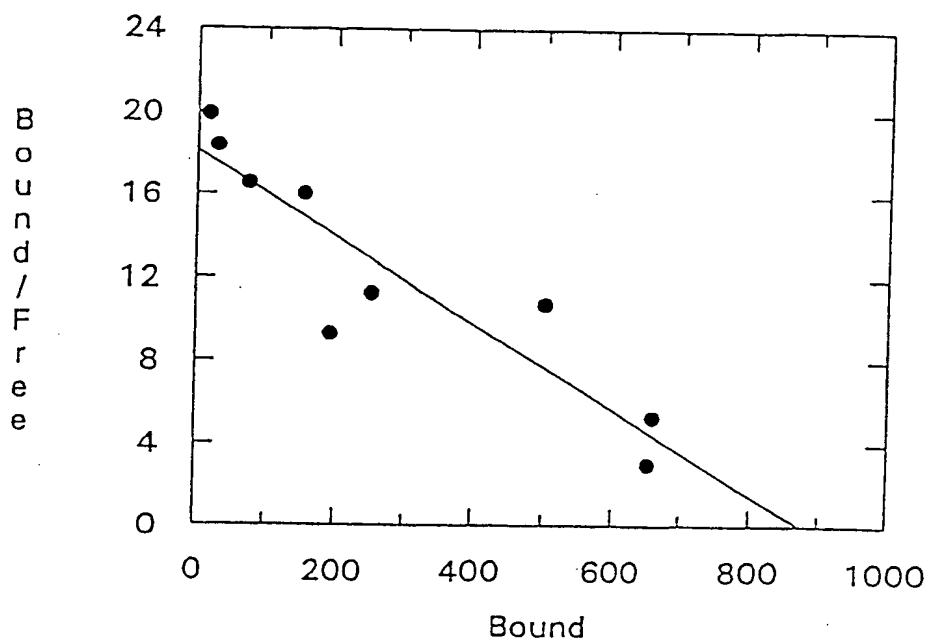
FIG. 15A**FIG. 15B**

FIG. 16A

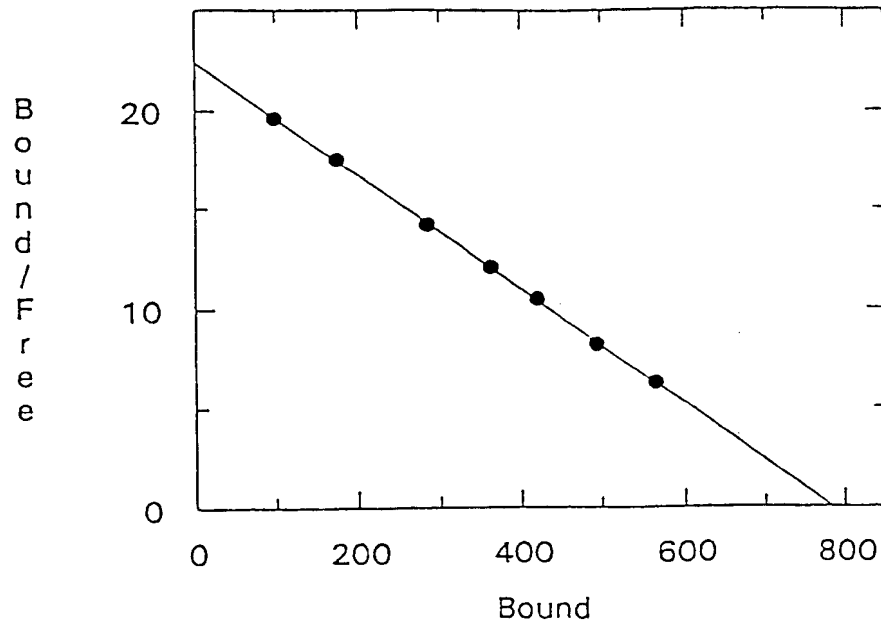


FIG. 16B

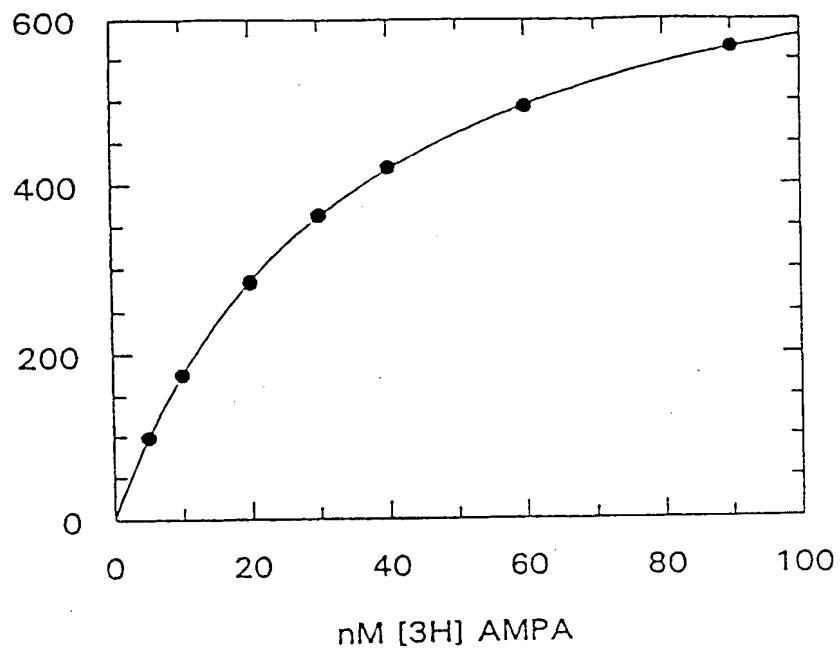
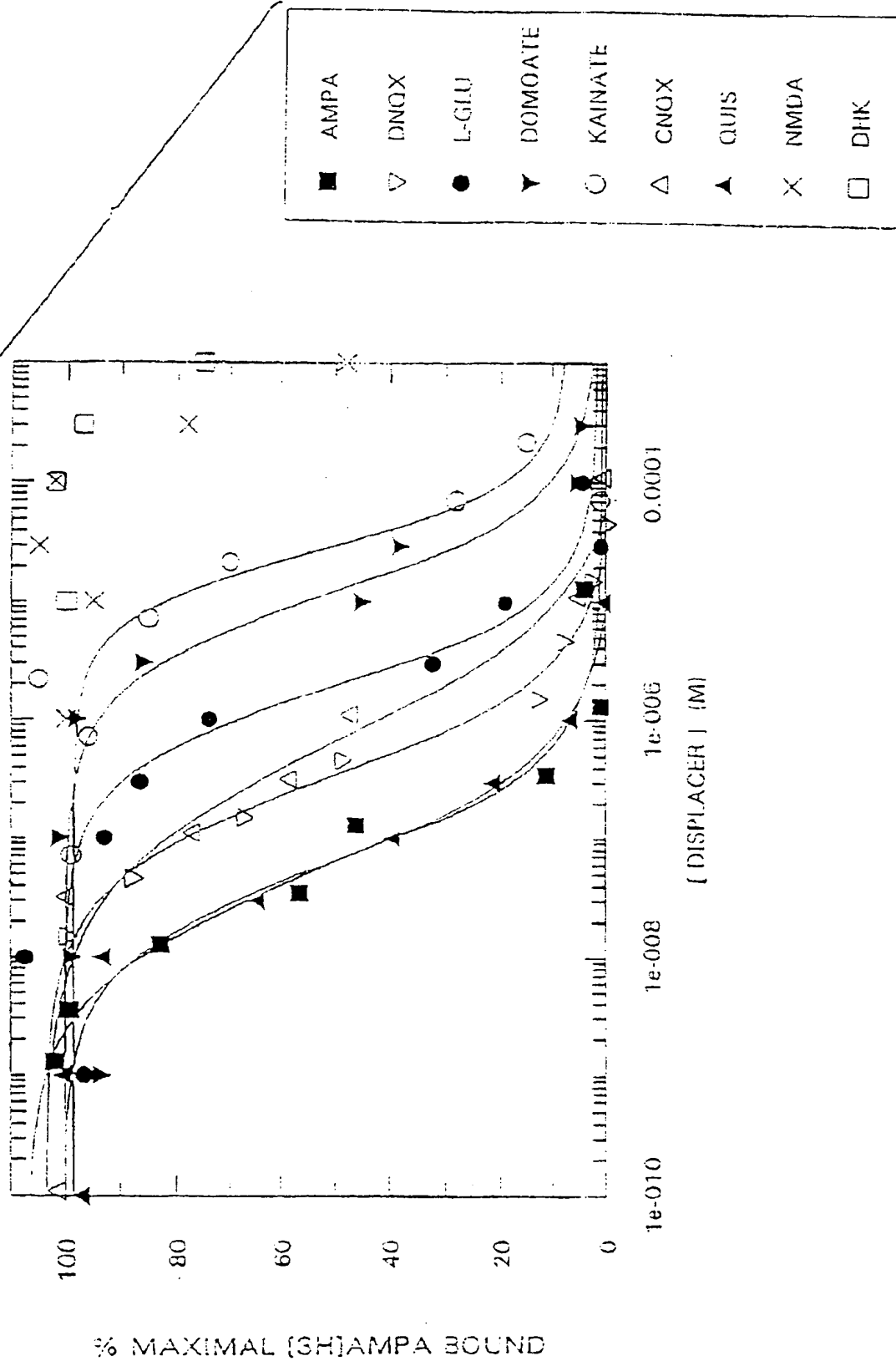


FIG. 17



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Publication number : **0 574 257 A3**

⑫

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

⑳ Application number : **93304500.7**

㉔ Date of filing : **10.06.93**

㉑ Int. Cl.⁵ : **C07K 15/00, C12N 15/12,
C12N 5/08, C12P 21/02,
C12P 21/08, G01N 33/48**

㉓ Priority : **10.06.92 US 896611
10.06.92 US 896612
10.06.92 US 896437**

㉕ Date of publication of application :
15.12.93 Bulletin 93/50

㉖ Designated Contracting States :
**AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC
NL PT SE**

㉘ Date of deferred publication of search report :
15.02.95 Bulletin 95/07

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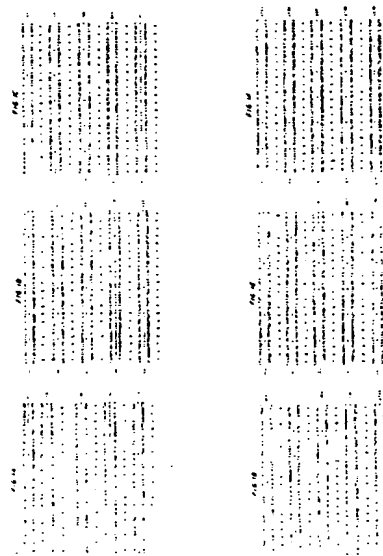
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㉜ **Amino-hydroxy-methyl-isoxazole-propionate binding human glutamate receptors.**

㉝ Described herein are isolated polynucleotides which code for a family of AMPA-type human CNS receptors. The receptors are characterized structurally and the construction and use of cell lines expressing these receptors are disclosed.



EP 0 574 257 A3



European Patent
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EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number
EP 93 30 4500

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| | | | C07K |
| The present search report has been drawn up for all claims | | | |
| Place of search
BERLIN | | Date of completion of the search
23 November 1994 | Examiner
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EPO FORM 1503 (03.92) (P05C01)